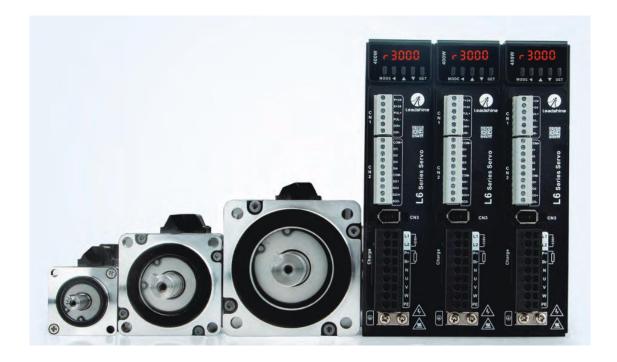


Preliminary Version





Introduction

Thanks for purchasing Leadshine EL6-series AC servo drives; this instruction manual provides knowledge and attention for using this drive.

Contact tech@leadshine.com if you need more technical service.

Incorrect operation may cause unexpected accident, please read this manual carefully before using product.

- ♦ We reserve the right to modify equipment and documentation without prior notice.
- ♦ We won't undertake any responsibility with customer's any modification of product, and the warranty of product will be cancel at the same time.

Safety Items

EL6 Series servo drive should be mounted in cover type control box during operating. The mounting of drive, wiring and motor should be under the regulations of EN 61800-5-1.

Safety items indicate a potential for personal injury or equipment damage if the recommended precautions and safe operating practices are not followed.

The following safety-alert symbols are used on the drive and in the documentation:

Danger	Indicates great possibility of death or serious injury			
Caution	Indicates something that must be done.			
Warning	Indicates something that must not be done.			
4	Indicates dangerous voltage.			
SSS	Indicates do not touches hot heat sink when power on.			
	Protective Earth			

Safety precautions



- The design and manufacture of product doesn't use in mechanic and system which have a threat to operator.
- The safety protection must be provided in design and manufacture when using this product to prevent incorrect operation or abnormal accident.

Acceptance



• The product which is damaged or have fault is forbidden to use.



Transportation



- The storage and transportation must be in normal condition.
- Don't stack too high, prevent falling.
- The product should be packaged properly in transportation,
- Don't hold the product by the cable, motor shaft or encoder while transporting it.
- The product can't undertake external force and shock.

Installation



Servo Drive and Servo Motor:

- Don't install them on inflammable substance or near it to preventing fire hazard.
- Avoid vibration, prohibit direct impact.
- Don't install the product while the product is damaged or incomplete.

Servo Drive:

- Must install in control cabinet with sufficient safeguarding grade.
- Must reserve sufficient gap with the other equipment.
- Must keep good cooling condition.
- Avoid dust, corrosive gas, conducting object, fluid and inflammable ,explosive object from invading.

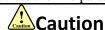
Servo Motor:

- Installation must be steady, prevent drop from vibrating.
- Prevent fluid from invading to damage motor and encoder.
- Prohibit knocking the motor and shaft, avoid damaging encoder.
- The motor shaft can't bear the load beyond the limits.

Wiring



- The workers of participation in wiring or checking must possess sufficient ability do this job.
- The wiring and check must be going with power off after 10 minutes
- Ground the earth terminal of the motor and drive without fail.
- The wiring should be connected after servo drive and servo motor installed correctly
- After correctly connecting cables, insulate the live parts with insulator.



- The wiring must be connected correctly and steadily, otherwise servo motor may run incorrectly, or damage the equipment.
- Servo motor U, V, W terminal should be connected correctly, it is forbidden to connect them directly to AC power.
- We mustn't connect capacitors, inductors or filters between servo motor and servo drive.
- The wire and temperature-resistant object must not be close to radiator of servo drive and motor.
- The freewheel diode which connect in parallel to output signal DC relay mustn't connect reversely.



Debugging and running



- Make sure the servo drive and servo motor installed properly before power on, fixed steadily, power voltage and wiring correctly.
- The first time of debugging should be run without loaded, debugging with load can be done
 after confirming parameter setting correctly, to prevent mechanical damage because of error
 operation.

Using



- Install a emergency stop protection circuit externally, the protection can stop running immediately to prevent accident happened and the power can be cut off immediately.
- The run signal must be cut off before resetting alarm signal, just to prevent restarting suddenly.
- The servo drive must be matched with specified motor.
- Don't power on and off servo system frequently, just to prevent equipment damaged.
- Forbidden to modify servo system.

Fault Processing



- The high voltage also will contain in several minutes even if the servo drive is powered off, please don't touch terminal strip or separate the wiring.
- The workers of participation in wiring or checking must possess sufficient ability do this job.



- The reason of fault must be figured out after alarm occurs, reset alarm signal before restart.
- Keep away from machine, because of restart suddenly if the drive is powered on again after momentary interruption(the design of the machine should be assured to avoid danger when restart occurs)



Table of Contents

Introduction	
EL6 series function guidance	
Chapter 1 Introduction	
1.1 Product Introduction	
1.2 Inspection of product	
Chapter 2 Product Specification	9
2.1 Drive Technical Specification	
2.2 Accessory selection	10
Chapter 3 Installation	11
3.1 Storage and Installation Circumstance	11
3.2 Servo Drive Installation	
3.3 Servo Motor Installation	
Chapter 4 Wiring.	
4.1 Wiring	
4.1.1 Wire Gauge	
4.1.2 Position Control Mode	
4.2 Drive Terminals Function	15
4.2.1 Pulse + Direction Signal Port -CN1 Terminal	16
4.2.2 Digital input/output Port-CN3 Terminal	16
4.2.3 Encoder Input Port-CN3 Terminal	16
4.2.4 RS232/RS485 Communication Port-CN4、CN5 Terminal	16
4.2.5 Encoder output Port-CN6 Terminal	17
4.2.6 Power Port	
4.3 I/O Interface Principle	18
4.3.1 Switch Input Interface	
4.3.2 Switch Output Interface	20
4.3.3 Pulse Input Interface	
4.3.4 Servo Motor Encoder Input Interface	
Chapter 5 Parameter	
5.1 Parameter List	25
5.2 Parameter Function	31
5.2.1 【Class 0】 Basic Setting	
5.2.2 【Class 1】 Gain Adjust	
5.2.3 【Class 2】 Vibration Suppression	
**	
5.2.4 【Class 3】 Velocity/ Torque Control	
5.2.5 Class 4 I/F Monitor Setting	
5.2.6 Class 5 Extended Setup	
5.2.7 【Class 6】 Special Setup	63
5.2.8 【Class B 】 Status Information	65
Chapter 6 Alarm and Processing	70
6.1 Alarm List	70
6.2 Alarm Processing Method	71
6.3 Alarm clear	
Chapter 7 Display and Operation	79
7.1 Introduction	79
7.2 Panel Display and Operation	80
7.2.1 Panel Operation Flow Figure	
7.2.2 Drive Operating Data Monitor	
7.2.3 Auxiliary Function	
7.2.4 Saving parameter	
7.2.5 Abnormal Alarm	
7.3 Trial Run	
7.3.1 Inspection Before trial Run	
7.3.2 Timing chart on power-up	
7.3.3 Timing chart on fault	



7.3.4 Trial Run by operation interface	
Chapter 8 Application Case	88
8.1 Position Control	88
8.1.1 Pulse command and rotation direction	90
8.1.2 Electronic gear function	91
8.1.3 Position command filter	
8.1.4 Motor encoder pulse output	
8.1.5 Position complete output (INP)	
8.2 Multi-turn absolute encoder	
8.2.1 Parameters setting	
8.2.2 Read absolute position	
8.2.3 Alarm	
8.3 Security Features	
8.3.1 Speed limit	
8.3.2 Digital output (BRK-OFF)	
8.3.3 Servo stop mode	100
8.3.4 Emergency stop function.	101
8.4 Inertia ratio identification	
8.4.1 On-line inertia ratio identification	
8.4.2 Off-line inertia ratio identification	
8.4.3 Motion Studio inertia ratio identification	
8.5 Vibration Suppression	
8.6 Third gain switching	
8.7 Friction torque compensation	
8.8 Regenerative resister setting	
Chapter 9 Pr-Mode function	
9.1 Overview	
9.1.1 Main function	
9.1.2 Installation wiring	
9.2 Pr-Mode Parameters	
9.2.1 8th parameters specification	
9.2.2 9th parameters specification	
9.3 Pr-Mode motion control	
9.3.1 Homing	
9.3.2 Position limit and E-stop.	
9.3.3 JOG	
9.3.4 Path Motion	
9.4 Trigger method of Pr-Mode	123
9.4.1 Configuration software operation	123
9.4.2 IO digital signal Trigger	125
9.4.3 RS485 Communication control mode	127
9.4.4 Fixed trigger method	130
9.4.5 Immediately trigger method	
9.5 Operation case	132
9.5.1 Digital input trigger case	132
9.5.2 RS485 communication case	
Chapter 10 Order Guidance	141
10.1 Capacity Selection	141
10.2 Electronic Gear Ratio	
Appendix	
A Modbus Communication	
A.1 Wiring	
A.2 Parameters and interface for communication	
A.3 Modbus Protocol	
A.4 RS485 common problems and solutions	
r	



EL6 series function guidance

NO	Function	Details	Section index
1	Position control	Position control parameter specification, guidance	8.1 Position control
2	Encoder supported	17bit、23bit encoder	
3	Auxiliary Function	JOG, parameter initialization, Soft Reset, inertia ratio identification etc.	7.2.3 Auxiliary Function
4	Vibration Suppression	It can suppress torque oscillation caused by too high rigidity	8.5 Vibration Suppression
5	Inertia ratio identification	The inertia of the load can be accurately identified by a simple trial run	8.4 Inertia ratio identification
6	Electronic gear function	A certain range of electronic gear ratio can be set	8.1.2 Electronic gear function
7	Position command filter	FIR filter and command smoothing filter are used to smooth the position command	8.1.3 Position command filter
8	Third gain switching	An additional third gain is added to allow faster positioning by switching between the first and second gain	8.6 Third gain switching
9	Friction torque compensation	The friction torque and gravity torque are compensated for the load.	8.7 Friction torque compensation
10	Alarm processing method		6.2 Alarm Processing Method
11	IO interface principle	IO input and output functions and each function can be freely configured to any physical IO port	4.3 IO interface principle
12	Trial run	Directly through the servo drive panel or PC can achieve servo motor operation	7.3 Trial run
13	Speed limit		8.9.1 Speed limit
14	Regenerative resister setting	Support internal brake resistance and external brake resistance, match the resistance through parameter setting	8.8 Regenerative resister setting
15	Drive Operating Data Monitor	Drive operating data monitor	7.2.2 Drive Operating Data Monitor
16	Alarm and Processing	A variety of alarm code output to protect the servo drive security	Chapter 6 Alarm and Processing
17	Multi-turn absolute encoder	The drive use the memory position of the motor with multi-turn absolute encoder to realize the function of not losing absolute position after restart power supply	8.2 Multi-turn absolute encoder



Chapter 1 Introduction

1.1 Product Introduction

EL6/ELM Series AC servo products are cost-effective AC digital servo which is designed mainly for position high accurate control, power range up to 1kw, which can provide a perfect solution for different applications, performance with easy tuning process.

1.2 Inspection of product

1. You must check the following thing before using the products:

- a. Check if the product is damaged or not during transportation.
- b. Check if the servo drive & motor are complete or not.
- c. Check the packing list if the accessories are complete or not.

2. Type meaning

a. EL6 series servo drive

EL6-D 1000 Z
1 2 3 4

NO	Details				
1	Series EL6: Servo drive series				
2	Command source	D: Standard version RS: RS485			
3	Power	0100: 100W			
4	Encoder	Z: Serial encoder			



b. Servo motor type

The EL6 series AC servo drive can be matched with a variety of domestic and foreign servo motor.

3. Accessory list

- 1. User manual
- 2. Power connector
- 3. Control signal terminal CN1 (6 pin)
- 4. Digital input/output terminal CN2(10 pin)
- 5. 1 press rod with plastic terminal



Chapter 2 Product Specification



Servo drive must be matched with relevant servo motor; this manual describes Leadshine EL6 series servo motor.

Contact tech@leadshine.com if you need more technical service.

2.1 Drive Technical Specification

Table 2.1 Drive Specification A

Duine medal		C 2.1 D	rive Specification A	EL (\$10007
Drive model	EL6-*0400Z		EL6-*0750Z	EL6-*1000Z
Rated output power	400W		750W	1000w
Rated output current	3		5.2	7
Max output current	13		18.4	26.5
Mechanical Size	175*168*40		175*168*50	175*168*50
Main power			Single phase 220V	
Control power			-15%~+10% 50/60HZ	
Control mode	IGBT SVPWM sinuso			
Feedback mode	Bus encoder: RS485 p			
Input pulse		tial inp	out; 0-200kHZ,24V single-end	led input
Position bandwidth	200HZ			
Electronic gear ratio	$1\sim8388608/1\sim83886$	508		
Velocity bandwidth	500HZ			
Input signal	Servo enable, ove zero clamp, deviation	er-trave counte	r clear, alarm clear	ng modes) ommand pulse inhibition, speed
Output signal	DO: 3 outputs (2 single-ended, 1 differential) Alarm output, servo-ready, at-speed, zero-detection, velocity coincidence			
Encoder signal output	A phase, B phase, Z phase, long-distance drive mode output			
Alarm function	Over-voltage, under-voltage, over-current, over-load, encoder error, position deviation error, brake alarm, limit alarm, over-speed error etc.			
Operation and display	jog, trapezoidal wave test, each parameter and input output signal can be modified and saved, five-bit LED to display rotational speed, current, position deviation, drive type version and address ID value etc.			
Debug software	Can adjust the parameters of current loop, velocity loop, position loop, and change the value of input and output signals and the parameter of motor and save the values to the files which can be downloaded and uploaded, monitor the waveform of velocity and position in the ladder.			
Communication	RS232: Based on Modbus protocol			
interface	RS485: Based on Modbus protocol			
Brake mode	Built-in brake 50Ω/50W			
Adapt load inertia	Less than 20 times motor inertia			
weight	About 1.5-3Kg			
	Environment		d dust, oil fog and corrosive ga	ses
	Ambient Temp	0 to +	-40°C.	
Environment	Humidity		RH to 90%RH, no condensation	on
Environment	Vibration 5.9 m/s ² MAX			
	Storage Temperature -20~80°C			
	Installation	Vertical installation		



Table 2.2 Drive Specification B

Servo drive series	EL6-D***Z	EL6-RS***Z
	Position controlJOG	Position controlVelocity control
Control mode	300	Torque controlJOG
	5V differential,0~500kHz	5V differential,0~500kHz
Encoder output	24Vsingle-ended,0~200kHz 24Vsingle-ended,0~	
	4 inputs	4 inputs
Digital input	(common-cathode	(common-cathode
	common-anode)	common-anode)
Digital output	3 outputs(2 single-ended, 1 differential)	
Communication		Modbus RTU(RJ45)
Maximum frequency	5V differential,0~500kHz	5V differential,0~500kHz
of pulse input	24Vsingle-ended,0~200kHz	24Vsingle-ended,0~200kHz

2.2 Accessory selection

- 1. Motor cable:
 - CABLE-RZ3M0-S (V3.0)
- 2. Encoder cable:
 - CABLE-7BM3M0-Z (V3.0)
- 3. Brake cable (if necessary): CABLE-SC3M0-S (V3.0)
- 4. Software configuration cable:
 - CABLE-L6TS1M5
- 5. Communication cable
 - CABLE-TX3M0-BUS



Chapter 3 Installation

3.1 Storage and Installation Circumstance

Table 3.1 Servo Drive, Servo Motor Storage Circumstance Requirement

Item	EL6 series drive	Servo motor	
Temperature	-20-80°C	-25-70℃	
Humility	Under 90%RH (free from condensation)	Under 80%RH(free from condensation)	
Atmospheric	Indoor(no exposure)no corrosive gas or	Indoor(no exposure)no corrosive gas or	
environment	flammable gas, no oil or dust	flammable gas, no oil or dust	
Altitude	Lower than 1000m	Lower than 2500m	
Vibration	Less than 0.5G (4.9m/s ²) 10-60Hz (non-continuous working)		
Protection	IP20(no protection)	IP54 or IP65	
level	n 20(no protection)	11 54 01 11 05	

Table 3.2 Servo Drive, Servo Motor Installation Circumstance Requirement

Item	EL6 series drive	Servo motor	
Temperature	0-55℃	-25-40℃	
Humility	Under 90%RH(free from condensation)	Under 90%RH(free from condensation)	
Atmospheric	Indoor(no exposure)no corrosive gas or	Indoor(no exposure)no corrosive gas or	
environment	flammable gas, no oil or dust	flammable gas, no oil or dust	
Altitude	Lower than 1000m	Lower than 2500m	
Vibration	Less than 0.5G (4.9m/s ²) 10-60Hz (non-continuous working)		
Protection level	IP20(no protection)	IP54 or IP65	

Contact tech@leadshine.com if you need more technical service.

3.2 Servo Drive Installation

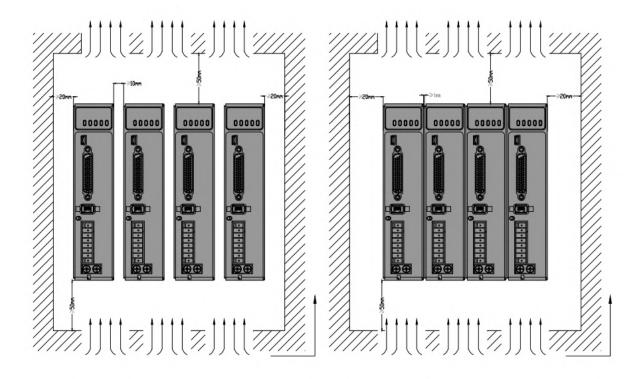
Notice	
Must install in control cabinet with sufficient safeguarding grade.	
• Must install with specified direction and intervals, and ensure good cooling condition.	
• Don't install them on inflammable substance or near it to prevent fire hazard.	

Install in vertical position, and reserve enough space around the servo drive for ventilation.

The user may install the product in the mode of bottom plate installation or panel installation, and the installation direction is perpendicular to the installation face. In order to ensure good heat dissipation conditions, at least 10MM of installation space should be set aside in the actual installation.

When mounting drives compactly, consider installation tolerances and leave at least 1MM between each two drives. Use it below 75% of the actual load rate. Installation diagram as follow:





3.3 Servo Motor Installation



- Don't hold the product by the cable, motor shaft or encoder while transporting it.
- No knocking motor shaft or encoders, prevent motor by vibration or shock.
- The motor shaft can't bear the load beyond the limits.
- Motor shaft does not bear the axial load, radial load, otherwise you may damage the motor.
- Use a flexible with high stiffness designed exclusively for servo application in order to make a radial thrust caused by micro misalignment smaller than the permissible value.
- Install must be steady, prevent drop from vibrating.



Chapter 4 Wiring



- The workers of participation in wiring or checking must possess sufficient ability do this job.
- The wiring and check must be going with power off after five minutes.



- Ground the earth terminal of the motor and drive without fail.
- The wiring should be connected after servo drive and servo motor installed correctly

Contact tech@leadshine.com if you need more technical service.

4.1 Wiring

4.1.1 Wire Gauge

(1)Power supply terminal TB

• Diameter:

Table 4.1 Power wiring specification

Drive	Wire diameter (mm ² /AWG)			
Drive	L1.L2.L3	P+.BR	U.V.W	PE
EL6-*0400Z	1.3/AWG16	2.1/AWG14	1.3/AWG16	2.1/AWG14
EL6-*0750Z	1.3/AWG16	2.1/AWG14	1.3/AWG16	2.1/AWG14
EL6-*1000Z	2.1/AWG14	2.1/AWG14	2.1/AWG14	2.1/AWG14

- Grounding: The grounding wire should be as thick as possible, drive servo motor the PE terminal point ground, ground resistance $<100 \Omega$.
- •Use noise filter to remove external noise from the power lines and reduce an effect of the noise generated by the servo drive.
- Install fuse (NFB) promptly to cut off the external power supply if drive error occurs.

(2) The control signal CN1、CN2, and feedback signal CN3

- **Diameter:** shielded cable (twisting shield cable is better), the diameter of $CN1 \ge 0.14 mm^2$, the diameter of $CN2 \ge 0.25 mm^2$, the shield should be connected to FG terminal.
- Length of line: cable length should be as short as possible and control CN1 cable is no more than 3 meters, the CN3 cable length of the feedback signal is no more than 10 meters.
- Wiring: be away from the wiring of power line, to prevent interference input.
- •Install a surge absorbing element for the relevant inductive element (coil), DC coil should be in parallel connection with freewheeling diode reversely; AC coil should be in parallel connection with RC snubber circuit.

(3) Regenerative resister

When the torque of the motor is opposite to the direction of rotation (common scenarios such as deceleration, vertical axis descent, etc.), energy will feedback from the load to the drive. At this time, the energy feedback is first received by the capacitor in the drive, which makes the voltage of the capacitor rise. When it rises to a certain voltage value, the excess energy needs to be consumed by the regenerative resistance

The recommended regenerative resistance specifications for the EL6 series are as follows:

Table 4.2 Regenerative resistance specification sheet



Drive	Built-in resister value (Ω)	Built-in resister power (W)
EL6-*0400Z	100	50
EL6-*0750Z	50	50
EL6-*1000Z	50	100

Method for determining regenerative resistance specification

- Firstly, use the built-in resistance of the drive to run for a long time to see if it can meet the requirements: ensure that the drive temperature d33<60°C, the braking circuit does not alarm (Regeneration load factor d14<80), and the drive does not report overvoltage error
- If the drive temperature is high, try to reduce the regenerative energy power, or external resistance of the same specification (in this case, cancel the built-in resistance).
- If the brake resistance burns out, try to reduce the regenerative energy power, or put an external resistance of the same specification or even more power (in this case, cancel the built-in resistance).
- If d14 is too large or accumulates too fast, it means that the regenerative energy is too large, and the built-in resistance cannot consume the generated energy, the regenerative energy power will be reduced, or the external resistance with higher resistance value or power will be reduced
- If an overvoltage error is reported by the drive, the regenerative energy power is reduced, or a resistance with a smaller external resistance, or a parallel resistance.



- Match the colors of the motor lead wires to those of the corresponding motor output terminals (U.V.W)
- Never start nor stop the servo motor with this magnetic contactor.
- Cable must be fixed steadily, avoid closing to radiator and motor to prevent reducing the properties of heat insulation



4.1.2 Position Control Mode

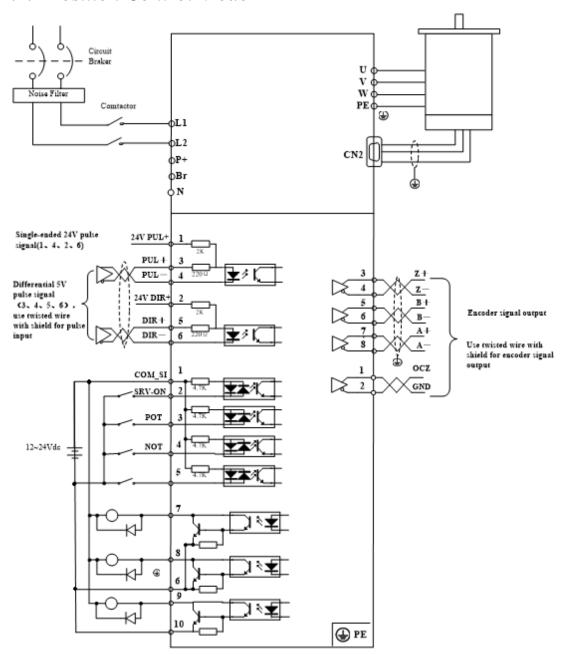


Figure 4-1 Positional Control Mode Wiring

4.2 Drive Terminals Function

Table 4.3 Functions of drive port

	iable in talletions of affect port						
Port	Port Function						
CN1	Pulse + Direction Signal Port						
CN2	Digital input/output Port						
CN3	Encoder Input Port						
CN4	RS232、RS485 Communication Port(Only for EL6-RS***Z version)						
CN5	RS232、RS485 Communication Port(Only for EL6-RS***Z version)						
CN6	Encoder output Port(Only for EL6-RS***Z version)						
X1	Power Port						



4.2.1 Pulse + Direction Signal Port -CN1 Terminal

Table 4.4 Signal Explanation of Control Signal Port-CN1

Port		Pin	Signal	Name	Explanation
	1	1	PUL + _24	24V pulse+	
		2	DIR + _24	24V direction+	
CN1		3	PUL+	5V pulse+	Hardware filtering achieves the
CIVI		4	PUL -	Pulse-	maximum bandwidth of 750kHz
		5	DIR+	5V direction+	
	6	6	DIR -	Direction-	

4.2.2 Digital input/output Port-CN3 Terminal

Port		Pin	Signal	Name	Explanation
	1	1	COM+	Digital input common terminal, 12VDC~24VDC	
		2	SI1	Digital input 1	Two-way digital input with
		3	SI2	Digital input 2	common terminal, function can be
		4	SI3	Digital input 3	configured.12VDC ~ 24VDC
		5	SI4	Digital input 4	
CN2		6	COM -	Digital output common- terminal	Low resistor output in default . OC, the maximum voltage/current is no
		7	SO1	Digital output 1	more than 30V, 50mA. Recommend the voltage: 12 V-24V.
		8	SO2	Digital output 2	Current :10mA
		9	SO3 +	Differential Digital output 3	Differential Digital output , the maximum voltage/current is no more than 30V/50mA.
	10	10	SO3 -	Differential Digital output 3	Recommended voltage: 12 -24V. Current :10mA

4.2.3 Encoder Input Port-CN3 Terminal

Table 4.5 Encoder Input Port-CN3 Terminal Signal Explain

Port		Pin	Signal					
		1	VCC5V					
	2 4 6	2	GND					
CN3		3	BAT+					
CNS		4	BAT-					
		5	SD+					
		6	SD-					
		Shell	PE					

4.2.4 RS232/RS485 Communication Port-CN4, CN5 Terminal

Table 4.6 signal explanation of drive interconnection interface-CN4 CN5

Port		Pin	Signal	Explanation
		1,9	CAN_H / RDO+	CAN / RS485 data+
		2 , 10	CAN_L / RDO-	CAN / RS485 data-
		3 , 11	CAN_GND	CAN GND
CN4	8	4 , 12	/	/
CN5		5 , 13	/	/
		6 , 14	TXD	RS232 transmit
	16	7 , 15	RXD	RS232 receive
		8 , 16	GND	GND
			PE	PE ground

4.2.5 Encoder output Port-CN6 Terminal

Table 4.7 Encoder output Port -CN6

Port		Pin	Signal	Name	Explanation
		1	OCZ	OC output terminal of motor encoder Z phase	
		2	GND	OC output GND terminal of motor encoder	
	7 8	3	Z+	Differential output terminal of motor encoder	Differential output, High >= 2.5vdc, low <= 0.5vdc, maximum current ±20mA
		4	Z -	Z phase	
CN6		5	B+	Differential output terminal of motor encoder B phase	
1	1 2	6	В -		
		7	A +	Differential output terminal of motor encoder	
		8	A -	A phase	

4.2.6 Power Port

Table 4.8 Main Power Input Port-X1

Table to Main town input of A2							
Port	Pin	Signal	Detail				
X1	L1	For single phase 220V	For single phase 220V, +15 ~ -15%, 50/60Hz				
Al	L2	For single phase 220V	101 single phase 220 v , +13 ~ -13% , 30/00H2				
Notes	② Do not accordanage to the damage to the damage to the damage.③ In the case power suppower su	ess the 380VAC po the drive; of serious interfere ply;	sed for power supply; wer supply, otherwise it will cause serious ence, it is recommended to use noise filter for non-fusible circuit breaker to cut off external e drive fails.				
Port	Pin	Signal	Detail				
X1	P +	DC bus + terminal	 Drive DC bus + terminal External regenerative resistor P+ terminal 				

			•				
	E	Br	Externa regenerati resistor termina	ive	External regener	rative resistor terminal	
	1	N	DC bus termina		Drive DC bus - terminal		
	When	using ext	ternal resistor	rs, the	values of resistar	nce and power are sele	ected as
	follows	ows:			.		
Notes]	Drive	F	Resistor (Ω)	Power (W)	
		El	L6-400		≥ 40	100	
Port	P	in	Signal		Detail		
	Ţ	J	U				
X1	7	V	V		3 phase motor p	ower input	
Al	W W		W				
	P	E	PE		Frame ground		
Notes							

4.3 I/O Interface Principles

4.3.1 Switch Input Interface

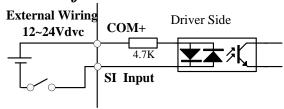


Figure 4-3 Digital Input Interface

- 1. The user provide power supply, DC12-24V, current≥100mA
- 2. **Notice:** if current polar connect reversely, servo drive doesn't run.

	Name	Input selection	SI1		Mode	P	S	T
D 4 00 1	Range	0~00FFFFFFh	Unit	_	Default	303		
Pr4.00*	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0401	Н	
	Repower	0						
	Name	Input selection	SI2		Mode	Р	S	Т
D 4 01 4	Range	0~00FFFFFFh	Unit	_	Default	0		
Pr4. 01 *	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0403H		
	Repower	0						
	Name	Input selection SI3			Mode	P	S	Т
D 4 00 1	Range	0~00FFFFFFh	Unit	_	Default	0		
Pr4.02*	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0405H		
	Repower	0						



	Name	Input selection	SI4	Mode	Р	S	T	
D 4 00 1	Range	0~00FFFFFFh	Unit	_	Default	0		
Pr4. 03 *	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0207	Н	
	Repower	0						

Set SI input function allocation.

This parameter use 16 binary system to set up the values,

For the function number, please refer to the following Figure.

Tot the function number, please feler to the		Setup valu	e
Signal name	Symbol	Normally	Normally
		open	closed
Invalid	-	00h	Do not setup
Positive direction over-travel inhibition	POT	01h	81h
Negative direction over-travel inhibition	NOT	02h	82h
Servo-ON input	SRV-ON	03h	83h
Alarm clear input	A-CLR	04h	Do not setup
Control mode switching input	C-MODE	05h	85h
Gain switching input	GAIN	06h	86h
Deviation counter clear input	CL	07h	Do not setup
Command pulse inhibition input	INH	08h	88h
Torque forbid switching input	TL-SEL	09h	89h
Electronic gear switching input 1	DIV1	0Ch	8Ch
Electronic gear switching input 2	DIV2	0Dh	8Dh
Selection 1 input of internal command	INTSPD1	0Eh	8Eh
speed			
Selection 2 input of internal command	INTSPD2	0Fh	8Fh
speed			
Selection 3 input of internal command	INTSPD3	10h	90h
speed			
Speed zero clamp input	ZEROSPD	11h	91h
Speed command sign input	VC-SIGN	12h	92h
Torque command sign input	TC-SIGN	13h	93h
Forced alarm input	E-STOP	14h	94h
Vibration attenuation control switching	VS-SEL1	OA	8A
input 1			
Vibration attenuation control switching	VS-SEL2	OB	8B
input 2			

Note:

- Normally open contact means when input signal is on and function is triggered.
- Normally closed contact means when input signal is off and function is triggered.
- Don't setup to a value other than that specified in the table.
- Don't assign specific function to 2 or more signals. Duplicated assignment will cause Err21.0 I/F input multiple assignment error 1 or Err21.1 I/F input multiple assignment error 2

Pr-Mode related input setup as below:

Input						
Cional nama	Crossb ol	Setuj	o value			
Signal name	Symbol	Normally open	Normally closed			
Trigger command	CTRG	20h	A0h			
Homing signal	HOME	21h	Alh			
Forced stop	STP	22h	A2h			
Forward direction JOG	JOG+	23h	A3h			
Opposite direction JOG	JOG-	24h	A4h			



Positive limit switch	PL	25h	A5h
Negative limit switch	NL	26h	A6h
Homing signal	ORG	27h	A7h
Road strength address 0	ADD0	28h	A8h
Road strength address 1	ADD1	29h	A9h
Road strength address 2	ADD2	2ah	Aah
Road strength address 3	ADD3	2bh	Abh
Torque switching	TC-SEL	09h	89h

CTRG, HOME is edge triggered, but the valid level must be last more than 1ms.

I/O input digital filtering

	Name	I/F reading fil	Mode	P	S	T		
Pr5.15*	Range	0~255	Unit	0.1ms	Default	fault 0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	051F	051FH	
	Repower	0						
	I/O ' 1'	'. 1 C'1. ' 1 ' 1	, '11		1 1 1			

I/O input digital filtering; higher setup will arise control delay.

4.3.2 Switch Output Interface

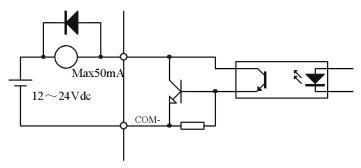


Figure 4-4 Switch Output Interface

- (1) The user provide the external power supply . However, if current polarity connects reversely, servo drive is damaged.
- (2) The output of the form is open-collector, the maximum voltage is 25V, and maximum current is 50mA. Therefore, the load of switch output signal must match the requirements. If you exceed the requirements or output directly connected with the power supply, the servo drive is damaged.
- (3) If the load is inductive loads relays, etc., there must be anti-parallel freewheeling diode across the load. If the freewheeling diode is connected reversely, the servo drive is damaged.
- (4) Pin7 Pin8 and Pin6: Single-ended output;

Pin9, Pin10: Differential output.

	Name	Output selection	Mode	Р	S	Т		
Pr4.10*	Range	0~00FFFFFFh				101		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0415H		
	Repower	0						
	Name	Output selection	on SO2		Mode	P	S	Т
Pr4.11*	Range	0~00FFFFFFh	Unit	_	Default	202		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0417H		



	Repower	0						
	Name	Output selection	SO3	P	S	T		
	Range	0~00FFFFFFh	Unit	_	Default	404		
Pr4. 12 *	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0419H		
	Repower	0						

Assign functions to SO outputs.

This parameter use 16 binary system do setup

For the function number, please refer to the following Figure.

Signal name	Symbol	Setup value
Invalid	-	00h
Alarm output	Alm	01h
Servo-Ready output	S-RDY	02h
Eternal brake release signal	BRK-OFF	03h
Positioning complete output	INP	04h
At-speed output	AT-SPPED	05h
Zero-speed detection output	ZSP	07h
Velocity coincidence output	V-COIN	08h
Positional command ON/OFF output	P-CMD	0Bh
Speed command ON/OFF output	V-CMD	0Fh

Pr-Mode related output setup as below;

Output								
Signal name Symbol Set value								
		Normally open	Normally closed					
Command complete	CMD-OK	20h	A0h					
Road strength address	MC-OK	21h	Alh					
Homing finish	HOME-OK	22h	A2h					
Torque limit	TQL	06h	86h					

Note:

CMD-OK indicates PR command sent complete, but the motor may not in-position. MC-OK indicates command complete and the motor in-position.

4.3.3 Pulse Input Interface

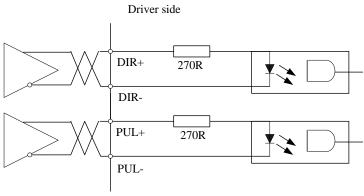
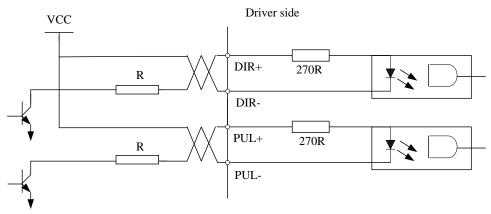


Figure 4-5 5V Differential Pulse Signal (Pin3、Pin4、Pin5、Pin6 of CN1 Terminal)

^{*1} Pay attention to the front panel display is hexadecimal.





Vcc =12V, R = 1K, 0.25W; Vcc =24V, R = 2K, 0.25W

Figure 4-6 24V Single-ended Pulse Signal (Pin1、Pin4、Pin2、Pin6 of CN1 Terminal)

- (1) In order to transmit pulse data correctly, we recommend using the differential drive mode.
- (2) The differential drive mode, AM26LS31, MC3487 or similar RS422 line drive.
- (3) Using of single-ended drive will cause reduction of the operation frequency. The value of the resistance R depends on pulse input circuit and the external voltage, while drive current should be at the range of 10 15mA and the maximum voltage is no more than 25V.

Recommendation:

VCC = 24V, R = 1.3 to $2K\Omega$;

 $VCC = 12V, R = 510 \sim 820\Omega;$

VCC = 5V, $R = 82 \sim 120Ω$.

- (4) The user provides external power supply for single-ended pulse signal. However, the wrong connection of pulse polarity will cause servo drive damaged.
- (5) The form of pulse input is the following form 4.9 below, while the arrows indicate the count.

Table 4.9 Pulse Input Form

Pulse command form	CCW	CW	Parameter setting value
Pulse symbol	PUL DIR		Pulse + direction

The form of pulse input timing parameter is the following form 4.10 below. The 4 times pulse frequency \leq 500kH if 2-phase input form is used.

Table 4.10 the parameters of pulse input time sequence

Parameter	Differential drive input	Single-ended drive input
t_{ck}	>2µs	>5μs
$t_{ m h}$	>1µs	>2.5µs
t_{l}	>1µs	>2.5µs
t_{rh}	<0.2μs	<0.3μs
t_{rl}	<0.2μs	<0.3μs
t_s	>1µs	>2.5µs
t_{qck}	>8µs	>10µs
t_{qh}	>4µs	>5µs
t_{ql}	>4µs	>5µs
t_{qrh}	<0.2µs	<0.3µs
t_{qrl}	<0.2µs	<0.3µs
t_{qs}	>1µs	>2.5μs



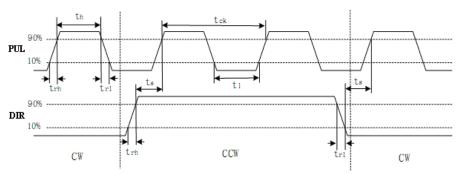


Figure 4-7 pulse + direction input interface timing (the maximum of pulse frequency: 500KHZ)

	Name	Command	Pulse Rota	ational	Mode	P			
Pr0.06		Direction So	Direction Setup						
*	Range 0~1 Unit —				Default	0			
	Data Type 16bit Access R/W A					000	DH		
	Repower	0							
	Set command pulse input rotate direction, command pulse input type								
	Name	Command	Pulse Inpu	ıt Mode	Mode	P			
Pr0. 07		Setup							
*	Range	0~3	5 5 5 5			1			
	Data Type	16bit				000)FH		
	Repower	0							

Pr0.06	Pr0.07	Command Pulse Format	Signal	Positive Direction Command	Negative Direction Command
0	0 or 2	90 phase difference 2-phase pulse(A phase +B phase)	Pulse sign	A相 日本	でしています。 B相比A相滞后90°
	1	Positive direction pulse + negative direction pulse	Pulse sign	13	t2 t2
	3	Pulse + sign	Pulse sign	t4 t5 "H" t6	t4 t5 "L" t6
1	0 or 2	90 phase difference 2 phase pulse(A phase +B phase)	Pulse sign	A相 日相 tl tl 日相比A相滞后90°	ti ti ti B相比A相超前90°
	1	Positive direction pulse + negative direction pulse	Pulse sign	t2 t2	t2 t2
	3	Pulse + sign	Pulse sign	t4 t5 "L" t6 t6	t4 t5 t6

Command pulse input signal allow largest frequency and smallest time width

2111 5 /51 64		Permissible	Smallest Time Width					
PULS/SIGN Signal Input I/F		Max. Input Frequency	t1	t2	t3	t4	t5	t6
Pulse	Long distance interface	500kpps	2	1	1	1	1	1
series interface	Open-collector output	200kpps	5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5



4.3.4 Servo Motor Encoder Input Interface

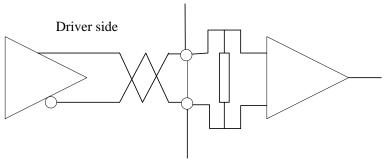


Figure 4-8 Servo Motor optical-electrical Encoder Input Interface



Chapter 5 Parameter

5.1 Parameter List

Notes: The parameters like Pr0.01*, which contain' *' means that the new value of this parameters will valid after power is restarted!

Paramete Number	er				Mo	de		Comm	unication	
Classify	NO	Name	Default value	Repo wer	P	v	Т	Data Type	Access	Add
	00	MFC function	1	—	О			16bit	R/W	0001H
	01	Control mode setup	0	О	О	О	О	16bit	R/W	0003H
	02	Real-time auto-gain tuning	2	_	О	О	О	16bit	R/W	0005H
	03	Selection of machine stiffness at real-time auto-gain tuning	70	_	О	О	О	16bit	R/W	0007H
	04	Inertia ratio	250	_	О	О	О	16bit	R/W	0009H
	06	Command pulse rotational direction setup	0	О	О			16bit	R/W	000DH
	07	Command pulse input mode setup	3	О	О	_	_	16bit	R/W	000FH
	08	Command pulse per one motor revolution	10000	О	О	_	—	32bit	R/W	0010H 0011H
	09	1st numerator of electronic gear	1	О	О	_	—	32bit	R/W	0012H 0013H
	10	Denominator of electronic gear	1	О	О		_	32bit	R/W	0014H 0015H
	11	Output pulse counts per one motor revolution	2500	О	О	О	О	16bit	R/W	0017H
	12	Reverse of pulse output logic	0	О	О	О	О	16bit	R/W	0019H
	13	1st torque limit	300	—	О	О	О	16bit	R/W	001BH
	14	Position deviation excess setup	200	_	О	—	—	16bit	R/W	001DH
	15	Absolute encoder setup	0	—	О	О	О	16bit	R/W	001FH
	16	External regenerative discharge resistor setup	100	_	О	О	О	16bit	R/W	0021H
	17	External regenerative discharge power value	50	_	О	О	О	16bit	R/W	0023H
	25	Auxiliary function	0		0	Ο	О	16bit	R/W	0033H
	40	Mapping parameter 1	/		О	Ο	О	/	R/W	0050H
	41	Mapping parameter 2	/		О	О	О	/	R/W	0052H
	42	Mapping parameter 3	/		О	Ο	Ο	/	R/W	0054H
	43	Mapping parameter 4	/		О	О	О	/	R/W	0056H
b0	44	Mapping parameter 5	/		О	О	О	/	R/W	0058H
O. Ting	45	Mapping parameter 6	/	_	О	О	О	/	R/W	005AH
ass (46	Mapping parameter 7	/		О	О	О	/	R/W	005CH
【Class 0】 Basic setting	47	Mapping parameter 8	/		О	О	О	/	R/W	005EH
_ &	50	Mapping parameter 1	0049	_	0	О	O	32bit	R/W	0x0064



	index	0049H							0x0065
51	Mapping parameter 2 index	0049 0049H		О	О	О	32bit	R/W	0x0066 0x0067
52	Mapping parameter 3 index	0049 0049H	_	О	О	О	32bit	R/W	0x0068 0x0069
53	Mapping parameter 4 index	0049 0049H	_	О	О	О	32bit	R/W	0x006A 0x006B
54	Mapping parameter 5 index	0049 0049H	_	О	О	О	32bit	R/W	0x006C 0x006D
55	Mapping parameter 6 index	0049 0049H	_	О	О	О	32bit	R/W	0x006E 0x006F
56	Mapping parameter 7 index	0049 0049H	_	О	О	О	32bit	R/W	0x0070 0x0071
57	Mapping parameter 8 index	0049 0049H	_	О	О	О	32bit	R/W	0x0072 0x0073

Parame Numb						Mode	e	C	ommunica	ation
Classify	ON	Name	Default value	Repower	P	V	Т	Data Type	Access	Address
	00	1st gain of position loop	320		О		_	16bit	R/W	0101H
	01	1st gain of velocity loop	180	_	О	О	О	16bit	R/W	0103H
	02	1st time constant of velocity loop integration	310	_	О	О	О	16bit	R/W	0105H
	03	1st filter of velocity detection	15	_	О	О	О	16bit	R/W	0107H
	04	1st time constant of torque filter	126	_	О	О	О	16bit	R/W	0109H
	05	2nd gain of position loop	380		О		_	16bit	R/W	010BH
	06	2nd gain of velocity loop	180	_	О	О	О	16bit	R/W	010DH
s 1】 djust	07	2nd time constant of velocity loop integration	10000	_	О	О	О	16bit	R/W	010FH
【Class 1】 Gain Adjust	08	2nd filter of velocity detection	15	_	О	О	О	16bit	R/W	0111H
- 6	09	2nd time constant of torque filter	126	_	О	О	О	16bit	R/W	0113H
	10	Velocity feed forward gain	300	_	О	_	_	16bit	R/W	0115H
	11	Velocity feed forward filter	50	_	О	_	_	16bit	R/W	0117H
	12	Torque feed forward gain	0	_	О	О		16bit	R/W	0119H
	13	Torque feed forward filter	0	_	О	О		16bit	R/W	011BH
	15	Control switching mode	0	_	О	—		16bit	R/W	011FH
	17	Control switching level	50	_	О	_	_	16bit	R/W	0123H
	18	Control switch hysteresis	33	_	О	_		16bit	R/W	0125H
	19	Gain switching time	33	—	О	_	_	16bit	R/W	0127H



35	Positional command filter setup	0	О	О			16bit	R/W	0147H
36	Encoder feedback pulse digital filter setup	0	_	О	О	О	16bit	R/W	0149H
37	Special register	0	_	О	О	О	16bit	R/W	014BH

Parame Numb						Mode	e	C	ommunica	ation
Classify	ON	Name	Default value	Repower	P	V	Т	Data Type	Access	Address
	00	Adaptive filter mode setup	0	_	О	О	_	16bit	R/W	0201H
	01	1st notch frequency	2000	_	О	О	О	16bit	R/W	0203H
	02	1st notch width selection	2		О	О	О	16bit	R/W	0205H
	03	1st notch depth selection	0	_	О	О	О	16bit	R/W	0207H
_	04	2nd notch frequency	2000	_	О	О	Ο	16bit	R/W	0209H
ınctioı	05	2nd notch width selection	2	_	О	О	О	16bit	R/W	020BH
【Class 2】 Restrain Fu	06	2nd notch depth selection	0	_	О	О	О	16bit	R/W	020DH
lasseti	07	3rd notch frequency	2000	_	О	О	О	16bit	R/W	020FH
【Class 2】 Vibration Restrain Function	08	3rd notch width selection	2	_	О	О	О	16bit	R/W	0211H
Vibra	09	3rd notch depth selection	0		О	О	О	16bit	R/W	0213H
	14	1st damping frequency	0		О		_	16bit	R/W	021DH
	16	2nd damping frequency	0	_	О	_	_	16bit	R/W	0221H
	22	Positional command smooth filter	0	О	О	_	_	16bit	R/W	022DH
	23	Positional command FIR filter	0	О	О	_	_	16bit	R/W	022FH

Parame Numbe						Mode		Co	ommunica	ation
Classify	ON	Name	Default value	Repower	P	V	Т	Data Type	Access	Address
	00	Velocity setup internal /external switching	0	_	_	О	_	16bit	R/W	0301H
3】 e Control	01	Speed command rotational direction selection	0	_	_	О		16bit	R/W	0303Н
Class 3	03	Speed command reversal input	0	_	_	О		16bit	R/W	0307Н
_ _ 'pa	04	1st speed setup	0	_		О	_	16bit	R/W	0309H
Speed,	05	2nd speed setup	0	_		О	_	16bit	R/W	030BH
S	06	3rd speed setup	0	_		О	_	16bit	R/W	030DH
	07	4th speed setup	0		—	О	—	16bit	R/W	030FH



80	5th speed setup	0	_	_	О	_	16bit	R/W	0311H
09	6th speed setup	0	_	_	О	_	16bit	R/W	0313H
10	7th speed setup	0	_	—	О	—	16bit	R/W	0315H
11	8th speed setup	0	_	_	О	_	16bit	R/W	0317H
12	time setup acceleration	100			О	_	16bit	R/W	0319H
13	time setup deceleration	100		_	О	_	16bit	R/W	031BH
14	Sigmoid acceleration /deceleration time setup	0	0		0		16bit	R/W	031DH
15	Speed zero-clamp function selection	0		_	О		16bit	R/W	031FH
16	Speed zero-clamp level	30	_	_	О		16bit	R/W	0321H
17	Torque command selection	0	_	_	_	О	16bit	R/W	0323H
18	Torque command direction selection	0	_	_	_	О	16bit	R/W	0325H
19	Torque command input gain	30	_	_	_	О	16bit	R/W	0327H
20	Torque command input reversal	0				О	16bit	R/W	0329H
21	Speed limit value 1	0		_	_	О	16bit	R/W	032BH
22	2nd torque limit	0	_	О	О	О	16bit	R/W	032DH
24	Maximum speed of motor rotation	0	_	О	О	О	16bit	R/W	0331H
28	Synchronous parameter setting of gantry	0	_	О	О	О	16bit	R/W	0339Н

Parame Numb						Mode)	Co	ommunica	ntion
Classify	ON	Name	Default value	Repower	P	V	Т	Data Type	Access	Address
	00	input selection SI1	3	О	О	О	О	16bit	R/W	0401H
	01	input selection SI2	0	О	О	О	O	16bit	R/W	0403H
	02	input selection SI3	0	О	0	0	О	16bit	R/W	0405H
	03	input selection SI4	0	O	0	0	О	16bit	R/W	0407H
	10	output selection SO1	1	O	О	Ο	Ο	16bit	R/W	0415H
	11	output selection SO2	2	O	Ο	Ο	O	16bit	R/W	0417H
ag u	12	output selection SO3	4	O	О	Ο	Ο	16bit	R/W	0419H
s 4】 r Setti	31	Positioning complete range	10	_	О	_	_	16bit	R/W	043FH
【Class 4】 I/F Monitor Setting	32	Positioning complete output setup	0	_	О	_	_	16bit	R/W	0441H
H A	33	INP hold time	0	_	О	_	_	16bit	R/W	0443H
	34	Zero-speed	50	_	О	О	О	16bit	R/W	0445H
	35	Speed coincidence range	50	_		O		16bit	R/W	0447H
	36	At-speed	1000			О	_	16bit	R/W	0449H
	37	Mechanical brake action at stalling setup	0	_	О	0	0	16bit	R/W	044BH



38	Mechanical brake action at running setup	0	_	О	О	О	16bit	R/W	044DH
39	Brake action at running setup	30	_	О	О	О	16bit	R/W	044FH
43	E-stop function active	0		О	О	О	16bit	R/W	0457H

Parame Numb						Mode	è	C	ommunica	ation
Classify	ON	Name	Default value	Reower	P	V	Т	Data Type	Access	Address
	00	2nd numerator of electronic gear	10000	О	О	—	—	32bit	R/W	0500H 0501H
	01	3rd numerator of electronic gear	1	Ο	О	_	_	32bit	R/W	0502H 0503H
	02	4th numerator of electronic gear	1	О	О			32bit	R/W	0504H 0505H
	04	Drive inhibit input setup	0	_	О	О	О	16bit	R/W	0509H
	06	Sequence at servo-off	0	_	О	О	О	16bit	R/W	050DH
	09	Main power off detection time	70		О	О	О	16bit	R/W	0513H
	10	Dynamic braking mode	0	О	О	О	О	16bit	R/W	0515H
	11	Torque setup for emergency stop	0	_	О	О	О	16bit	R/W	0517H
	12	Over-load level setup	0	_	О	О	О	16bit	R/W	0519H
Ω	13	Over-speed level setup	0	_	О	О	О	16bit	R/W	051BH
L	15	I/F reading filter	0	О	О	О	О	16bit	R/W	051FH
【Class 5】 Extended Setup	17	Counter clear up input mode	3		О			16bit	R/W	0523H
[(20	Position setup unit select	2		О	_	_	16bit	R/W	0529Н
	21	Selection of torque limit	0	_	О	О	О	16bit	R/W	052BH
	22	2nd torque limit	300		О	О	О	16bit	R/W	052DH
	23	Torque limit switching setup 1	0		О	О	О	16bit	R/W	052FH
	24	Torque limit switching setup 2	0		О	О	О	16bit	R/W	0531H
	28	LED initial status	1		0	О	О	16bit	R/W	0539H
	29	RS485 mode selection	21		О	О	О	16bit	R/W	053BH
	30	RS485 baud rate setup	2		О	О	О	16bit	R/W	053DH
	31	RS485 slave ID	1		О	О	О	16bit	R/W	053FH
	32	Command pulse input maximum setup	0	_	О	_	_	16bit	R/W	0541H
	35	Front panel lock setup	0	_	О	О	О	16bit	R/W	0547H
	36	Password for opening group 7 parameter	0	_	О	О	О	16bit	R/W	0549H



Parame Numb						Mode	e	Co	ommunica	ation
Classify	ON	Name	Default value	Repower	P	v	Т	Data Type	Access	Address
	01	Encoder zero position compensation	0	О	О	О	О	16bit	R/W	0603H
	03	JOG trial run command torque	0	_	О	—	_	16bit	R/W	0607H
	04	JOG trial run command speed	400	_	О			16bit	R/W	0609H
	05	Position 3rd gain valid time	0	_	0			16bit	R/W	060BH
	06	Position 3rd gain scale factor	100	_	0			16bit	R/W	060DH
	07	Torque command additional value	0	_	О	О	О	16bit	R/W	060FH
dr	08	Positive direction torque compensation value	0	_	О	О	О	16bit	R/W	0611H
【Class 6】 Special Setup	09	Negative direction torque compensation value	0	_	О	О	О	16bit	R/W	0613H
is	10	Function expansion setup	0	О	О	О	О	16bit	R/W	0615H
	11	Current response setup	100	_	О	О	Ο	16bit	R/W	0617H
	14	Emergency stop time at alarm	0	_	О	О	О	16bit	R/W	061DH
	20	distance of trial running	10	_	О		_	16bit	R/W	0629H
	21	waiting time of trial running	100	_	О			16bit	R/W	062BH
	22	cycling times of trial running	5	_	О			16bit	R/W	062DH
	25	Acceleration of trial running	200	_	О			16bit	R/W	0633H
	63	Absolute multi-turn position upper bound	0	О	0	О	О	16bit	R/W	067FH

Parame Numb]	Mode	9	C	ommunic	ation
Classify	ON	Name	Default value	Renower	P	V	Т	Data Type	Access	Address
Ē	00	Software version 1 (DSP)		_	О	О	О	16bit	R	0В00Н
【Class B】 Status Information	01	Software version 2 (CPLD)		_	О	О	О	16bit	R	0B01H
【Class B】	02	Software version 3 (other)		_	О	О	О	16bit	R	0В02Н
tatı	03	Error code		_	О	О	О	16bit	R	0B03H
Š	04	Factor of no-motor running		_	О	О	О	16bit	R	0В04Н



05	Drive operating state	_	0	0	0	16bit	R	0B05H
06	Actual velocity (unfiltered)		О	О	О	16bit	R	0В06Н
07	Actual torque feedback	_	О	О	О	16bit	R	0B07H
08	Actual current feedback		О	О	О	16bit	R	0B08H
09	Actual velocity(After filtering))		О	О	О	16bit	R	0В09Н
10	DC bus voltage		О	О	О	16bit	R	0B0AH
11	Drive temperature		О	О	О	16bit	R	0B0BH
12	Analog input1		0	0	0	16bit	R	0B0CH
13	Analog input2		0	0	0	16bit	R	0B0DH
14	Analog input3		0	О	О	16bit	R	0B0EH
15	Over-load ratio		0	0	0	16bit	R	0B0FH
16	Regeneration load ratio		0	0	0	16bit	R	0B10H
17	Digital input signal status		0	0	0	16bit	R	0B11H
18	Digital output signal status	_	О	О	О	16bit	R	0B12H
20	Motor position feedback (Command unit)	_	О	О	О	32bit	R	0B14H 0B15H
21	Command pulse sum (Command unit)	_	О	1	- 1	32bit	R	0B16H 0B17H
22	Positional deviation (Command unit)		О	О	О	32bit	R	0B18H 0B19H
23	Position command (Encoder unit)	_	О	О	О	32bit	R	0B1AH 0B1BH
24	Motor position (encoder unit)		О	1	1	32bit	R	0B1CH 0B1DH
25	Positional deviation (encoder unit)	_	О	О	О	32bit	R	0B1EH 0B1FH
26	Position feedback in rotation mode(encoder unit)	_	О	-	-	32bit	R	0B20H 0B21H

Notes:

- (1) The "O" in the repower bar indicates that the new value valid after repower, and the "-" indicates that the new value valid immediately;
- (2) The "O" in the mode bar indicates this parameter related to this mode, "—" indicates this parameter dose not related to this mode;
- (3) 32bit data, high data in front, low data after.

5.2 Parameter Function

Here is the explanation of parameters, you can check them or modify the value using software Protuner or the front panel of drive.

Contact tech@leadshine.com if you need more technical service.

5.2.1 [Class 0] Basic Setting

	Name Mode loop gain				Mode	Р	S	Т
Pr0.00	Range	0-2000	Unit	0.1Hz	Default	1		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0001H		



Re	power						
Set up the bar	dwidth of M	FC, it is simi	lar to the resp	onse bandwid	lth		
Setup value	Meaning						
0	0 Disable the function.						
1		Enable the function, set the bandwidth automatically, recommended for most application.					
2-10	Forbidden	and reserved.					
11-20000	Set the ban	dwidth manu	ally , 1.1Hz –	2000Hz			

MFC is used to enhance the performance of dynamic tracing for input command, make positioning faster, cut down the tracking error, run more smooth and steady. It is very useful for multi-axis synchronous movement and interpolation, the performance will be better.

The main way to use this function:

- a. Choose the right control mode : Pr0.01 = 0
- b. Set up Pr0.02=1 for interpolation movement
- c. Set up the inertia of ratio: Pr0.04
- d. Set up the rigidity: Pr0.03
- e. Set up the Pr0.00:
 - 1) If no multi-axis synchronous movement, set Pr0.00 as 1 or more than 10;
 - 2) If multi-axis synchronous movement needed, set Pr0.00 as the same for all the axes.
 - 3) If Pr0.00 is more than 10, start with 100, or 150, 200, 250

Caution:

- 1. Set up the right control mode, the right inertia of ratio and rigidity firstly.
- 2. Don't change the value of Pr0.00 when the motor is running, otherwise vibration occurs Set up a small value from the beginning if using it in manual mode, smaller value means running more smooth and steady, while bigger one means faster positioning

	Name	Control M	lode Setup		Mode	P	S	T			
Pr0.01*	Range	0~10	Unit	— Default 0							
110.01.	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0003	Н				
	Repower	0									
	Set using contr	ol mode:									
	C - 4 1	Content		When you set up the combination mode of							
	Setup value	1st mode	2nd mode	3.4.5, you can select either the 1st or the							
	0	Position	-		control mode	e switch	hing				
	1	Velocity	-	input(C-N	,	1 1	. 1	*11			
	2	Torque	-		MODE is off	, the Is	st moae	WIII			
	3	Position	Velocity	be selecte		tha In	d made	:11			
	4	Position	Torque	When C-MODE is on, the 2nd mode will be selected.							
	5	Velocity	Torque								
	6	Pr-Mode	_								
	7~10	Reserved									

	Name	Real-time /	Real-time Auto-gain Tuning				S	T				
Pr0. 02	Range	0~2	Unit	_	Default	0						
110.02	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0005H						
	Repower	-										
	You can set up the action mode of the real-time auto-gain tuning:											
	Setup value	mode	Varying de	gree of load in	ertia in moti	on						
	0	invalid	Real-time	auto-gain tunir	ng function is	s disabl	ed.					
	1	ctandard		e. do not use u hing. It is usua				-				

2	positioning	Main application is positioning. it is recommended to use this mode on equipment without unbalanced horizontal axis, ball screw driving equipment with low friction, etc. it is usually for point-to point movement.	N
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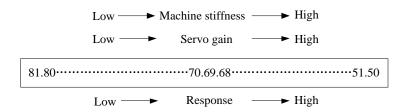
Caution: If pr0.02=1 or 2, you can't modify the values of Pr1.01-Pr1.13, the values of them depend on the real-time auto-gain tuning, all of them are set by the drive itself

For **Standard** mode (Pr0.02=1), it is usually for interpolation movement. It is unavailable to modify the value of Pr1.00-1.14, just need to change the value of Pr0.03, and then all values of Pr1.00-1.14 will be changed accordingly.

For **Positioning** mode (Pr0.02=2), it is usually for point to point movement. It is unavailable to modify the value of Pr1.00- 1.14, just change the value of Pr0.03, then all values of Pr1.00-1.14 will be changed

	Name	Selection of	Selection of machine stiffness				S	Т
D 0 00		at real- time	at real- time auto-gain tuning					
Pr0. 03	Range	ge 50 -81 Unit —				70		
	Data Type 16bit Access R/W				Address	0007H		
	Repower	-						

You can set up response while the real-time auto-gain tuning is valid.



Notice: Lower the setup value, higher the velocity response and servo stiffness will be obtained. However, when decreasing the value, check the resulting operation to avoid oscillation or vibration. Control gain is updated while the motor is stopped. If the motor can't be stopped due to excessively low gain or continuous application of one-way direction command, any change made to Pr0.03 is not used for update. If the changed stiffness setting is made valid after the motor stopped, abnormal sound or oscillation will be generated. To prevent this problem, stop the motor after changing the stiffness setting and check that the changed setting is enabled.

	Name	Inertia ratio	nertia ratio				S	Т
Pr0. 04	Range	0~10000	Unit	%	Default	250		
110.01	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0009	Н	
	Repower	-					•	·

You can set up the ratio of the load inertia against the rotor(of the motor)inertia. Pr0.04=(load inertia/rotate inertia)×100%

Notice:

If the inertia ratio is correctly set, the setup unit of Pr1.01 and Pr1.06 becomes (Hz). When the inertia ratio of Pr0.04 is larger than the actual value, the setup unit of the velocity loop gain becomes larger, and when the inertia ratio of Pr0.04 is smaller than the actual value, the setup unit of the velocity loop gain becomes smaller.

Pr0. 06 Name Command Pulse Rotational	Mode	Р			
---------------------------------------	------	---	--	--	--

*		Direction S	etup								
	Range	0~1	0~1 Unit — De		Default	0					
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	000DH					
	Repower	0									
Set command pulse input rotate direction, command pulse input type											
	Name	Command	Pulse Inpu	ut Mode	Mode	Р					
Pr0. 07		Setup									
*	Range	0~3	Unit	_	Default	1					
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	000FH					

Pr0.06	Pr0.07	Command Pulse Format	Signal	Positive Direction Command	Negative Direction Command
0	0 or 2	90 phase difference 2-phase pulse(A phase +B phase)	Pulse sign	A相 日本	tl t
	1	Positive direction pulse + negative direction pulse	Pulse sign	13 13 12 12 12	t2 t2
	3	Pulse + sign	Pulse sign	t4 t5 "H" t6	t4 t5 t6
1	0 or 2	90 phase difference 2 phase pulse(A phase +B phase)	Pulse sign	A相 日相 tl tl B相比A相滯后90°	ti ti baltka相超前90°
	1	Positive direction pulse + negative direction pulse	Pulse sign	t2 t2	12 12
	3	Pulse + sign	Pulse sign	t4 t5 t6 t6	t4 t5 "H" t6

Command pulse input signal allow largest frequency and smallest time width

PULS/SIGN Signal Input I/F		Permissible	Smallest Time Width						
		Max. Input Frequency	t1	t2	t3	t4	t5	t6	
Pulse	Differential pulse signal	500kpps	2	1	1	1	1	1	
series interface	Single-ended pulse signal	200kpps	5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	

	Name Command pulse counts per one motor revolution						S	Т
D 0 00	Range	0-8388608	Unit	Р	Default	0		
Pr0.08	Data Type	32bit	Access	R/W	Address	0010H 0011H		
	Repower	0						

- Set the command pulse that causes single turn of the motor shaft.

 1) If Pr008≠0, the actual motor rotation turns = pulse number / Pr008

 2) If Pr008 = 0, Pr0.09 1st numerator of electronic gear and Pr0.10 Denominator of electronic gear valid.

Pr0. 09 Name 1st numerator of electronic gear	Mode	P			
110.09		gear			



Range	1~1073741824	Unit	_	Default	1
Data Type	32bit	Access	R/W	Address	0012H
					0013H
Repower	0				

Set the numerator of division/multiplication operation made according to the command pulse input.

	Name	1st denominat	tor of ele	ctronic	Mode	P		
		gear						
Pr0. 10	Range	1~1073741824	Unit	_	Default	1		
	Data Type	32bit	Access	R/W	Address	0014	Н	
						00151	Н	
	Repower	0						

Set the denominator of division/multiplication operation made according to the command pulse input.

Pr0.09	Pr0.10	Command division/n	Command division/multiplication operation							
1-10737 41824	1-10737 41824	Command pulse input	【Pr0.09 set value】	position command						

1. Settings:

- 1)The drive input command pulse number is X
- 2)The pulse number of encoder after frequency division and frequency doubling is Y
- 3)The number of pulses per revolution of the motor encoder is Z
- 4) Number of turns of motor is W
- 2. Calculations:
 - 1)Y=X* Pr0.09 / Pr0.10
- 2)17Bit encoder: Z=2^17 = 131072 23Bit encoder: Z=2^23 = 8388608

	Name	Output puls	se counts	per one	Mode	P	S	Т
D 0 11 1		motor revo	lution					
Pr0.11*	Range	1~2500	Unit	P/r	Default	2500	2500	
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0017H		
	Repower	0					•	

For example, if this parameter is set to 1000, it means that the frequency division output signal of the encoder outputs 4000 pulses per turn.

	Name	reversal of p	reversal of pulse output logic				S	T
Pr0. 12 *	Range	0~1	Unit	_	Default	0		
110.12	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0019H		
	Repower	0						

You can set up the B phase logic and the output source of the pulse output. With this parameter, you can reverse the phase relation between the A-phase pulse and B-phase pulse by reversing the B-phase logic.

< reversal of pulse output logic >

Pr0.12	B-phase Logic	CCW Direction Rotation	CW Direction Rotation
0	Non-Reversal	A phase	A phase
		B phase	B phase
1	Reversal	A phase	A phase
		B phase	B phase

	Name	1st Torque I	1st Torque Limit			Р	S	Т	
Pr0. 13	Range	0~500	Unit	%	Default	300	300		
110.10	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	001B	Н		
	Repower	-							

You can set up the limit value of the motor output torque, as motor rate current %, the value can't exceed the maximum of output current.

	Name	Position De	viation E	xcess	Mode	Р	
Setup							
Pr0. 14	Range	0~500	Unit	0.1rev	Default	200	
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	001DH	
	Repower	-					

Set excess range of positional deviation by the command unit(default). Setting the value too small will cause Err18.0 (position deviation excess detection)

	Name	Absolute Er	ncoder Se	tup	Mode	Р	S	Т
Pr0. 15	Range	0~15	Unit		Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	001F	Н	
	Repower	0						

How to use:

0: Incremental position mode:

The encoder is used as a incremental encoder, and the position retentive at power failure is not supported.

1: Absolute position linear mode:

The encoder is used as an absolute encoder, and the position retentive at power failure is supported..

It is applicable to the scenario where the travel range of device load is fixed and the encoder multi-turn data dose not overflow.

2: Absolute position rotation mode:

The encoder is used as an absolute encoder, and the position retentive at power failure is supported..

It is mainly applicable to the scenario where the load travel range is not limited and the number of motor single-direction revolution is less than $0\sim(Pr6.63+1)$

5: Clean multi-turn alarm, and open multi-turn absolute function.



It will become 1 when normal clearance, if it's still 5 after 3seconds, please deal with according to 153 alarm processing.

9: Clear multi-turn position and reset multi-turn alarm, open multi-turn absolute function. It will become 1 when normal clearance, if it's still 9 after 3 seconds, please deal with according to 153 alarm processing. Please remember to do mechanical homing.

Notes: Set to 9 after homing process finished and servo disabled, valid after repower.

	Name	External reg	jenerativ	e	Mode	Р	S	Т
D 0 10		resistance	resistance					
Pr0. 16	Range	10~50	Unit	Ω	Default	100		
	Data Type	16bit	16bit Access R/W		Address	0021H		
	Repower	-						

Set Pr.0.16 and Pr.0.17 to confirm the threshold value of the discharge loop to give alarm for over current.

	Name	External reg	jenerativ	e resistor	Mode	P	S	Т
D 0 45		power value	power value					
Pr0. 17	Range	0~10000	Unit	W	Default	20		
	Data Type	16bit	16bit Access R/W		Address	0023H		
	Repower	-						

Set Pr.0.16 and Pr.0.17 to confirm the threshold value of the discharge loop to give alarm for over current.

	Name	Auxiliary fu	nction		Mode	Р	S	Т	
Pr0. 25	Range	0~0xFFFF	Unit		Default	0			
110.20	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	003	3H		
	Repower	-							
	Value		Auxiliary function						
	0x1111		Reset current alarm						
	0x1122		Reset history alarm						
	0x2211		Save par	rameter to 1	EEPROM				
	0x2222	Reset to	factory se	etting excep	ot motor parame	eters			
	0x2233		Reset	to factory	setting				
	0X4001		JOG_P (50ms time period)						
	0X4002		JOG_N (50ms time period)						
	0x6666		Soft reset						

5.2.2 【Class 1】 Gain Adjust

	Name	1st gain of p	position	Іоор	Mode	Р	
D 1 00	Range	0~30000	Unit	0.1/s	Default	320	
Pr1. 00	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0101H	
	Repower	-					

You can determine the response of the positional control system.

Higher the gain of position loop you set, faster the positioning time you can obtain.

Note that too high setup may cause oscillation.

Name 1st gain of velocity loop					Mode	Р	S	Т
D 1 01	Range	0~32767	~32767 Unit 0.1Hz			180		
Pr1. 01	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0103H		
	Repower	-						

You can determine the response of the velocity loop.

In order to increase the response of overall servo system by setting high position loop gain, you need higher setup of this velocity loop gain as well. However, too high setup may cause oscillation.

	Name	1st Time Co	nstant o	f Velocity	Mode	P	S	Т
		Loop Integr	ation					
Pr1. 02	Range	0~10000	~10000 Unit 0.1ms				310	
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0105H		
	Repower	-						

You can set up the integration time constant of velocity loop, Smaller the setup value, faster you can dog-in deviation at stall to 0. The integration will be maintained by setting to "9999". The integration effect will be lost by setting to "10000".

	Name	1st Filter of	1st Filter of Velocity Detection 50~81 Unit _ [S	Т
D 1 00	Range	50~81					15	
Pr1. 03	Pr1. 03 Data Type 16bit		Access	R/W	Address	0107H		
	Repower	-						



You can set up the time constant of the low pass filter (LPF) after the speed detection, in 32 steps (0 to 31). Higher the setup, larger the time constant you can obtain so that you can decrease the motor noise, however, response becomes slow.

You can set the filter parameters through the loop gain, referring to the following table:

Setup Value	Speed Detection Filter Cut-off Frequency(Hz)	Setup Value	Speed Detection Filter Cut-off Frequency(Hz)
81	2500	65	750
80	2250	64	700
79	2100	63	650
78	2000	62	600
77	1800	61	550
76	1600	60	500
75	1500	59	450
74	1400	58	400
73	1300	57	350
72	1200	56	300
71	1100	55	250
70	1000	54	200
69	950	53	175
68	900	52	150
67	850	51	125
66	800	50	100

	Name	1st Time Co	nstant o	f torque	Mode	Р	S	Т
		filter						
Pr1.04	Range	0~2500	Unit	Default	126			
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0109H		
	Repower	-						

	Name	2nd gain of	2nd gain of position loop					
D 1 05	Range	0~30000	Unit	0.1/s	Default	Default 380		
Pr1. 05	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	010BF	1	
	Repower	-						

	Name	2nd gain of	2nd gain of velocity loop			Р	S	Т
D 1 00	Range 0~32767 Unit 0.1Hz				Default 180			
Pr1.06	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	010DI	1	
	Repower	-						

	Name	2nd Time C	2nd Time Constant of Velocity			P	S	Т
		Loop Integr						
Pr1.07	Range	0~10000	0~10000 Unit 0.1ms I				10000	
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	010FF	1	
	Repower	-						



	Name	2nd Filter o	f Velocity	/ Detection	Mode	Р	S	T
Pr1. 08	Range	0~31	Unit _ Default 15					
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	01111	1	
	Repower	-						

	Name	2nd Time C	onstant (of torque	Mode	Р	S	Т
		filter						
Pr1.09	Range	0~2500	Unit	0.01ms	Default	126		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0113H	1	
	Repower	-						

Position loop, velocity loop, velocity detection filter, torque command filter have their 2 pairs of gain or time constant (1st and 2nd).

	Name	Velocity fee	Mode	Р				
D 1 10	Range	0~1000	Unit	0.10%	Default	300		
Pr1. 10	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0115F	ł	
	Repower	-						

Multiply the velocity control command calculated according to the internal positional command by the ratio of this parameter and adds the result to the speed command resulting from the positional control process.

	Name	Velocity fee	d forwar	d filter	Mode	P		
Pr1.11	Range	0~6400	Unit	0.01ms	Default	50		
Pr1. 11	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0117F	l	
	Repower	-						

Set the time constant of 1st delay filter which affects the input of speed feed forward. (usage example of velocity feed forward)

The velocity feed forward will become effective as the velocity feed forward gain is gradually increased with the speed feed forward filter set at approx.50 (0.5ms). The positional deviation during operation at a constant speed is reduced as shown in the equation below in proportion to the value of velocity feed forward gain.

Position deviation [unit of command]=command speed [unit of command /s]/position loop gain[1/s] \times (100 -speed feed forward gain[%]/100

	Name	Torque feed	l forward	d gain	Mode	Р	S	
Pr1. 12	Range	0~1000	Unit	0.1%	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0119H	1	
	Repower	-						



- Multiply the torque control command calculated according to the velocity control command by the ratio of this parameter and add the result to the torque command resulting from the velocity control process.
- To use torque feed forward, correctly set ratio of inertia. Set the inertia ratio that can be calculated from the machine specification to Pr0.04 inertia ratio.
- Positional deviation at a constant acceleration/deceleration can be minimized close to 0 by increasing the torque forward gain .this means that positional deviation can be maintained at near 0 over entire operation range while driving in trapezoidal speed pattern under ideal condition where disturbance torque is not active.

	Name	Torque feed	l forward	l filter	Mode	Р	S	
D 4 40	Range	0~6400	Unit	0.01ms	Default	0		
Pr1. 13	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	011BH	+	
	Repower	-						

Set up the time constant of 1st delay filter which affects the input of torque feed forward.

zero positional deviation is impossible in actual situation because of disturbance torque. as with

the velocity feed forward, large torque feed forward filter time constant decreases the operating noise but increases positional deviation at acceleration change point.

	Name		de of po	sition co	ntrol	Mode	P			
Pr1. 15	Range	0~10)	Unit	_	Default	0		<u>.</u>	
	Data Type	16bi	t	Access	R/W	Address	011FF	+		
	Repower	-								
Setup value	Switching condition		Gain switching condition							
0	Fixed to 1st gain			Fixed to the 1st gain (Pr1.00-Pr1.04)						
1	Fixed to 2nd ga				ain (Pr1.0					
2	with gain switch input		● 2nd g	 1st gain when the gain switching input is open. 2nd gain when the gain switching input is connected to com If no input signal is allocated to the gain switching input, the 1st gain is fixed. 						
3	Torque commar large	nd is	comr 1st ga • Retur	nand exce ain. rn to the 1 nand was	eded (leve st gain wh kept belov	n the absolute vall + hysteresis)[% en the absolute vallevel + hysterese 2nd gain.	[]previo	the tor	ith the que	
4-9	reserved		reserved	1						
10	Have position command +actu speed	Shift previReturn at 0 cospeed	Valid for position control. hift to the 2nd gain when the positional command was not 0 reviously with the 1st gain. Leturn to the 1st gain when the positional command was kept t 0 during the delay time and the absolute value of actual peed was kept below (level - hysteresis) (r/min) previously with the 2nd gain.					s kept al		

Pr1. 17	Name	Level of position control switching	Mode	P			
---------	------	-------------------------------------	------	---	--	--	--

Range	0~20000	Unit	Mode specific	Default	50
Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0123H
Repower	-				

Unit of setting varies with switching mode.

switching condition: position: encoder pulse number; speed: r/min; torque: %.

Notice: set the level equal to or higher than the hysteresis.

		Name	Hysteresis a	t positio	n control	Mode	Р		
			switching						
]	Pr1. 18	Range	0~20000	Default	33				
		Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0125F	1	
		Repower	-						

Combining Pr1.17(control switching level)setup

Notice: when level< hysteresis, the hysteresis is internally adjusted so that it is equal to level

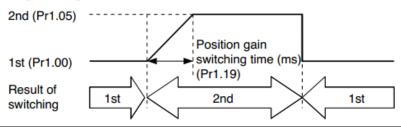
	Name	position gai	in switch	ing time	Mode	Р	
D 1 10	Range	0~10000	Unit	0.1ms	Default	33	
Pr1. 19	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0127H	
	Repower	-					

For position controlling: if the difference between 1st gain and 2nd gain is large, the increasing rate of position loop gain can be limited by this parameter.

<Position gain switching time>

Notice: when using position control, position loop gain rapidly changes, causing torque change and vibration. By adjusting Pr1.19 position gain switching time, increasing rate of the position loop gain can be decreased and variation level can be reduced.

Example: 1st (pr1.00) <-> 2nd (Pr1.05)



	Name positional command filter							
setup								
Pr1.35*	. 35* Range 0~200 Unit 0.05us				Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0147H	l	
	Repower	-						



Do filtering for positional command pulse, eliminate the interference of the narrow pulse, over-large setup will influence the input of high frequency positional command pulse, and make more time-delayed.

	Name	Special regi	ster		Mode	P	S	T
Pr1.37	Range	0~32767	Unit	-	Default	0		
111.01	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	014B	Н	
	Repower	-						

Under binary, these bits in register are used for some function operation.

Bit2=1, shield the speed out of control alarm (1A1)

Bit4=1, shield the over-load alarm 100,101

Bit6=1, shield the excessive vibration alarm 190

Bit7=1, shield the braking resistor over-load alarm 120

Bit9=1, shield the lacking of phase alarm0dl (other bits are forbidden to use, default 0)

For example: Pr137 = 4 can be used to shield alarm code 1A1

Pr137 = 64 can be used to shield alarm code 190

Pr137 =68 can be used to shield both 1A1 and 190.

5.2.3 [Class 2] Vibration Suppression

	Name	Adaptive fil	ter mode	e setup	Mode	Р	S	
D 0 00	Range	0~4	Unit	_	Default	0		
Pr2. 00	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0201H	1	
	Repower	-						

Set up the resonance frequency to be estimated by the adaptive filter and the special the operation after estimation.

	tion arter estimation.	
Setup		Details
value		
0	Adaptive filter: invalid	Parameters related to the 3rd and 4th notch filter hold the current value.
1	Adaptive filter,1 filter is valid, one time	One adaptive filter is valid, parameters related to the 3rd notch filter will be updated based on adaptive performance. After updated, Pr2.00 returns to 0, stop self-adaptation.
2	Adaptive filter, 1 filter is valid, It will be valid all the time	One adaptive filter is valid, parameters related to the 3rd notch filter will be updated all the time based on adaptive performance.
3-4	Not use	Non-professional forbidded to use

	Name	1st notch fro	equency		Mode	Р	S	T
D 0 01	Range	50~2000	000 Unit Hz Default 2000					
Pr2. 01	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	02031	Н	
	Repower	-						

Set the center frequency of the 1st notch filter

Notice: the notch filter function will be invalid by setting up this parameter to "2000".

	Name	1st notch w	1st notch width selection			Р	S	Т
D 0 00	Range	0~20	0~20 Unit _			2		
Pr2. 02	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0205	Н	
	Repower	-						

Set the width of notch at the center frequency of the 1st notch filter.

Notice: Higher the setup, larger the notch width you can obtain. Use with default setup in normal operation.

	Name	1st notch depth selection			Mode	Р	S	Т
D 0 00	Range	0~99	Unit	_	Default	0		
Pr2. 03	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0207H		
	Repower	-						

Set the depth of notch at the center frequency of the 1st notch filter.

Notice: Higher the setup, shallower the notch depth and smaller the phase delay you can obtain.

	Name	2nd notch f	requency	у	Mode	P	S	Т
D 0 04	Range	50~2000	Unit	Hz	Default	2000		
Pr2. 04	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0209H		
	Repower	-						

Set the center frequency of the 2nd notch filter

Notice: the notch filter function will be invalid by setting up this parameter to "2000".

	Name	2nd notch width selection			Mode	Р	S	Т
D 0 05	Range	0~20	Unit	_	Default	2		
Pr2. 05	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	020BH		
	Repower	-						

Set the width of notch at the center frequency of the 2nd notch filter.

Notice: Higher the setup, larger the notch width you can obtain. Use with default setup in normal operation.

	Name	2nd notch depth selection			Mode	Р	S	Т	
D 0 00	Range	0~99	Unit	_	Default	0	0		
Pr2. 06	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	020DH			
	Repower	=							

Set the depth of notch at the center frequency of the 2nd notch filter.

Notice: Higher the setup, shallower the notch depth and smaller the phase delay you can obtain.

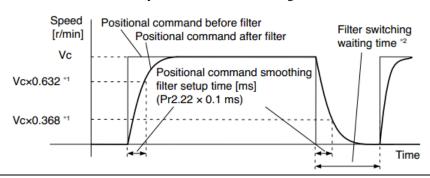
D. 0. 07	Name	3rd notch frequency			Mode	P	S	Т
Pr2. 07	Range	50~2000	Unit	Hz	Default	2000		



					Joer mandar	01 LL0		30170
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	020FH	ĺ	
	Repower	-						
		r frequency of t cch filter function			tting up this pa	rameter	to "200	00".
	Name	3rd notch	width sele	ection	Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~20	Unit	_	Default	2		
Pr2. 08	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0211F	Ī	
	Repower	-						
		the setup, larg	-		e 3rd notch filte can obtain. Use		fault s	etup
	Name	3rd notch	depth sel	ection	Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~99	Unit	_	Default	0		
Pr2. 09	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0213F	l	
	Repower	-						
	can obtain.							T
	Name	1st dampi	ng freque	ncy	Mode	P		
	Range	10~2000	Unit	0.1HZ	Default	0		
Pr2. 14*	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	021DF	1	
	Repower	-						
	0: close Setup dampin	ng frequency, to	o suppress v	vibration at	the load edge.			
	Name	2nd damp	ing frequ	ency	Mode	P		
	Range	10~2000	Unit	0.1HZ	Default	0		•
Pr2. 16*	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0221F	l	
	Repower	-						
	0: close Setup dampin	ng frequency, to	o suppress v	vibration at	the load edge			
	Name	positional	comman	ا	Mode	P		
		smoothing		<u>~</u>				
Pr2. 22	Range	0~32767	Unit	0.1ms	Default	0		1
1 1 2. 11	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	022DH	1	
	Repower	0						

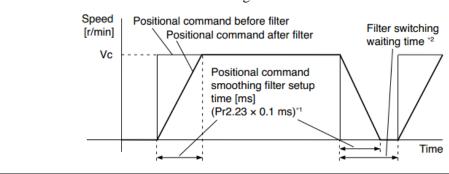


- Set up the time constant of the1st delay filter in response to the positional command.
- When a square wave command for the target speed Vc is applied, set up the time constant of the 1st delay filter as shown in the figure below



	Name	positional c	ommano	d FIR filter	Mode	P
D 0 00	Range	0~10000	Unit	0.1ms	Default	0
Pr2. 23	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	022FH
	Repower	0				

- Set up the time constant of the 1st delay filter in response to the positional command.
- When a square wave command for the target speed Vc is applied, set up the Vc arrival time as shown in the figure below.



5.2.4 【Class 3】 Velocity/ Torque Control

	Name	Speed setup	Mode		S			
switching								
Pr3. 00	Range	0~3	Unit	_	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0301	1	
	Repower	-						



This drive is equipped with internal speed setup function so that you can control the speed with contact inputs only.

Setup value	Speed setup method
1	Internal speed command 1st to 4th speed(PR3.04-PR3.07)
2	Internal speed command 1st to 3rd speed (PR3.04-PR3.06), Analog speed command(SPR)
3	Internal speed command 1st to 8th speed (PR3.04-PR3.11)

<relationship between Pr3.00 Internal/External switching speed setup and the internal command speed selection 1-3 and speed command to be selected>

Setup value	1 st selection of internal command speed (INTSPD1)	2 nd selection of internal command speed (INTSPD2)	3 rd selection of internal command speed (INTSPD3)	selection of Speed command		
	OFF	OFF		1st speed		
1	ON	OFF	NO effect	2nd speed		
1	OFF	ON	NO effect	3rd speed		
	ON	ON		4th speed		
	OFF	OFF		1st speed		
2	ON	OFF	NO official	2nd speed		
2	OFF	ON	NO effect	3rd speed		
	ON	ON		Analog speed command		
	The same a	s [Pr3.00=1]	OFF	1st to 4th speed		
	OFF	OFF	ON	5th speed		
3	ON	OFF	ON	6th speed		
	OFF	ON	ON	7th speed		
	ON	ON	ON	8th speed		

	Name	1st speed of sp	peed set	:up	Mode	S
D 0 04	Range	-10000~10000	Unit	r/min	Default	0
Pr3. 04	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0309H
	Repower	-				
	Name	2nd speed of s	speed se	etup	Mode	S
	Range	-10000~10000	Unit	r/min	Default	0
Pr3. 05	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	030BH
	Repower	-				
	Name	3rd speed of s	peed se	tup	Mode	S
D 0 00	Range	-10000~10000	Unit	r/min	Default	
Pr3. 06	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	030DH
	Repower	-				
	Name	4th speed of s	peed se	tup	Mode	S
D 0 0	Range	-10000~10000	Unit	r/min	Default	
Pr3. 07	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	030FH
	Repower	-				



	Name	5th speed of s	peed se	tup	Mode	S
D 0 00	Range	-10000~10000	Unit	r/min	Default	
Pr3. 08	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0311H
	Repower	-				
	Name	6th speed of s	peed se	tup	Mode	S
Pr3. 09	Range	-10000~10000	Unit	r/min	Default	
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0313H
	Repower	-				
	Name	7th speed of s	peed se	tup	Mode	S
D 0 10	Range	-10000~10000	Unit	r/min	Default	
Pr3. 10	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0315H
	Repower	-				
	Name	8th speed of s	peed se	tup	Mode	S
D 0 11	Range	-10000~10000	Unit	r/min	Default	0
Pr3. 11	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0317H
	Repower	-				
	Set up intern	al command speed	s, 1st to 8	th	•	

	Name	time setup acc	eleratio	n	Mode		S	
Pr3. 12	Range	0~10000	Unit	Ms/ (1000r/min)	Default	100		
PF3. 12	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0319H		
	Repower	-						
	Name	time setup ded	Mode		S			
Pr3. 13	Range	0~10000	Unit	Ms/ (1000r/min)	Default	100		
FF3. 13	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	031BH		
	Repower	-						

Set up acceleration/deceleration processing time in response to the speed command input.

Set the time required for the speed command(stepwise input) to reach 1000r/min to Pr3.12

Acceleration time setup. Also set the time required for the speed command to reach from 1000 r/min to 0 r/min, to Pr3.13 Deceleration time setup.

Assuming that the target value of the speed command is Vc(r/min), the time required for acceleration/deceleration can be computed from the formula shown below.

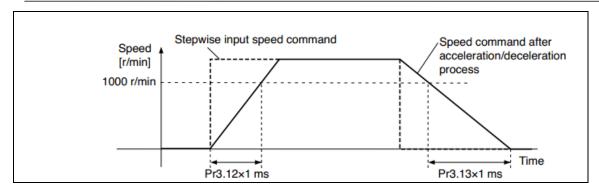
Acceleration time (ms)=Vc/1000 *Pr3.12 *1ms

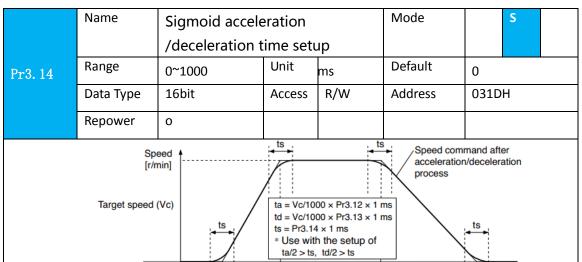
Deceleration time (ms)=Vc/1000 *Pr3.13 *1ms

Time



2





Set S-curve time for acceleration/deceleration process when the speed command is applied. According to Pr3.12 Acceleration time setup and Pr3.13 Deceleration time setup, set up sigmoid time with time width centering the inflection point of acceleration/deceleration.

	Name	Selection o	Selection of torque command				Т
Pr3. 17	Range	0、1、2	Unit		Default	0	
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0323H	
	Repower	-					
		4	I	L		1	
	Setup value	Torque comn	nand input	Velocity	limit input		

Parameter value (P3.21)

Pr3. 18	Name	Torque comma	Mode			Т		
	Range	0~1	Unit		Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0325H	1	
	Repower	-						

Parameter value (P3.22)



Select the direction positive/negative direction of torque command

Setup value

Details

Specify the direction with the sign of torque command
Torque command input[+] → positive direction, [-] → negative direction

Specify the direction with torque command sign(TC-SIGN).

OFF: positive direction ON: negative direction

Pr3. 21	Name	Speed limit value 1			Mode	Т			
	Range	0~10000	Unit	r/min	Default	0			
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	032BH			
	Repower	-							
Set up the speed limit used for torque control.									
	During the tor	que controlling, th	e speed se	t by the spe	ed limit canno	t be exceeded.			

Pr3. 22	Name	Torque comm	Mode			T		
	Range	0~300	Unit	%	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	032DH		
	Repower	-						
	Set up torque limit value in torque mode control.							

	Name	Motor rotate	Motor rotate maximum speed				S	Т
		limit	limit					
Pr3.24*	Range	0~10000	Unit	r/min	Default	3000		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0331H		
	Repower	-						
	Set up motor r	unning max rotate	speed bu	t can't be ex	ceeded motor a	llowe	d max	

Set up motor running max rotate speed, but can't be exceeded motor allowed max rotate speed.

5.2.5 [Class 4] I/F Monitor Setting

	Name	Input selection	SI1		Mode	P	S	T	
Pr4.00*	Range	0~00FFFFFh	Unit	_	Default	3	3		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0401	0401H		
	Repower	0							
	Name	Input selection SI2			Mode	Р	S	T	
D 4 04 1	Range	0~00FFFFFFh	0~00FFFFFFh Unit _			0			
Pr4. 01 *	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0403H			
	Repower	0							
Pr4. 02 *	Name	Input selection	SI3		Mode	Р	S	T	



	Range	0~00FFFFFFh	Unit	_	Default	0
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0405H
	Repower	0				
	Name	Input selection	Input selection SI4			P S T
D 4 00 1	Range	0~00FFFFFFh	Unit	_	Default	0
Pr4. 03*	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0207H
	Repower	0				

Set digital SI input function allocation.

This parameter use 16 binary system to set up the values,

For the function number, please refer to the following Figure.

of the function number, preuse ferei to the		Setup valu	e
Signal name	Symbol	Normally	Normally
		open	closed
Invalid	-	00h	Do not setup
Positive direction over-travel inhibition	POT	01h	81h
Negative direction over-travel inhibition	NOT	02h	82h
Servo-ON input	SRV-ON	03h	83h
Alarm clear input	A-CLR	04h	Do not setup
Control mode switching input	C-MODE	05h	85h
Gain switching input	GAIN	06h	86h
Deviation counter clear input	CL	07h	Do not setup
Command pulse inhibition input	INH	08h	88h
Torque switching	TC-SEL	09h	89h
Selection 1 input of internal command	INTSPD1	0Eh	8Eh
speed			
Selection 2 input of internal command	INTSPD2	0Fh	8Fh
speed			
Selection 3 input of internal command	INTSPD3	10h	90h
speed			
Forced alarm input	E-STOP	14h	94h
Inertia ratio switching	J-SEL	15h	95h

Note:

- Normally open contact means when input signal is on and function is triggered.
- Normally closed contact means when input signal is off and function is triggered.
- Don't setup to a value other than that specified in the table.
- Don't assign specific function to 2 or more signals. Duplicated assignment will cause Err210 I/F input multiple assignment error 1 or Err211 I/F input multiple assignment error 2

Pr-Mode related input setup as below:

Input					
Signal name	Crmbol	Setup value			
Signal name	Symbol	Normally open	Normally closed		
Trigger command	CTRG	20h	A0h		
Homing signal	HOME	21h	Alh		
Forced stop	STP	22h	A2h		
Forward direction JOG	JOG+	23h	A3h		
Opposite direction JOG	JOG-	24h	A4h		
Positive limit switch	PL	25h	A5h		
Negative limit switch	NL	26h	A6h		
Homing switch signal	ORG	27h	A7h		
Road strength address 0	ADD0	28h	A8h		



Road strength address 1	ADD1	29h	A9h
Road strength address 2	ADD2	2ah	Aah
Road strength address 3	ADD3	2bh	Abh

Note:

CTRG, HOME is edge triggered. the active duration must more than 1ms.

	Name	Output selection SO1			Mode	P	S	Т	
D 4 10 1	Range	0~00FFFFFFh	Unit	_	Default	101	101		
Pr4.10*	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0415	0415H		
	Repower	0							
	Name	Output selecti	on SO2		Mode	Р	S	Т	
D 4 11 1	Range	0~00FFFFFFh	Unit	_	Default	202			
Pr4.11*	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0417H			
	Repower	0							
	Name	Output selection	SO3		Mode	P	S	T	
	Range	0~00FFFFFFh	Unit	_	Default	404			
Pr4. 12 *	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0419H			
	Repower	0							

Set digital SO output functions allocation.

This parameter use 16 binary system do setup For the function number, please refer to the following Figure.

	Symbol	Setup value NO	Setup value NC
Invalid	-	00h	80
Alarm output	Alm	01h	81
Servo-Ready output	S-RDY	02h	82
External brake release signal	BRK-OFF	03h	83
Positioning complete output	INP	04h	84
At-speed output	AT-SPPED	05h	85
Torque limitation output	TLC	06h	86
Zero-speed detection output	ZSP	07h	87
Velocity coincidence output	V-COIN	08h	88
Torque forbid switching input	TL-SEL	09h	89h
Electronic gear ratio switching	DIV1	0Ch	8C
Selection 1 input of internal command speed	INTSPD1	0Eh	8Eh
Selection 2 input of internal command speed	INTSPD2	0Fh	8Fh
Selection 3 input of internal command speed	INTSPD3	10h	90h
Speed zero clamp input	ZEROSPD	11h	91h
Speed command sign input	VC-SIGN	12h	92h
Torque command sign input	TC-SIGN	13h	93h
Forced alarm input	E-STOP	14h	94h
Vibration attenuation control switching input 1	VS-SEL1	OA	8A
Vibration attenuation control switching input 2	VS-SEL2	OB	8B



Pr-Mode related output setup as below;

Output					
Signal name	Symbol	Setup value			
		Normally open	Normally closed		
Command complete	CMD-OK	20h	A0h		
Road strength address	MC-OK	21h	Alh		
Homing finish	HOME-OK	22h	A2h		
Torque limit	TQL	06h	86h		

Note

CMD-OK indicates PR command sent complete, but the motor may not in-position. MC-OK indicates command complete and the motor in-position.

*1 Pay attention to the front panel display is hexadecimal.

	Name	Positioning complete range			Mode	P
D 4 01	Range	0~10000	Unit	0.0001rev	Default	10
Pr4. 31	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	043FH
	Repower	-				

Set up the timing of positional deviation at which the positioning complete signal (INP1) is output.

	Name	Positioning complete output			Mode	P		
		setup						
Pr4. 32	Range	0~3	Unit	command unit	Default	0		
Data Typ	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0441F	1	
	Repower	-						

Select the condition to output the positioning complete signal (INP1).

Setup value	Action of positioning complete signal
0	The signal will turn on when the positional deviation is smaller than
	Pr4.31 [positioning complete range].
1	The signal will turn on when there is no position command and
	position deviation is smaller than Pr4.31 [positioning complete range].
2	The signal will turn on when there is no position command, the
	zero-speed detection signal is ON and the positional deviation is
	smaller than Pr4.31 [positioning complete range].
3	The signal will turn on when there is no position command and the
	positional deviation is smaller than Pr4.31 [positioning complete
	range]. Then holds "ON" states until the next position command is
	entered. Subsequently, ON state is maintained until Pr4.33 INP hold
	time has elapsed. After the hold time, INP output will be turned
	ON/OFF according to the coming positional command or condition of
	the positional deviation.

	Name	INP hold time			Mode	P		
D 4 00	Range	0~30000	Unit	1ms	Default	0		
Pr4. 33	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0443	Н	
	Repower	-						



Set up the hold time when Pr 4.32 positioning complete output setup=3

Setup value	State of Positioning complete signal
0	The hold time is maintained definitely, keeping ON state until next positional command is received.
1-30000	ON state is maintained for setup time (ms) but switched to OFF state as the positional command is received during hold time.

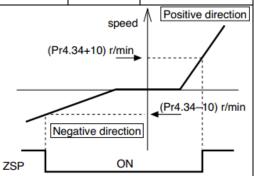
	Name	Zero-speed			Mode	Р	S	Т
D 4 04	Range	10~20000	Unit	r/min	Default	50		
Pr4. 34	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0445	Н	
	Repower	-						

You can set up the timing to feed out the zero-speed detection output signal(ZSP or TCL) in rotate speed (r/min).

The zero-speed detection signal(ZSP) will be fed out when the motor speed falls below the setup of this parameter, Pr4.34

 The setup of pr4.34 is valid for both positive and negative direction regardless of the motor rotating direction.

• There is hysteresis of 10[r/min]



	Name	Speed coincide	ence ran	ge	Mode	S
D 4 05	Range	10~2000	Unit	r/min	Default	50
Pr4. 35	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0447H
	Repower	-				

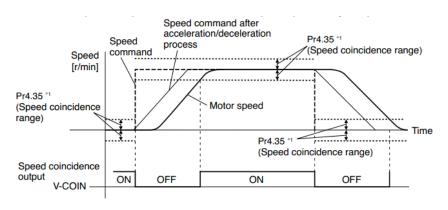


Set the speed coincidence (V-COIN) output detection timing.

Output the speed coincidence (V-COIN) when the difference between the speed command and the motor speed is equal to or smaller than the speed specified by this parameter.

Because the speed coincidence detection is associated with 10 r/min hysteresis, actual detection range is as shown below.

Speed coincidence output OFF -> ON timing (Pr4.35 -10) r/min Speed coincidence output ON -> OFF timing (Pr4.35 +10) r/min

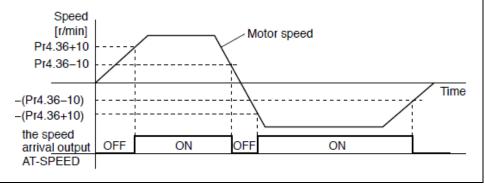


		Name	At-speed(Spee	d arrival)	Mode	S
		Range	10~2000	Unit	r/min	Default	1000
Pr4.	36	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0449H
		Repower	-				

Set the detection timing of the speed arrival output (AT-SPEED).

When the motor speed exceeds this setup value, the speed arrive output (AT-SPEED) is output.

Detection is associated with 10r/min hysteresis.



	Name	Mode	P	S	Т			
		when stopping						
Pr4. 37	4. 37 Range 0~10000 Unit 1ms				Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	044B	Н	
	Repower	-						

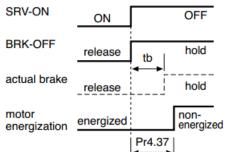
Motor brake delay time setup, mainly used to prevent servo on "galloping "phenomenon.



Set up the time from when the brake release signal(BRK-OFF) turns off to when the motor is de-energized (servo-free), when the motor turns to servo-off while the motor is at stall

• Set up to prevent a micro-travel/drop of the motor (work) due to the action delay time(tb) of the brake.

• Ni After setting up Pr4.37>=tb, then compose the sequence so as the drive turns to servo-off after the brake is actually activated.



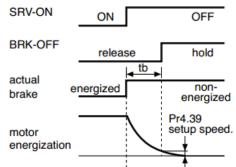
	Name	Mechanical bra	ake actic	Mode	Р	S	Т	
D 4 00	Range	0~10000	Unit	1ms	Default	0		
Pr4. 38	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	044D	Н	
	Repower	-						

Mechanical brake start delay time setup, mainly used to prevent servo off "galloping "phenomenon.

Set up time from when detecting the off of servo-on input signal(SRV-ON)is to when external brake release signal(BRK-OFF)turns off, while the motor turns to servo off during the motor in motion

• Set up to prevent the brake deterioration due to the motor running.

 At servo-OFF during the motor is running, the of the right fig will be a shorter one of either Pr4.38 setup time, or time lapse till the motor speed falls below Pr4.39 setup speed



	Name	Brake release speed setup			Mode	Р	S	Т	
D 4 00	Range	30~3000	Unit	1ms	Default	30			
Pr4. 39	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	044F	044FH		
	Repower	-							
	Set up the speed timing of braking output checking during operation								

5.2.6 [Class 5] Extended Setup

	Name	2nd Comman	•	Mode	Р			
		one motor rev						
Pr5. 00	Range 0-8388608 Unit P					0		
	Data Type	32bit	Access	R/W	Address	0500)H	
						0501	LH	
	Repower	0						



Repower

Set the command pulse that causes single turn of the motor shaft. Select Pr0.08 1st or Pr5.00 2nd by IO signal.

- 1) If $Pr5.00 \neq 0$, the actual turns = pulse number / Pr5.00
- 2) If Pr5.00 = 0, Pr5.01 2nd numerator of electronic gear and Pr5.02 2nd Denominator of electronic Gear become valid.

	Name		2nd numerator of electronic			P
		gear				
Pr5. 01	Range	1~1073741824	Unit	_	Default	1
	Data Type	32bit	Access	R/W	Address	0502H
						0503H
	Repower	0				
	Set the numera	tor of division/mu	ltiplication	operation m	nade according	g to the command
	pulse input					
	Name	2nd denomina	ator of el	ectronic	Mode	P
		gear				
Pr5. 02	Range	1~1073741824	Unit	_	Default	1
	Data Type	32bit	32bit Access R/W			0504H
						0505H

Set the denominator of division/multiplication operation made according to the command pulse input.

Instructions refer to Pr0.09 and Pr0.10 and select by IO signal

	Name	Over-travel inh	ibit input	setup	Mode	P	S	T
D = 04	Range	0/1/2	Unit	1ms	Default	0		
Pr5. 04	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0509	Н	
	Repower	-						

- 0: positive and negative limit effective, no alarm output;
- 1: positive and negative limit effective invalid;
- 2: positive and negative limit effective, alarm output;

	Name	Servo stop mo	de		Mode	Р	S	Т	
D 5 00	Range	0~1	Unit	_	Default	0			
Pr5. 06	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	050DH			
	Repower	-							
	Specify the	status during decele	ration and a	after stop, af	ter servo-off.				
	Setup value	Servo stop mode							
	0	When servo-disable signal active, servo-disable after the speed reduced less than Pr4.39							
	1	When servo-disable signal active, servo-disable right away, motor in free-run mode.							

	Name	LV trip selection	LV trip selection at main power OFF				S	T
Pr5. 08	Range	0~1	Unit	1	Default	1		



Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0511H
Repower	-				

You can select whether or not to activate Err0d.0 (main power under-voltage protection) function while the main shutoff continues for the setup of Pr5.09(The main power-OFF detection time).

Setup value	Action of main power low voltage protection
0	When the main power is shut off during Servo-On,Err0d.0 will not be triggered and the drive turns to Servo-OFF. The drive returns to Servo-On again after the main power resumption.
1	When the main power is shut off during Servo-On, the drive will trip due to Err0d.0

Caution: Err0d.0(main power under-voltage protection) is trigged when setup of Pr5.09 is long and P-N voltage of the main converter falls below the specified value before detecting the main power shutoff, regardless of the Pr5.08 setup.

	Name	The main power-OFF detection			Mode	P	S	T
		time						
Pr5.09*	Range	70 [~] 2000	Unit	1ms	Default	70		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	05131	Н	
	Repower	0						

You can set up the time to detect the shutoff while the main power is kept shut off continuously. The main power off detection is invalid when you set up this to 2000.

	Name Dynamic braking mode				Mode	Р	S	Т
D = 10	Range	0~2	Unit		Default	0		
Pr5. 10	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0515	Н	
	Repower	0						

- 0: Dynamic braking is valid in both normal and abnormal conditions.
- 1: Dynamic braking is valid in normal condition, invalid in abnormal condition. (used to prevent abnormal conditions, high speed and large inertia to burn up the dynamic braking)
- 2: Dynamic braking is invalid in both normal and abnormal conditions.

	Name	Torque setup f	Mode	Р	S	Т		
D E 11.1	Range	0~500	~500 Unit % Default 0					
Pr5.11*	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	051H		
	Repower -							
Set up the torque limit at emergency stop								
	When setup value is 0, the torque limit for normal operation is applied.							

Pr5. 12	Name	Over-load level setup	Mode	Р	S	Т	
---------	------	-----------------------	------	---	---	---	--



Range	0~115	Unit	%	Default	0
Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0519H
Repower	-				

You can set up over-load level. The overload level becomes 115% by setting up this value to 0.

Use this with 0 setup in normal operation, set up other value only when you need to low this over-load level.

The setup value of this parameter is limited by 115% of the motor rating.

	Name Over-speed level setup				Mode	P	S	Т
D = 10	Range	0~10000	Unit	r/min	Default	0		
Pr5. 13	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	051B	Н	
	Repower	-						

If the motor speed exceeds this setup value, Err1A.0 [over-speed protect] occurs. The over-speed level becomes 1.2 times of the motor max, speed by setting up this to 0

Pr5. 15 * Range 0~255 Unit 0.1ms Default 0 Data Type 16bit Access R/W Address 051FH Repower 0		Name	I/F reading fil	I/F reading filter			P	S	T
Data Type Tobit Access Ty W Address OSTITI		Range	0~255	Unit	0.1ms	Default	0		
Repower o	Pr5. 15 *	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	051F	Н	
		Repower	0						

I/O input digital filtering; higher setup will arise control delay.

	Name	Counter clear i	Counter clear input mode			P
D E 17	Range	0~4	Unit	_	Default	3
Pr5. 17	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0523H
	Repower	-				

Set up the clearing conditions of the counter clear input signal

Setup value	Clear condition
0/2/4	invalid
1	Always clear
3	Only clear one time

	Name	Position setup	Position setup unit select			P
D 5 00	Range	0~2	Unit	_	Default	2
Pr5. 20	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0529H
	Repower	-				

Specify the unit to determine the range of positioning complete and excessive positional deviation

Setup value	unit
0	Encoder unit
1	Command unit
2	10000pulse/rotation



	Name	Selection of to	rque limit		Mode	P	S	Т
D E 01	Range	0~5	Unit	_	Default	0		
Pr5. 21	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	052BH		
	Repower	-						
	S	etup value		Limiting value				
		0		PR0.13				
		1		PR5.22	2			
	2	TL-SEL off	;	PR0.13	3			
			PR5.22					
		PR0.	PR0.13 Positive torque limit					
			PR5.2	PR5.22 Negative torque limit				

Pr5. 22	Name	2nd torque limit			Mode	Р	S	T	
	Range	0~500	Unit	%	Default	300			
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	052DH			
	Repower	-							
Set up the 2nd limit value of the motor torque output									
	The value of the parameter is limited to the maximum torque of the applicable motor.								

	Name	Positive torque	Positive torque reached			Р	S	Т
D E 00	Range	0~300	Unit	%	Default	0		
Pr5. 23	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	052FI	+	
	Repower	-						

- Default setting is 0, if the torque feedback is greater than 95% of the rated torque, output TCL signal.
- If the torque feedback is greater than the user setting value, output TCL signal.

	Name	Negative torqu	ue reache	d	Mode	P	S	Т			
D = 04	Range	0~300	Unit	%	Default	0					
Pr5. 24	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0531	0531H				
	Repower	-									
	 Default setting is 0, if the torque feedback is greater than 95% of the rated torque, output TCL signal. If the torque feedback is greater than the user setting value, output TCL signal. 										
	Name	LED initial stat	us		Mode	Р	S	Т			
D E 00.4	Range	0~35	Unit	_	Default	1					
Pr5. 28 *	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0539	Н				
	Repower	-									

You can select the type of data to be displayed on the front panel LED (7-segment) at the initial status after power-on.



Setup value	content	Setup value	content	Setup value	content
0	Positional command deviation	12	I/O signal status	24	Reserved
1	Motor speed	13	Reserved	25	Reserved
2	Positional command speed	14	Regenerative load rate	26	Reserved
3	Velocity control command	15	Overload rate	27	Voltage across PN [V]
4	Actual torque	16	Inertia ratio	28	Drive serial number
5	Feedback pulse sum	17	Factor of no-motor running	29	Reserved
6	Command pulse sum	18	Encoder positional deviation [encoder unit]	30	Electromag netic interference value
8	Max torque during operation	20	Encoder ID	31	Accumulate d operation time
9	Position command frequency	21	Encoder initial angle	32	Reserved
10	Control mode	22		33	drive temperature
11	I/O signal status	23	Number of abnormal communication of encoder	36	Reserved

	Name	Mode setup			Mode	P	S	T
Pr5.29*	Range	0~255	Unit		Default	5		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	053	BBH	
	Repower	_						
Value Data bit Parity-chee				ck Stop bi	t			
		0	8	Even Parity	2			
		1	8	Odd Parity	2			
		2	8	Even Parity	1			
		3	8	Odd Parity	1			
		4	8	None	1			
		5	8	None	2			
	Name	Baud rate se	etup of RS4	l85	Mode	P	S	T
		communicat	tion					
Pr5. 30*	Range	0~6	Unit		Default	2		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	053	BDH	
	Repower	_						



Set up the communication baud rate of RS485.

Setup value	Baud rate	Setup value	Baud rate
0	2400bps	4	38400bps
1	4800bps	5	57600bps
2	9600bps	6	115200bps
3	19200bps		

Pr5.31*	Name	RS485 slave axis ID			Mode	Р	S	Т
	Range	0~127	Unit	_	Default	1		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	053FI	+	
	Repower	-						

During communication with the host (e.g. PC) to control multiple shafts, the shaft being accessed by the host should be identified.

Note: when using RS232/RS485, the maximum valid value is 31.

	Name	Command puls	se input n	naximum	Mode	Р
setup						
Pr5. 32	Range	0~4000	Unit	KHZ	Default	0
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0541H
	Repower	-				

Set the maximum number of pulses to be used as command pulse input, if the number of the input pulse exceeds the setup value ,ERR1B0 command pulse input frequency error protection occurs

	Name	Front panel loc	Mode	Р	S	T		
D 5 05 1	Range	0~1	Unit	_	Default	0		
Pr5. 35 *	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	05471	1	
	Repower	-						

Lock the operation on the front panel.

Setup value	content
0	No limit on the front panel operation
1	Lock the operation on the front panel

	Name	7 th setting para	7 th setting parameters open			Р	S	T	
D = 00		Range	0、102	Unit	_	Default	0		
Pr5. 36	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0549	Н		
	Repower	-							

7th setting parameters open.

Setup value	content
0	
102	Open 7 th setting parameters modification authority.



5.2.7 【Class 6】 Special Setup

	Name	JOG trial run c	JOG trial run command torque					T
D 0 00	Range	0~100	Unit	%	Default	0		
Pr6. 03	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	06071	Н	
	Repower	-						
	You can set u	the command spe	ed used for	JOG trial ru	ın (torque co	ntrol).		

	Name	JOG trial run co	Mode	Р	S	Т				
D 0 04	Range	0~10000	Unit	r/min	Default	300				
Pr6. 04	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0609	Н			
	Repower	-								
You can set up the command speed used for JOG trial run (velocity control).										

	Name	Position 3 rd ga	Position 3 rd gain valid time			P				
D C 05	Range	0~1000	Unit	0.1ms	Default	0				
Pr6. 05	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	060BH				
	Repower	-								
	Set up the time at which 3 rd gain becomes valid.									
	When not using this parameter, set PR6.05=0, PR6.06=100									
	This is valid	This is valid for only position control/full-closed control.								

	Name	Position 3 rd gain multiplication			Mode	P				
D 6 06	Range	0~1000	Unit	100%	Default	0				
Pr6. 06	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	060DH				
	Repower	-								
	Set up the 3 rd	Set up the 3 rd gain by multiplying factor of the 1 st gain								
	3rd gain= 1st	gain * PR6.06/100).							

	Name	Torque comma	and additi	onal	Mode	P	S	T
		value						
Pr6.07	Range	-100~100	Unit	%	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W Address 060FH				
	Repower	-						
	Name	Positive torque	Positive torque compensation				S	_
D 0 00		value						
Pr6. 08	Range	-100~100	Unit	%	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0611	Н	

	Repower	-						
	Name	Negative torqu	Mode	P	S	Т		
	value							
Pr6. 09	Range	-100~100	Unit	%	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0613H		
	Repower	-						

This three parameters may apply feed forward torque superposition directly to torque command.

	Name	2 nd inertia ratio	2 nd inertia ratio			P	S	Т
DC 12	Range	0~10000	Unit	%	Default	0		
Pr6. 13	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	061B	Н	
	Repower	-						

Set up 2nd inertia ratio

Set up the ratio of the load inertia against the rotor of the motor ratio.

PR6.13= (load inertia/rotor inertia) * 100 【%】

	Name	Emergency sto	Emergency stop time at alarm			P	S	Т
D 0 14	Range	0~3000	Unit	ms	Default	200		
Pr6. 14	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	061DH		
	Repower	-						
	Cat up the tip	no allowed to some	lata amara	mari atan in	on alarm aas	dition	01/000	dina

Set up the time allowed to complete emergency stop in an alarm condition, exceeding this time puts this system in alarm state.

	Name	Trial run distance			Mode	P		
D 4 00	Range	0~1200	Unit	0.1rev	Default	10		
Pr6. 20	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	06291	1	
	Repower	-						

The distance of running each time in JOG run(position control)

	Name	Trial run waitin	Trial run waiting time			P
D 4 04	Range	0~30000	Unit	Ms	Default	100
Pr6. 21	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	062BH
	Repower	-				

The waiting time after running each time in JOG run(position control)

D-C 00	Name	Trial run cycle times			Mode	Р	
Pr6. 22	Range	0~32767	Unit	_	Default	5	



Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	062DH
Repower	-				

The cycling times of JOG run(position control)

	Name	Acceleration of	Mode	Р	S			
D C 05	Range	0~32767	Unit	ms	Default	100		
Pr6. 25	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0633	Н	
	Repower	-						

Acceleration time from 0rpm~1000rpm of trial running

	Name	Absolute multi- upper bound	Mode	P	S	T		
Pr6. 63	Range	0~32766	Unit	Rotation	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	067FI	Н	
	Repower	0						

While Pr0.15=2: Absolute position rotation mode:

The encoder is used as an absolute encoder, and the position retentive at power failure is supported..

It is mainly applicable to the scenario where the load travel range is not limited and the number of motor single-direction revolution is less than $0\sim(Pr6.63+1)$

5.2.8 【Class B】 Status Information

Note: This parameters class is only for RS485 communication.

	Name	Software version 1 (DSP)			Mode	P	S	Т
PrB. 00	Range		Unit		Default			
	Data Type	16bit	6bit Access R		Address	0в00Н		
Display Software version 1 (DSP)								

	Name	Software version	Mode	P	S	Т		
PrB. 01	Range		Unit		Default			
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R	Address	0B01	Н	
Display Software version 2 (CPLD)								

	Name	Software version	Mode	P	S	Т		
PrB. 02	Range		Unit		Default			
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R	Address	0B02	Н	
	Display Softw							



	Name	Error code			Mode	P	S	T
PrB. 03	Range		Unit		Default			
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R	Address	0B03	Н	
	Display Error	code						

	Name	Factor of no-m	Mode	Р	S	Т		
PrB. 04	Range		Unit		Default			
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R	Address	0B04H		
Factor of no-motor running								

	Name	Dri	ive operating	g sta	Drive operating state					T
PrB. 05	Range			Un	iit		Default			
	Data Type	ata Type 16bit A		Ac	Access R Address OBG				0B05H	
	Bit		Function		Details	S		•		
	0		RDY	Servo ready						
	1		RUN		Servo 1	un				
	2		ERR		Servo error Homing process finished					
	3		HOME_OK							
	4		INP		Positioning complete					
	5		AT-SPEED	At-speed						
	6~15				Reserv	e				

	Name	Actual velocity	Mode	P	S	T		
PrB. 06	Range		Unit	RPM	Default			
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R	Address	0B06	Н	
	Actual velocit							

	Name	Actual torque f	Mode	P	S	Т			
PrB. 07	Range		Unit	%	Default				
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R	Address	0B07H			
Actual torque feedback (Percentage of the rated torque)									

	Name	Actual current	Mode	Р	S	Т		
PrB. 08	Range		Unit	0.01A	Default			
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R	Address	0B08	Н	
	Actual current	feedback						



	Name	Actual velocity	Actual velocity(After filtering)				S	T
PrB. 09	Range		Unit	RPM	Default			
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R	Address	0B09	Н	
	Actual velocity(After filtering)							

Name DC bus voltage				Mode	P	S	Т	
PrB. 10	Range		Unit	V	Default			
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R	Address	0B0A	Н	
	DC bus voltag	e						

	Name	Drive temperat	Prive temperature			Р	S	Т
PrB. 11	Range		Unit	$^{\circ}$	Default			
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R	Address	0B0B	Н	
	Drive tempera	ature						

	Name	Over-load ratio			Mode	Р	S	T
PrB. 15	Range		Unit	%	Default			
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R	Address	0B0F	Н	
	Over-load ration	0 (%)						

	Name	Regeneration load ratio			Mode	Р	S	Т
PrB. 16	Range		Unit	%	Default			
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R	Address	0B10	Н	
	Regeneration load ratio (%)							

	Name	Digital input sig	Digital input signal status			Р	S	T
PrB. 17	Range		Unit		Default			
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R	Address	0B11	Н	

Digital input signal status:

Bit	SI input
0	SI1
1	SI2
2	SI3
•••	•••
8	SI9

Bit n=1, indicates SI(n+1)is at high level; Bitn=0,indacates SI(n+1)is at low level.



	Name	Digital output	Digital output signal status			P	S	T
PrB. 18	Range		Unit		Default			
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R	Address	0B11		

Digital output signal status:

Bit	SO output
0	S01
1	S02
2	S03

Bit n=1, indicates SO(n+1)is at high level; Bitn=0,indacates SO(n+1)is at low level.

	Name	Motor position feedback			Mode	P		
D D 00	(Command unit)							
PrB. 20	Range		Unit	Р	Default			
	Data Type	32bit	Access	R	Address	0B14	H~0B1!	5H

Motor position feedback (Command unit) .

If the drive receives 8388608 pulse, and the drive's instruction unit is 10000pulse/ r, the encoder unit is 8388608 pulse/r, then the drive motor position feedback pulse number is 10000P

	Name	Command puls	se sum (Co	ommand	Mode	Р		
D D 04		unit)						
PrB. 21	Range		Unit	Р	Default			
	Data Type	32bit	Access	R	Address	0B16H~0B17H		
	Command pul	1	1	l				

	Name	Positional devia	Positional deviation (Command unit)			P		
PrB. 22	Range		Unit	Р	Default			
	Data Type	32bit	Access	R	Address	0B18H ²	~0B19	ЭН

Positional deviation (Command unit), refer to PrB.23 for details.

	Name Position command (Encoder unit)				Mode	Р		
PrB. 23	Range		Unit		Default			
	Data Type	32bit	Access	R	Address	0B1A	H~0B1	ВН

Position command (Encoder unit)

If the drive's instruction unit is 10000pulse/r, the encoder unit is 8388608 pulse/r, then the drive receive 10000pulse, the position command pulse number is 8388608 pulse

PrB. 24 Name Motor position (encoder unit)	Mode	P			
--------------------------------------------	------	---	--	--	--



	Range		Unit		Default	
	Data Type	32bit	Access	R	Address	0B1CH~0B1DH
	Motor position	on (encoder unit)				

	Name Positional deviation(encoder unit)				Mode	Р		
PrB. 25	Range		Unit Default					
	Data Type	32bit	Access	R	Address	OB1E	H~0B1	FH
	Positional deviation(encoder unit)							

	Name	Position feedback in rotation			Mode	Р			
D D 00		mode(encoder	unit)						
PrB. 26	Range		Unit		Default				
	Data Type	32bit Access R Address					0B20H~0B21FH		
	Position feedback in rotation mode(encoder unit), refer to PrB.23 for details.								



Chapter 6 Alarm and Processing

6.1 Alarm List

Protection function is activated when an error occurs, the drive will stop the rotation of servo motor, and the front panel will automatically display the corresponding fault error code. The history of the error can be viewed on data monitoring mode. error logging submenu displays like:"d12Er".

Table 6.1 Error Code List

Error	code	~	Attribute		
Main	Sub	Content	History	Immediate stop	Can be cleared
09	0~F	FPGA communication error	•		
	0~1	Current detection circuit error	•		
	2, 4	Analog input circuit error	•		
0A	3	Power line (U, V, W) not connected	•		
	5	DC bus circuit error	•		
	6	Temperature detection circuit error	•		
0b	0	Control power under-voltage	•		
0c	0	DC bus over-voltage	•		•
0d	0	DC bus under-voltage	•		•
ou	2	Power line (U, V, W) not connected			•
0E	0	Over-current	•		
OL	1	over-current of intelligent power module (IPM)	•		
0F	0	Drive over-heat	•	•	
	0	Motor over-load	•		•
10	1	Drive over-load	•		•
	2	Motor stalling detection	•	•	•
12	0	Resistor discharged circuit overload	•	•	
12	1	Brake error	•		
	0	Encoder wiring error	•		
1.5	1	Encoder data error	•		
15	2	Encoder initial position error	•		
	3	Encoder battery low-voltage error	•		•
17	0	Encoder data error	•	•	
17	1	Motor parameter error			
10	0	Too large position pulse deviation	•	•	•
18	1	Too large velocity deviation	•	•	•
19	0	Vibration is too large	•	•	•
1.4	0	Over-speed 1	•	•	•
1A	1	Speed out of control	•		•
11	0	Incorrect input pulse format or over frequency	•	•	•
1b	1	The electronic gear ratio is not set correctly	•	•	•
	0	I/F input interface allocation error	•		•
21	1	I/F input interface function set error	•		•
	2	I/F output interface function set error	•		•
24	0	CRC verification error when EEPROM	•		





		parameter saved				
26	0	Positive/negative over-range input valid	•	•	•	
57	0	Compulsory alarm input valid	•	•		

Save: save this error history record

Emergency: error, drive will stop immediately

Alarm clear: may through SI input/panel/configuration software remove alarm

6.2 Alarm Processing Method

When appear error, please clear error reason, renew power on

Error	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 090" "Er 09F" Content: FPGA communication error			
code	09	0~F				
Cause	Cause Confirmation		Confirmation	Solution		
L1,L2 te	L1,L2 terminal Ch		Check L1,L2 terminal	Make sure voltage of L1,L2 terminal in proper		
under-vo	under-voltage voltage		voltage	range		
Drive internal fault /		/	replace the drive with a new one			

Error	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 0A0" "Er 0A1" Content: current detection circuit error			
code	0A	0~1				
Cause			Confirmation	Solution		
Wiring e	rror of mo	tor output	Check wiring of motor output	Make sure motor U,V,W terminal wiring		
U,V,W te	erminal		U,V,W terminal	correctly		
Main vol	tage L1,L	2,L3	Check main voltage L1,L2,L3	Make sure voltage of L1,L2,L3 terminal		
terminal voltage whether			terminal voltage in proper range			
over-low						
Drive internal fault			/	replace the drive with a new one		

Error	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 0A2" 、 "Er 0A4	"	
code	0A	2, 4	Content: analog input circuit error		
Cause			Confirmation	Solution	
Analog input Wiring error		ig error	Check wiring of analog input	Make sure analog input wiring correctly	
Drive internal fault			/	replace the drive with a new one	

Error	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 0A3"			
code	0A	3	Content: Power line (U, V, W) not connected			
Cause			Confirmation Solution			
Power lin	Power line (U, V, W)		Check wiring of U, V, W Make sure U, V, W wiring corre			
not connected or broken		oken				
Motor internal fault		t	/	replace the motor with a new one		

Error	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 0A5"		
code	0A	5	Content: DC bus circuit error		
Cause			Confirmation	Solution	
Main voltage L1,L2,L3		2,L3	Check L1,L2,L3 terminal Make sure voltage of L1,L2,L3 termin		
terminal under-voltage		tage	voltage in proper range		
Drive internal fault			/	replace the drive with a new one	



Error	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 0A6"			
code	0A	6	Content: temperature detection circuit error			
Cause			Confirmation	n Solution		
L1,L2,L3 terminal		ıl	Check L1,L2,L3 terminal	Make sure voltage of L1,L2,L3 terminal in		
under-voltage vol		voltage	proper range			
Drive internal fault		ılt	/	replace the drive with a new one		

Error	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 0b0"			
code	0b	0	Content: control power under-voltage			
Cause			Confirmation	Solution		
L1,L2,L3 terminal Check L1,L2,L3 ter		Check L1,L2,L3 terminal	Make sure voltage of L1,L2,L3 terminal in			
under-voltage v			voltage	proper range		
Drive internal fault /		ılt	/	replace the drive with a new one		

Error	Main	in Extra Dis		splay: "Er 0c0"		
code	0c	0	Con	Content: DC bus over-voltage		
Cause			Confirmation	Solution		
Main power L1,L2,L3 terminal over-voltage			Check L1,L2,L3 terminal voltage	decrease L1,L2,L3 terminal Voltage		
Inner brake circuit damaged			ed	/	replace the drive with a new one	
Drive inner fault				/	replace the drive with a new one	

Error Main Extra		Extra	Display: "Er 0d0"		
code	0d	0	Content: DC bus under-voltage		
Cause			Confirmation	Solution	
Main power L1,L2,L3 terminal under-voltage			Check L1,L2,L3 terminal voltage	increase L1,L2 terminal Voltage	
Drive inner fault			/	replace the drive with a new one	

Error	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 0E0"		
code	0E	0	Content: over-current		
Cause	Cause		Confirmation	Solution	
Short of	drive outp	ut wire	Short of drive output wire, whether short circuit to PG ground or not	Assure drive output wire no short circuit, assure motor no damage	
Abnorma	Abnormal wiring of motor		Check motor wiring order	Adjust motor wiring sequence	
Short of IGBT module			Cut off drive output wiring, make srv_on available and drive motor, check whether over-current exists	replace the drive with a new one	
abnormal setting of control parameter		f control	Modify the parameter	Adjust parameter to proper range	
abnormal setting of control command		f control	Check control command whether command changes too violently or not	Adjust control command: open filter function	

Error Main Extra Display: "Er 0E1"	
------------------------------------	--



code	0E	1	Content: IPM over-current		
Cause			Confirmation	Solution	
Short of drive output wire			Short of drive output wire, whether short circuit to PG ground or not circuit, assure motor no damage		
Abnorma	al wiring o	f motor	Check motor wiring order	Adjust motor wiring sequence	
Short of	IGBT mod	lule	Cut off drive output wiring, make srv_on available and drive motor, check whether over-current exists or not	replace the drive with a new one	
Short of	IGBT mod	dule	/	replace the drive with a new one	
abnorma paramete	l setting of er	f control	Modify the parameter	Adjust parameter to proper range	
abnorma comman	l setting of	f control	Check control command whether command changes too violently or not	Adjust control command: open filter function	

Error	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 0F0"			
code	0F	0	Content: drive over-heat			
Cause	Cause		Confirmation Solution			
the temper	the temperature of power		Check drive radiator whether Strengthen cooling conditions, promote			
module have exceeded		ded	the temperature is too high or the capacity of drive and motor, enlarg			
upper limit			not	acceleration/deceleration time, reduce load		

Error	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 100"					
code	10	0	Content: motor over-load					
Cause		Confi	mation	Solution				
Load is too	o heavy	Check actual load if the value of parameter exceed maximum or not		Decrease load, adjust limit parameter				
Oscillation of machine		Check the machine if oscillation exists or not		Modify the parameter of control loop; enlarge acceleration/deceleration time				
wiring erro	wiring error of		wiring if error occurs or not, if	Adjust wiring or replace encoder/motor				
motor		line breaks or not		for a new one				
electromagnetic brake engaged		Check	brake terminal voltage	Cut off brake				

Error	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 101"		
code 10 1 Content: Drive over-load					
Cause		Confir	irmation Solution		
wiring erro	or of	Check U, V, W wiring if error occurs		Check U, V, W wiring if error occurs or	
motor pow	motor power line		if line breaks or not	not, if line breaks or not	
Motor dosen't match the drive		Drive o	over-current	Motor current exceed drive current	

Error	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 102"			
code	10	2	Content: Motor stalling detection			
Cause		Confirmation		Solution		
Mechanically stalling.			if there are something nically that stall the motor.	• Investigate and eliminate the cause of motor stalling.		



Modify the parameter of Pr6.56 for
version above 1.14, or increase the
parameter of Pr6.57 for version below
1.14.

Error	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 120"		Display: "Er 120"		
code	12	0	Content: Resistance discharge	Content: Resistance discharge circuit over-load			
Cause			Confirmation	Solution			
Regenerati	Regenerative energy has		Check the speed if it is too lower motor rotational speed; decrease lo				
exceeded t	exceeded the capacity of		high. Check the load if it is inertia, increase external regenerative res				
regenerative resistor.		or.	too large or not. improve the capacity of the drive and mo				
Resistance discharge		ge	/	Increase external regenerative resistor, replace			
circuit dan	nage			the drive with a new one			

Error	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 121"			
code	12	1	Content: braking error			
Cause	Cause		Confirmation Solution			
Braking circuit damage		omaga	Braking resistor short circuit	Change a new braking resistor		
Braking (oncuit u	amage	Braking IGBT damaged	Repair IGBT		

Error	Main Extra Display: "Er 150"						
code	15	0	Content: encoder line breaked				
Cause			Confirmation		Solution		
Encoder li	ne disco	nnected	check wiring if it steady or no	ot	Make encoder wiring steady		
Encoder wiring error			Check encoder wiring if it is correct or not		Reconnect encoder wiring		
Encoder da	amaged		/		replace the motor with a new one		
Encoder r damaged	Encoder measuring circuit damaged				replace the drive with a new one		
Error	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 151"				
code	15	1	Content: encoder data error				
Cause			Confirmation Solution		n		
Encoder data error		error	Check for interference Anti-interference treatment		erference treatment		

Error	Main	Ext	tra	Display: "Er 152"		
code	15	2		Content: initialized position of encoder error		
Cause	Cause Co			firmation	Solution	
	Communication data abnormal		Check encoder power voltage if it is DC5V ± 5% or not; check encoder cable and shielded line if it is damaged or not; check encoder cable whether it is intertwined with other power wire or not		Ensure power voltage of encoder normally, ensure encoder cable and shielded line well with FG ground, ensure encoder cable separated with other power wire	
Encoder damaged /		/		replace the motor with a new one		
Encoder circuit da	measuring amaged	,	/		replace the drive with a new one	



Error	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 153"			
code	15	3	Content: encoder battery under voltage			
Cause		Cor	firmation	Solution		
		Che	ck battery	Change a battery		
Multi-turn absolute encoder power off		/Check motor		Motor damaged, replace the motor with a new one		
	encoder power on		ar drive alarm	Clear alarm after changing battery		

LITOI		Ext	:ra	Display: "Er 170"			
code	17		0	Content: encoder data error			
Cause			Conf	irmation	Solution		
	Communication data abnormal		Check encoder power voltage if it is DC5V ± 5% or not; check encoder cable and shielded line if it is damaged or not; check encoder cable whether it is intertwined with other power wire or not		Ensure power voltage of encoder normally, ensure encoder cable and shielded line well with FG ground, ensure encoder cable separated with other power wire		
Encoder damaged /		/		replace the motor with a new one			
Encoder circuit da	measuring amaged	5	1		replace the drive with a new one		

Error	Main	Ex	tra	Display: "Er 171"	
code	17		1	Content: motor parameters error	
Cause	Cause Co		Conf	irmation	Solution
Motor parameters error				Input motor parameters to match with drive or replace the motor with a new one	

Error	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 180"		
code	18	0	Content: position error over-large error		
Cause			Confirmation	Solution	
	Unreasonable set of position error parameter		Check parameter Pr0.14 value if it is too small or not	Enlarge the value of Pr0.14	
Gain set	Gain set is too small		Check parameter Pr1.00, Pr1.05 value if it is too small or not	Enlarge the value of Pr1.00, Pr1.05	
Torque li	mit is to	o small	Check parameter Pr0.13, Pr5.22 value whether too small or not	Enlarge the value of Pr1.03, Pr5.22	
Outside load is too large			Check acceleration/ deceleration time if it is too small or not, check motor rotational speed if it is too big or not; check load if it is too large or not	Increase acceleration/ deceleration time decrease speed, decrease load	

Error	Main	Extra	Di	splay: "Er 181"	
code	18	1	Content: velocity error over-large error		
Cause	Cause			Confirmation	Solution
The deviation of inner position command velocity is too large with actual speed				Check the value of PA_602 if it is too small or not	Enlarge the value of PA_602, or set the value to 0, make position deviation over-large detection invalid
The accele	ration/ d	lecelerate		Check the value of PA_312,	Enlarge the value of PA_312, PA_313.



time Inner position command	PA_313 if it is too small or not	adjust gain of velocity control, improve
velocity is too small		trace performance.

Error	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 190"	
code	19	0	Content: motor vibration	
Cause			Confirmation	Solution
Current vibration			Current vibration	Cut down the value of Pr003. Pr004
Current loc	p is too	strong	Current loop is too strong	

Error	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 1A0"			
code	1A	0	Content: over-speed 1			
Cause Confirmation			mation	Solution		
Motor spee exceeded t speed limi (Pr3.21)	he first	check to is too is too so division if it is p	speed command if it is too large or not; he voltage of analog speed command if it arge or not; check the value of Pr3.21 if it mall or not; check input frequency and in frequency coefficient of command pulse proper or not; check encoder if the wiring ect or not	Adjust the value of input speed command, enlarge the value Pr3.21 value, modify command pulse input frequency and division frequency coefficient, assure encoder wiring correctly		

Error	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 1A1" Content: speed out of control		
code	1A	1			
Cause	Cause		Confirmation	Solution	
Control ma	aladjustr	nent	UVW wrong connection		
Encoder ei	rror		Monitor D30 count increasing	Anti-interference treatment or change	
			Within B30 count increasing	motor	
Special application			The rotation direction of the	The special assessment of practical	
			motor is opposite with motor	application, set 0 to 4 for PA137 to	
			force direction.	shield ERR1A1 alarm.	

Error	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 1b0"		
code	1b	0	Content: input pulse format incorrect or out of frequency		
Cause	Cause		Confirmation	Solution	
The input pulse frequency is too high		gh	Too high pulse frequency	To decrease pulse input frequency, less than 500K	

Error	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 1b1"		Display: "Er 1b1"		
code	1b	1	Content: incorrect electronic gear ratio				
Cause	Cause		Confirmation Solution				
Out of range			Numerator denominator is zero, or setting values out of range	Reduce the number of pulses per revolution			



Error	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 210"				
code	21	0	O Content: I/F input interface allocation error				
Cause			Confirmation	Solution			
The input swith two o	_	_	Check the value of PA_400, PA_401, PA_402,PA_403,PA_404 if it is proper or not	Assure the value of PA_400, PA_401, PA_402, PA_403, PA_404 set correctly			
The input signal aren't assigned with any functions.			Check the value of PA_400, PA_401,PA_402,PA_403,PA_404 if it is proper or not	Assure parameter PA_400, PA_401, PA_402,PA_403,PA_404 set correctly			

Error	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 211"		
code	21	1	Content: I/F input interface function set error		
Cause	Cause		Confirmation	Solution	
Signal al	Signal allocation error		Check the value of PA_400, PA_401, PA_402,PA_403,PA_404 if it is proper or not	Assure the value of PA_400, PA_401, PA_402, PA_403, PA_404 set correctly	

Error	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 212"			
code	21	2	Content: I/F input interface function set error			
Cause			Confirmation	Solution		
The input with two o			Check the value of PA_410, PA_411, PA_412, PA_413, if it is proper or not	Assure the value of PA_410, PA_411, PA_412,PA_413 set correctly		
The input signal isn't assigned with any functions.			Check the value of PA_410, PA_411, PA_412, PA_413, if it is proper or not	Assure the value of PA_410, PA_411,PA_412,PA_413 set correctly		

Error	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 240"		
code	24	0	Content: CRC verification error whe	en EEPROM parameter is saved	
Cause			Confirmation	Solution	
	L1,L2,L3 terminal under-voltage		Check L1,L2,L3 terminal voltage	Assure L1,L2,L3 terminal voltage in proper range	
Drive is damaged			save the parameters again	replace the drive with a new one	
The setting of drive maybe default setting which isn't suitable for motor.		re setting of drive maybe fault setting which isn't check the setting of drive if it is suitable for your motor.		Download the suitable project file to drive for motor	

Error	Main	Extra	Display	Display: "Er 260" Content: positive negative over-travel input valid			
code	26	0	Conten				
Cause	Cause			Confirmation	Solution		
positive /negative over-travelling input signal has been conducted			_	Check the state of positive negative over-travel input signal	/		

Error	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 270~ Er 272"		
code	27	0~2	Content: analog input out of range		
Cause			Confirmation Solution		
Analog input out of range				Try to adjust analog input within limited	

				range	
Error	Main	Extra	Display: " Er 570"		
code	57	0	Content: forced alarm input valid		
Cause			Confirmation Solution		
Forced-alarm input signal has been conducted		_	Check forced-alarm input signal		

6.3 Alarm clear

For alarm can be cleared:

- 1. Use auxiliary function "AF_ACL"
 - a. Press \boldsymbol{M} to select auxiliary function
 - b. Press SET to enter into "AF_ACL"
 - c. Press and hold

 ✓ to clear the alarm
- $2\sqrt{A-CLR}$, refer to switch input interface connection to clear the alarm

For alarm cannot be cleared:

1. Restart the power-supply to clear the alarm.



Chapter 7 Display and Operation

7.1 Introduction

The operation interface of servo drive consists of six LED nixie tubes and five key , which are used for servo drive's status display and parameter setting. The inter face layout is as follows :



Figure 7-1 front panel

Table 7.1 The name and function of keys

Name	Key	Function		
Display	/	There are 5 LED nixie tubes to display monitor value, parameter value.		
Mode key	М	Press this key to switch among 4 modes: 1.data monitor mode 2.parameter setting mode 3.auxiliary function mode		
Set key	SET	4.EEPROM written mode Entrance for submenu, confirming the current setting		
Up key	A	Press this key to increase the current setup value		
Down key	▼	Press this key to decrease the current setup value		
Left key	◀	Press this key to shift to the next digit on the left		



7.2 Panel Display and Operation

7.2.1 Panel Operation Flow Figure

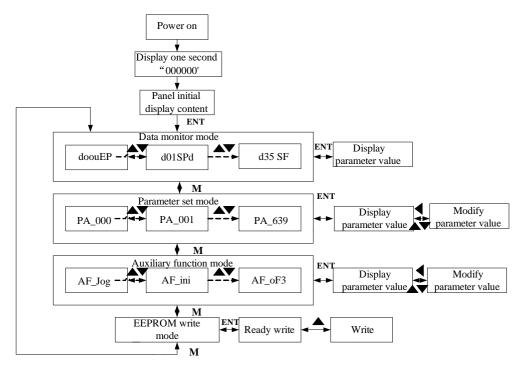


Figure 7-1 the flow diagram of panel operation

- (1) The front panel display rEAdY for about one second firstly after turning on the power of the drive. Then if no abnormal alarm occurs, monitor mode is displayed with the value of initial parameter; otherwise, abnormal alarm code is displayed.
- (2) Press M key to switch the data monitor mode \rightarrow parameter setting mode \rightarrow auxiliary function mode \rightarrow EEPROM written mode.
- (3) If new abnormal alarm occurs, the abnormal alarm will be displayed immediately in abnormal mode no matter what the current mode is, press M key to switch to the other mode.
- (4) In data monitor mode, press ♠or ▼ to select the type of monitor parameter; Press ENT to enter the parameter type, then press ◄ to display the high 4 bits "H" or low 4 bits "L" of some parameter values.
- (5) In parameter setting mode, press ◀to select current editing bit of parameter No, press ♠or ▼to change current editing bit of parameters No. Press ENT key to enter the parameter setting mode of corresponding parameters No. Press ◀to select current bit of parameter value when editing it, press ♠or ▼to change the value of the bit. Press ENT to save it and switch to the interface of parameter No.



7.2.2 Drive Operating Data Monitor

Table 7.2 Function List of Drive Monitor

Serial		Table 7.2 Function	1 2.50 51 21100	1	Data Format
Number	Name	Specification	Display	Unit	(x, y is numerical value)
0	d00uE	Positional command deviation	d00uE	pulse	Low-bit "L xxxx" High-bit "H xxxx"
1	d01SP	Motor speed	d01SP	r/min	"r xxxx"
2	d02cS	Positional command		r/min	"r xxxx"
3	d03cu	Velocity command	d03Cu	r/min	"r xxxx"
4	d04tr	Actual Torque feedback	d04tr	%	"r xxxx"
5	d05nP	Feedback pulse sum	d05nP	pulse	Low-bit "L xxxx" High-bit"H xxxx"
6	d06cP	Command pulse sum	d06CP	pulse	Low-bit "L xxxx" High -bit"H xxxx"
7	d07	Maximum torque feedback	d07	/	"xxxx"
8	d08FP	Frequency of pulse signal	d08FP	pulse	Low-bit "L xxxx" High -bit"H xxxx"
					Position:"PoScn"
9	d09cn	Control mode	d09Cn	/	Speed:"SPdcn" Torque:"trqcn"
					Composite mode" cnt"
10	d10Io	Digital input/output status	d10 Io	/	Refer instructions for details
11	d11Ai	/	d11Ai		
12	d12Er	Error factor and reference of history	d12Er	/	"Er xxx"
13	d13 rn	/	d13rn	/	"m xxx"
14	d14 r9	Regeneration load factor	d14r9	%	"rg xxx"
15	d15 oL	Over-load factor	d15oL	%	"oL xxx"
16	d16Jr	Inertia ratio	d16Jr	%	"J xxx"
17	d17ch	Factor of no-motor running	d17Ch	/	"cP xxx"
18	d18ic	No. of changes in I/O signals	d18ic	/	"n xxx"
19	d19	/	d19	/	"XXXX"
20	d20Ab	Absolute encoder data	d20Ab	pulse	Low-bit "L xxxx" High-bit"H xxxx"
21	d21AE	Absolute external scale position	d21AE	pulse	Low-bit "L xxxx" High -bit"H xxxx"
22	d22rE	No of Encoder/external scale communication errors monitor	d22rE	times	"n xxx"
23	d23 id	Communication axis ID	d23id	/	"id xxx" "Fr xxx"
24	d24PE	/	d24PE	pulse	Low-bit "L xxxx" High -bit"H xxxx"
25	d25PF	/	d25PF	pulse	Low-bit "L xxxx" High -bit"H xxxx"
26	d26hy	/	d26hy	pulse	Low-bit "L xxxx" High -bit"H xxxx"

27	d27 Pn	Voltage across PN [V]	d27Pn	V	"u xxx"
28	d28 no	Software version	d28no	/	"d xxx" "F xxx" "P xxx"
29	d29AS	/	d29AS	/	"n xxx"
30	d30NS	Times of encoder communication anomaly	d30sE	/	Low-bit "L xxxx" High -bit"H xxxx"
31	d31 tE	Accumulated operation time	d31tE	/	Low-bit "L xxxx" High -bit"H xxxx"
32	d32Au	Automatic motor identification	d32Au	/	"r xxx"
33	d33At	Drive temperature	d33At	$^{\circ}$ C	"th xxx"
34	d34	/	d34	/	"t xxx"
35	d35 SF	/	d35SF	/	"XXXXXX"

Instructions:

1, d01SP Motor speed

Drive display s 0 after power on, in disable state. While in enable state, display r 0. Motor speed display r xxx. So users can distinguish in disable state or in enable state by display s 0 or r 0.

2, d10 Io I/O signal status

The upper half of the nixie tube is valid, the lower half is invalid, the decimal point represents the input and output state, lit represents the input, not bright represents the output

Input: 6.6.6.6.6, from low to high, the order is SI1, SI2...SI10. The next figue represents SI1, SI8, SI10 input are valid, other inputs are invalid.



Output: From low to high, the order is SO1, SO2...SO10. The next figue represents SO1 output are valid, other inputs are invalid.

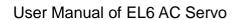


3. Parameter high and low bit, positive and negative Numbers.

The highest and lowest digits of data and the signs are shown as follows. The first and second decimal points on the right are bright, indicating the data of high order. The two decimal points are not lit, indicating the data of low order. The fourth and fifth decimal places on the right indicate negative Numbers, otherwise positive Numbers

Users can choose to set the initial display state of power supply to any of the below:

	Name	LED initial state	us		Mode	Р	S	Т
D 5 00 1	Range	0~35	Unit	_	Default	1		
Pr5. 28 *	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0539	1	
	Repower	-						





You can select the type of data to be displayed on the front panel LED (7-segment) at the initial status after power-on.

Setup value	content	Setup value	content	Setup value	content
0	Positional command deviation			24	Reserved
1	Motor speed	13	Reserved	25	Reserved
2	Positional command speed	14	Regenerative load rate	26	Reserved
3	Velocity control command	15	Overload rate	27	Voltage across PN [V]
4	Actual torque	16	Inertia ratio	28	Drive serial number
5	Feedback pulse sum	17	Factor of no-motor running	29	Reserved
6	Command pulse sum	18	Encoder positional deviation [encoder unit]	30	Electromag netic interference value
8	Max torque during operation	20	Encoder ID	31	Accumulate d operation time
9	Position command frequency	21	Encoder initial angle	32	Reserved
10	Control mode	22		33	drive temperature
11	I/O signal status	23	Number of abnormal communication of encoder	36	Reserved

Table 7.3 "d17 ch" Motor No Rotate Reason Code Definition

Code	Display Code	Specification	Content
0	cP 0	Working normally	
1	cP 1	DC bus under-voltage	/
2	cP 2	Servo-Enable signal not active	Servo-Enable signal not active
3	cP 3	POT/NOT input is valid	PA_504=0,POT is open , speed command is positive direction NOT is open , speed command is negative direction
4	cP 4	Drive fault	/
5	cP 5	The relay inside the drive isn't closed	/
6	cP 6	Pulse input prohibited (INH)	PA_518=0,INH is open
8	cP 8	CL is valid	PA_517=0,deviation counter clear is connected to COM-
9	cP 9	speed zero-clamp is valid	PA_315=1, speed zero-clamp is open



7.2.3 Auxiliary Function

Table 7.4 setting interface System parameter

No	Name	Specification	Display Code	Operation Flow
0	AFjog	Trial run	AFjog	Please refer to the chapter of "trial run"
1	AFInI	Initialization of parameter	AFInI	 press SET to enter operation, display "InI -"。 press ▲ once to display "InI", indicated initialization; after finishing it, display "FinSh"。
2	AFunL	Release of front panel lock	AFunL	 press SET to enter operation, display "unL -"。 press ▲ button one time , display "FinSh",indicated unlock the panel successfully
3	AFAcL	Alarm clear	AFAcL	 press SET to enter operation, display"Acl -"。 press ▲ once , display "FinSh", indicated alarm clear successfully
4	AFEnc	Motor Angle correction	AFEnc	 Press SET once to enter operation, display "Enc -" press ▲ once , display "StArt", indicated start to correct the angle, then display "FiniSh" indicated correction finished
5	AF_GL	Inertia ratio identification	AF_GL	 Press SET once to enter operation, display "G" Press once, display "StUon" Press , motor running, indicated start to identification Finishing, display G xxx, xxx indicated Inertia ratio value
6	AFrSt	Soft reset	AFrSt	 Press SET once to enter operation, display "rSt" Press and hold on, display "StArt" Then, finished

Table 7.5 The Locked panel conditions

rable 715 The Louisea panel containents					
Mode	The Locked panel conditions				
Monitor mode	No limitation: all monitored data can be checked.				
Parameter set up mode	No parameter can be changed but setting can be checked.				
Auxiliary function mode	Cannot be run except for" release of front panel lock"				
EEPROM writing mode	No limitation				

7.2.4 Saving parameter

Operation procedure:

- 1. press M to select EEPROM writing mode, display "EESet";
- 2. Press ENT to enter into writing mode operation:
- 3. Press and hold ▲, display LED from" EP -" to" EP--", then it becomes" EP---", finally it becomes" StArt", indicated EEPROM writing operation have been began;
- 4. "Error" means that writing is unsuccessful, while "Finish" show that the writing is successful; Follow steps 3 and 4 to repeat the operation; the drive may be damaged if repeat of several times still fails. The drive need to repair.
- 5. The drive need to power off and restart again if writing is successful.

NOTE: Don't turn off the power if EEPROM writing operation goes on, otherwise it may cause a writing wrong



data; If this happens, please reset all the parameters ,then do EEPROM writing operation again.

7.2.5 Abnormal Alarm

The front panel will automatically enter the abnormal alarm display mode if drive error occurs while it displays the corresponding error code. Please refer to Chapter 6 of alarm processing about the detail of error code.

7.3 Trial Run



- Ground the earth terminal of the motor and drive without fail. the PE terminal of drive must be reliably connected with the grounding terminal of equipment.
- The drive power need with isolation transformer and power filter in order to guarantee the security and anti-jamming capability.
- Check the wiring to make sure correctness before power on.
- Install a emergency stop protection circuit externally, the protection can stop running immediately to prevent accident happened and the power can be cut off immediately.
- If drive alarm occurs, the cause of alarm should be excluded and Svon signal must be invalid before restarting the drive.
- The high voltage also will contain in several minutes even if the servo drive is powered off, please don't touch terminal strip or separate the wiring.

•

Note: there are two kinds of trial run: trial run without load and trial run with load. The user needs to test the drive without load for safety first.

Contact tech@leadshine.com if you need more technical service.

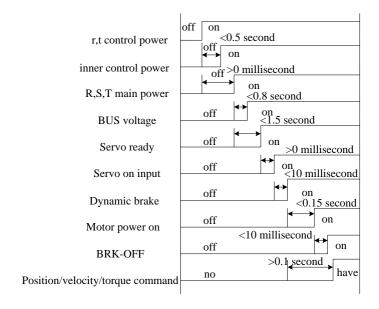
7.3.1 Inspection Before trial Run

Table 7.6 inspection Item before Run

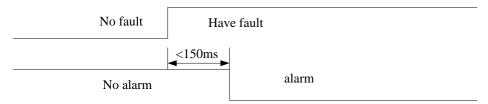
No	Item	Content
1	Inspection on wiring	1. Ensure the following terminals are properly wired and securely connected: the input power terminals, motor output power terminal ,encoder input terminal CN2, control signal terminal CN1, communication terminal CN4(it is unnecessary to connect CN1 andCN4 in Jog run mode) 2. short among power input lines and motor output lines are forbidden, and no short connected with PG ground.
2	Confirmation of power supply	 The range of control power input r, t must be in the rated range. The range of the main power input R, S, T must be in the rated range. Single phase 220VAC input is sufficient if the power of drive is no more 1.5kw.
3	Fixing of position	the motor and drive must be firmly fixed
4	Inspection without load	The motor shaft must not be with a mechanical load.
5	Inspection on control signal	 all of the control switch must be placed in OFF state. servo enables input Srv on must be in OFF state.



7.3.2 Timing chart on power-up



7.3.3 Timing chart on fault



7.3.4 Trial Run by operation interface

After installation and connection is completed, check the following items before turning on the power:

Wiring? (Especially power input and motor output)

Short or grounded?

Loose connection?

Unstable mounting?

Separation from the mechanical system?

It is unnecessary to connect control signal terminal CN1 and communication terminal CN4 in Jog run mode. It is recommended that motor runs at low speed for safety, while the speed depends on the parameters below:

Table 7.7 Parameter Setup of Position JOG

No	parameter	name	value	unit
1	Pr0.01	Control mode setting	0	/
2	Pr6.04	JOG trial run command speed	User-specified	rpm
3	Pr6.25	Acceleration of trial running	User-specified	ms/1000rpm

◆JOG trial run operation process

- 1. set all parameters above corresponding to velocity JOG or position JOG;
- 2. Enter EEPROM writing mode, and save the value of modified parameters;
- 3. The drive need to restart after the value is written successfully;
- 4. Enter auxiliary function mode, and go to "AFJog "sub-menu;
- 5. Press ENT once, and display Jog ";
- 6. Press once, and display "Srvon" if no exception occurs; press once again if "Error" occurs, it should display "Srvon"; If "Error" still occurs, please switch to data monitoring mode "d17 Ch" sub-menu, find the cause why motor doesn't rotate, fix the trouble and try again;



7. In position JOG mode, the motor will rotate directly; if motor doesn't rotate, switch to data monitoring mode d17 Ch "sub-menu, find the cause why motor doesn't rotate, fix the trouble and try again; In speed JOG mode, press—once, the motor rotates once (hold—will make motor rotating to value of Pr6.04); press—once, the motor rotates once (hold—will make motor rotating to value of Pr6.04); if motor doesn't rotate, switch to data monitoring mode d17 Ch "sub-menu, find the cause why motor doesn't rotate, fix the trouble and try again;

8. Press SET will exit JOG control in JOG run mode.



Chapter 8 Application Case

Operation Mode Selection

EL6 series AC servo drives support the position, speed, torque three basic modes of operation, and can switch freely between the three basic modes of operation by switch or modify parameters.

Table 8.1 Parameter setup of Operation Mode Selection

	Table 5.1 1 draineter setup of Operation Mode Selection								
No	Mode	Parameter	Specification						
1	Position mode	Pr0.01=0	The position control is performed based on the positional command (pulse train) from the host controller or the command set in the servo drive.						
2	Velocity mode	Pr0.01=1	The velocity control is performed according to the analog speed command from the host controller or the speed command set in the servo drive.						
3	Torque mode	Pr0.01=2	The torque control is performed according to the torque command specified in the form of analog voltage or the command set in the servo drive.						
4	1st mode: position mode 2nd mode: speed mode	Pr0.01=3	The control mode is switched through external input.						
5	1st mode: position mode 2nd Mode: torque mode	Pr0.01=4	The control mode is switched through external input.						
6	1st mode: speed mode 2nd Mode: torque mode	Pr0.01=5	The control mode is switched through external input.						

The step of changing the operation mode:

Turn off/on the power to make the new mode works after setup completed.

8.1 Position Control

Notice : You must do inspection before position control test run.

Table 8.2 Parameter Setup of Position Control

No	parameter	name	input	value	unit
1	Pr0.01	control mode setup	/	0	/
2	Pr0.06	command pulse rotational direction setup		0	
3	Pr0.07	command pulse input mode setup		0~3	
4	Pr0.08	Command pulse per one motor revolution		User-specified	Pulse
5	Pr0.09	st numerator of electronic gear 1			
6	Pr0.10	denominator of electronic gear		1	
7	Pr2.22	positional command smoothing filter		User-specified	0.1ms
8	Pr2.23	positional command FIR filter		User-specified	0.1ms
9	Pr3.12	Acceleration time setup	/	User-specified	millisecond
10	Pr3.13	Deceleration time setup	/	User-specified	millisecond
11	Pr3.14	Sigmoid acceleration/deceleration time	/	User-specified	millisecond
		setup		o ser specified	mmsecond
12	Pr4.00	SI1 input select: servo-enable	Srv_on	Hex:0003	/

^{1,} Switch the drive to Servo Off status.

^{2,} Modify the corresponding parameters of control mode to EEPROM.



◆ Wiring Diagram

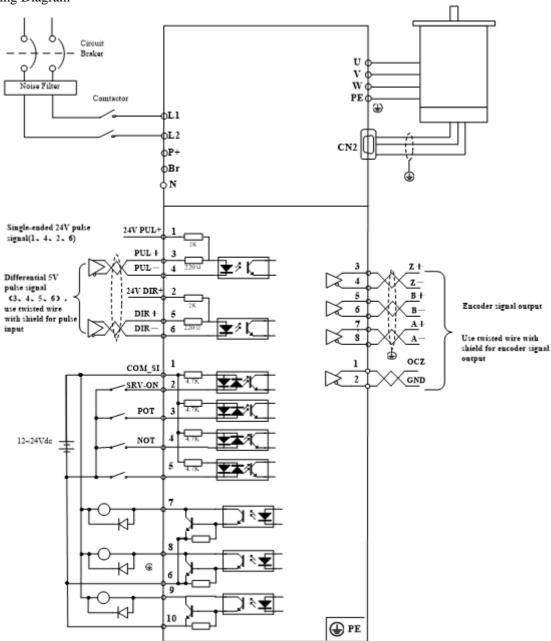
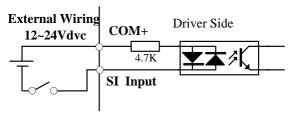


Figure 8-1 Position Mode Typical Wiring Diagram



Digital Input for Servo Enable



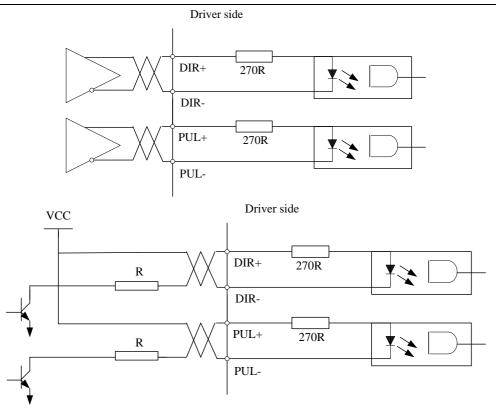


Figure 8-2 CN1 and CN2 Signal Wiring in Position Control Mode

♦ Operation Steps

- 1. Cconnect terminal CN1.
- 2. Connect DC12V to 24V to digital input SI1 to ENABLE drive (the COM + and SI1).
- 3. Power on the drive.
- 4. Confirm the value of the parameters, and write to the EEPROM and turn off/on the power (of the drive)
- 5. Connect the Srv_on input to bring the drive to servo-on status and energize the motor.
- 6. Enter low-frequency pulse and direction signal to run the motor at low speed.
- 7. Check the motor rotational speed at monitor mode whether, ("d01SP"),

Rotational speed is as per the setup or not, and

The motor stops by stopping the command (pulse) or not

if the motor does not run correctly, refer to the Factor of No-Motor running in data monitor mode ("d17Ch").

The drive is widely used for precise positioning in position control mode.

Related parameters setup of position mode

8.1.1 Pulse command and rotation direction

The positional commands of the following 3 types (pulse train) are available.

- ◆A, B phase pulse
- ◆Positive direction pulse/negative direction pulse
- ◆Pulse + direction

	Name	Command Pulse Rotational			Mode	Р		
Pr0.06		Direction So						
*	Range	0~1	Unit	_	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	000)DH	



	Repower	0								
Set command pulse input rotate direction, command pulse input type										
	Name	Command	Mode	P						
Pr0. 07		Setup								
*	Range	0~3	Unit	_	Default	1				
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	000FH				
	Repower o						•			

Pr0.06	Pr0.07	Command Pulse Format	Signal	Positive Direction Command	Negative Direction Command	
0	0 or 2	90 phase difference 2-phase pulse(A phase +B phase)	Pulse sign	A相 日本	B相比A相滯后90°	
	1	Positive direction pulse + negative direction pulse	Pulse sign	t2 t2 t2		
	3	Pulse + sign	Pulse sign	t4 t5 H" t6	t4 t5 t6	
1	0 or 2	90 phase difference 2 phase pulse(A phase +B phase)	Pulse sign	A相	ti ti bi ti ti B相比A相超前90°	
	1	Positive direction pulse + negative direction pulse	Pulse sign	t2 t2	t2 t2	
	3	Pulse + sign	Pulse sign	t4 t5 "L" t6 t6	t4 t5 t6	

Command pulse input signal allow largest frequency and smallest time width

D / C		Permissible	Smallest Time Width						
PULS/SIGN Signal Input I/F		Max. Input Frequency	t1	t2	t3	t4	t5	t6	
Pulse	Long distance interface	500kpps	2	1	1	1	1	1	
series interface	Open-collector output	200kpps	5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	

8.1.2 Electronic gear function

The function multiplies the input pulse command from the host controller by the predetermined dividing or multiplying factor and applies the result to the position control section as the positional command. By using this function, desired motor rotations or movement distance per unit input command pulse can be set.

	Name	Command pone motor			Mode	P	S	Т
D. 0. 00	Range	0-8388608	Unit	Р	Default	0		
Pr0. 08	Data Type	32bit	Access	R/W	Address	0010H 0011H		
	Repower	0						

Set the command pulse that causes single turn of the motor shaft.

- 1) If $Pr008 \neq 0$, the actual motor rotation turns = pulse number / Pr0.08
- 2) If Pr008 = 0, Pr0.09 1st numerator of electronic gear and Pr0.10 Denominator of electronic gear valid.



	Name	1st nur	merator	of electi	ronic	Mode	P			
		gear								
Pr0.09	Range	1~10737	741824	Unit	_	Default	1			
	Data Type	32bit		Access	R/W	Address	0012	0012H		
							0013H			
	Repower	0								
Set the numerator of division/multiplication operation made acc					made accord	ling to t	the com	mand		
	pulse input.									
	Name	1st der	Lst denominator of electronic			Mode	P			
		goar	gear							
D 0 10	Range	1~10737	7/102/	Unit	1	Default	1			
Pr0. 10	Data Type	32bit	41024	Access	R/W	Address	0014	н		
	Data Type	32010		Access	11,700	Addiess	0015			
	Repower	0					0013	••		
	Set the denor	ninator of	division/	multiplica	tion opera	tion made acc	cording	to the		
	command pu									
	Pr0.09	Pr0.10	Comma	and division	on/multipli	cation operat	ation operation			
		1-10737	Comm	and pulse inpu	ıt [Pr0	.09 set value	positio	n comman	d	
	41824	41824			【Pr0	.10 set value				
	1. Settings:									
	1)The drive									
						ision and frec encoder is Z		doubling	g is Y	
	4)Number of				uie motoi	chequel is Z	4			
	2. Calculation			* *						
	1)Y=X* Pr(10							
	2)17Bit enc	oder: Z=2	^17 = 13							
	23Bit end	oder: Z=2	$^{23} = 83$	88608						

8.1.3 Position command filter

To make the positional command divided or multiplied by the electronic gear smooth, set the command filter. In the following situations, it is necessary to consider adding position command filtering:

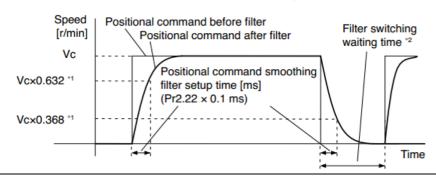
- (1) The position instruction output by the controller is not accelerated or decelerated;
- (2) Low command pulse frequency;
- (3) when the electronic gear ratio is more than 10 times.

The position command filter can make the position command smoother and the motor rotation more stable.

	Name	positional c	ommano	d	Mode	Р		
smoothing filter								
Pr2. 22	Range	0~32767	Unit	0.1ms	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	022DI	1	
	Repower	0						

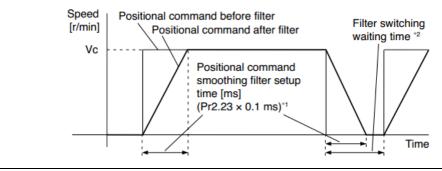


- Set up the time constant of the1st delay filter in response to the positional command.
- When a square wave command for the target speed Vc is applied, set up the time constant of the 1st delay filter as shown in the figure below



	Name	positional c	Mode	Р				
Pr2. 23	Range	0~10000	Unit	0.1ms	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	022FH		
	Repower	0						

- Set up the time constant of the 1st delay filter in response to the positional command.
- When a square wave command for the target speed Vc is applied, set up the Vc arrival time as shown in the figure below.



8.1.4 Motor encoder pulse output

The information on the amount of movement can be sent to the host controller in the form of A and B phase pulses from the servo drive.

Pr0.11*	Name	Output pulse counts per one motor revolution			Mode	P	S	Т
	Range	1~2500 Unit P/r Default 2500						
	Data Type	16bit Access R/W Address 0017H				Н		
	Repower	0						
	For example, if this parameter is set to 1000, it means that the frequency division							1
	output signal	of the encoder of	outputs 40	00 pulses per	turn.			

Pr0.12*	Name	reversal of p	reversal of pulse output logic			Р	S	T
	Range	0~1	Unit	_	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0019H		

			1							
Repower	0									
You can s	set up the B phase	e logic and the output source o	of the pulse output. With this							
paramete	r, you can reverse	e the phase relation between th	e A-phase pulse and B-phase							
pulse by	reversing the B-p	hase logic.								
< reversa	< reversal of pulse output logic >									
Pr0.12	B-phase Logic	CCW Direction Rotation	CW Direction Rotation							
0	Standard	A phase	A phase							
		B phase	B phase							
1	Reverse	A phase	A phase							
		B phase	B phase							

8.1.5 Position complete output (INP)

The completion of positioning can be verified by the positioning complete output (INP). When the absolute value of the positional deviation counter at the position control is equal to or below the positioning complete

Range by the parameter, the output is ON. Presence and absence of positional command can be specified as one of judgment conditions.

	Name	Positioning complete range			Mode	P		
Pr4. 31	Range	0~10000	Unit	0.0001rev	Default	10		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	043FH		
	Repower	-						
	Set up the tim	ing of positional d	which the po	sitioning com	plete signal			
	(INP1) is output.							

	Name	Positioning complete output			Mode	P		
		setup						
Pr4. 32	Range	0~3	Unit	command unit	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0441	Н	
	Repower	-						



Setup value	Action of positioning complete signal
0	The signal will turn on when the positional deviation is smaller than
	Pr4.31 [positioning complete range].
1	The signal will turn on when there is no position command and
	position deviation is smaller than Pr4.31 [positioning complete range].
2	The signal will turn on when there is no position command, the
	zero-speed detection signal is ON and the positional deviation is
	smaller than Pr4.31 [positioning complete range].
3	The signal will turn on when there is no position command and the positional deviation is smaller than Pr4.31 [positioning complete range]. Then holds "ON" states until the next position command is entered. Subsequently, ON state is maintained until Pr4.33 INP hold time has elapsed. After the hold time, INP output will be turned ON/OFF according to the coming positional command or condition of the positional deviation.

	Name	INP hold time			Mode	P			
D 4 00	Range	0~30000	Unit	1ms	Default	0			
Pr4. 33	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0443	Н		
	Repower	-							
	Set up the hole	d time when Pr 4.3	2 position	ing complete	output setup	=3			
	Setup value	State of Position	ing comp	lete signal					
	0	The hold time is maintained definitely, keeping ON state until next positional command is received.							
	1-30000		ON state is maintained for setup time (ms)but switched to OFF state as the positional command is received during hold time.						

And the output port should be assigned for "INP", for details of these parameters, refer to PA_410 – PA415.

8.2 Multi-turn absolute encoder

The absolute encoder remember position, When the absolute encoder is used for the first time, user need to move to the home position, and clear the absolute position value of multiple turns through the drive to set the home position. It is unnecessary to return to home position in the future (except for the absolute encoder alarm and other situations). It is recommended that the motor is stationary when reading the position to prevent dynamic data jump.

Notice: This function is only available for EL6-RS***Z version.

8.2.1 Parameters setting

	Name	Absolute Encoder Setup			Mode	Р	S	Т
D-0 15	Range	0~15 Unit Default				0		
Pr0. 15	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	001FI	Н	
	Repower	0						

How to use:

0: Incremental position mode:

The encoder is used as a incremental encoder, and the position retentive at power failure is not supported.



1: Absolute position linear mode:

The encoder is used as an absolute encoder, and the position retentive at power failure is supported..

It is applicable to the scenario where the travel range of device load is fixed and the encoder multi-turn data dose not overflow.

2: Absolute position rotation mode:

The encoder is used as an absolute encoder, and the position retentive at power failure is supported..

It is mainly applicable to the scenario where the load travel range is not limited and the number of motor single-direction revolution is less than $0\sim(Pr6.63+1)$

5: Clean multi-turn alarm, and open multi-turn absolute function.

It will become 1 when normal clearance, if it's still 5 after 3 seconds, please deal with according to 153 alarm processing.

9: Clear multi-turn position and reset multi-turn alarm, open multi-turn absolute function. It will become 1 when normal clearance, if it's still 9 after 3seconds, please deal with according to 153 alarm processing. Please remember to do mechanical homing.

Notes: Set to 9 after homing process finished and servo disabled. valid after repower.

	Name	Absolute multi-turn position			Mode	P	S	T
		upper bound	per bound					
Pr6. 63	Range	0~32766	Unit	Rotation	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	067FI	1	
	Repower	0						

While Pr0.15=2: Absolute position rotation mode:

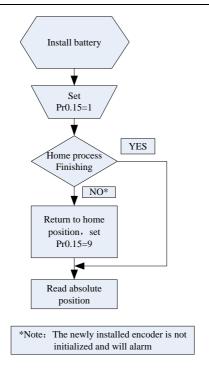
The encoder is used as an absolute encoder, and the position retentive at power failure is supported..

It is mainly applicable to the scenario where the load travel range is not limited and the number of motor single-direction revolution is less than $0\sim(Pr6.63+1)$

8.2.2 Read absolute position

1. Steps:





- (1) Firstly, select the multi-turns absolute encoder motor, install the battery, and confirm whether the drive version supports multi-turns absolute encoder motor;
- (2) Set Pr0.15=1 to open absolute encoder. If it is the first time of installation, the drive will alarm Err153. The reason is that the multi-turn position is invalid due to the newly installed battery of the motor. At this time, it is necessary to return to the home position of the machine and perform the multi-turn position reset operation (see multi-turn position reset).
 - (3) When the absolute value origin is set and there is no battery fault, the alarm will be cancelled
 - (4) Finally, the user can read the absolute position, even if the power off the position will not lost.

2. Read absolute position

The absolute encoder counting mode is that when the motor rotates clockwise, the number of turns is defined as negative; while motor rotates counterclockwise the number of turns is defined as positive. The maximum rotation number is -32768 to +32767. After the number of turns is out of range, if the number of turns is 32767 counterclockwise, it will reverse to -32768, -32767...; If the number of turns clockwise -32768, it will reverse to 32767, 32766...

Absolute encoder read mode: read 6064h data object

3. Clear absolute position

Before clear absolute position, the machine needs to return to the home point. After clear absolute position, the absolute position =0, the single-turn position remains unchanged, and the absolute value of the encoder is cleared to alarm

Set Pr0.15=9: multi-turn zero clearing and reset multi-turn alarm, open multi-turn absolute function. It will become 1 when normal clearance, if it's still 9 after 3seconds, please deal with according to 153 alarm processing. Please remember to do mechanical homing.

8.2.3 Alarm

1. Introductions

The multi-turns absolute encoder alarm function can determine whether the absolute encoder is valid or not, such as battery under voltage or power failure, encoder fault, etc., users can judge the absolute encoder



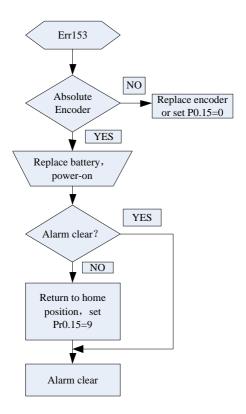
alarm through bus alarm output, IO alarm output, and drive operation panel alarm. At this time, the controller should stop operation immediately, and the absolute motion operation can only be carried out after the alarm is eliminated

2. Alarm output

Absolute encoder alarm can be displayed by the panel Err153, IO output alarm signal, or read alarm information by communication

- 3. The drive sends an absolute encoder alarm Err153, the main situation is as follows:
- (1) When the absolute encoder is used for the first time, absolute encoder alarm will be generated due to the new battery of the motor. At this time, it is necessary to return to the home point and perform multi-turn zero clearing operation
- (2) When the battery under voltage is lower than 3.2v, absolute encoder alarm will be generated by the drive. At this time, the alarm will be automatically eliminated after the battery is recharged by replacing the battery
- (3) When the battery voltage is lower than 2.5v, or the battery has a power failure, the absolute encoder alarm will be generated. Even if the battery is replaced, the alarm cannot be eliminated. At this time, the return to the home point and multi-turn zero clearing operation should be performed

4. Alarm processing flow chart



8.3 Security Features

8.3.1 Speed limit

	Name	Motor rotate maximum speed				Р	S	Т
Pr3. 24 *		limit	imit					
	Range	0~10000 Unit r/min			Default	3000)	·

	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0331H
	Repower	-				

Set up motor running max rotate speed, but can't be exceeded motor allowed max rotate speed.

8.3.2 BRK-OFF output

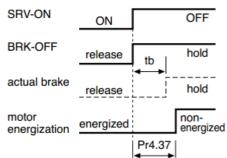
This function can be configured by set digital SO output functions allocation. refer to IO Pr4.10 parameter description. When the enable and time meet the set conditions, the digital output IO port can output ON.

	Name	Mechanical brake action setting			Mode	Р	S	Т
		when stopping						
Pr4. 37	Range	0~10000	Unit	1ms	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	044B	Н	
	Repower	-						

Motor brake delay time setup, mainly used to prevent servo on "galloping "phenomenon.

Set up the time from when the brake release signal(BRK-OFF) turns off to when the motor is de-energized (servo-free), when the motor turns to servo-off while the motor is at stall

- Set up to prevent a micro-travel/drop of the motor (work) due to the action delay time (tb) of the brake.
- Ni After setting up Pr4.37>=tb, then compose the sequence so as the drive turns to servo-off after the brake is actually activated.



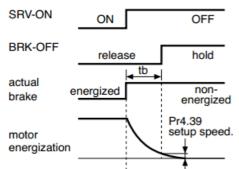
	Nam	ne	Mechanical bra	ake actic	n setting	Mode	P	S	Т
Pr4. 38	Rang	ge	0~10000	Unit	1ms	Default	0		
	Data	Туре	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	044DH		
	Repo	ower	-						



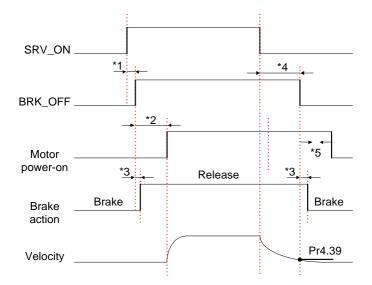
Mechanical brake start delay time setup, mainly used to prevent servo off "galloping "phenomenon.

Set up time from when detecting the off of servo-on input signal(SRV-ON)is to when external brake release signal(BRK-OFF)turns off, while the motor turns to servo off during the motor in motion

- Set up to prevent the brake deterioration due to the motor running.
- At servo-OFF during the motor is running, to of the right fig will be a shorter one of either Pr4.38 setup time, or time lapse till the motor speed falls below Pr4.39 setup speed



	Name	Brake release s	peed se	tup	Mode	P	S	T			
D 4 00	Range	30~3000	Unit	1ms	Default	30	30				
Pr4. 39	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	044FH					
	Repower	-									
	Set up the speed timing of braking output checking during operation										



Notice:

- *1: The delay time between SRV_ON and BRK_OFF is less than 500ms;
- *2: Time setting in Pr4.38;
- *3: The delay time between the BRK_OFF signal output and the actual brake release action, which depends on the hardware characteristics of the motor brake;
- *4: The smaller value of Pr4.37 and Pr4.39;

8.3.3 Servo stop mode

Pr5. 06	Name	Servo stop mo	Mode	Р	S	Т		
	Pro. 06	Range	0~1 Unit _		_	Default	0	



Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	050DH
Repower	-				
Specify the sta	atus during decele	ration and	after stop, a	fter servo-off	·
Setup value	Servo stop me	ode			
0	When servo-d speed reduced			rvo-disable at	fter the
1	When servo-d away, motor in		ght		

8.3.4 Emergency stop function

	Name	Torque setup f	or emerge	ency stop	Mode	Р	S	Т			
D = 11.1	Range	0~500	Unit	%	Default	0	0				
Pr5.11*	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	051H					
	Repower	-									
	Set up the to	Set up the torque limit at emergency stop									
	When setup value is 0, the torque limit for normal operation is applied.										

8.4 Inertia ratio identification

	Name	Inertia ratio	1		Mode	Р	S	Т
Pr0.04	Range	0~10000	Unit	%	Default	250		
110.01	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0009	Н	
	Repower	-						

You can set up the ratio of the load inertia against the rotor(of the motor)inertia. Pr0.04=(load inertia/rotate inertia)×100%

Notice:

If the inertia ratio is correctly set, the setup unit of Pr1.01 and Pr1.06 becomes (Hz). When the inertia ratio of Pr0.04 is larger than the actual value, the setup unit of the velocity loop gain becomes larger, and when the inertia ratio of Pr0.04 is smaller than the actual value, the setup unit of the velocity loop gain becomes smaller..

8.4.1 On-line inertia ratio identification

The motor is operated by the controller, and the motor speed is above 400rmp. The running stroke has obvious acceleration, uniform speed and deceleration process, and the load inertia ratio can be tested by running 2-3 times continuously. The inertia ratio of the test is viewed in *Drive Operating Data Monitor-> d16Jr*. Set the monitor value minus 100 into Pr0.04..

8.4.2 Off-line inertia ratio identification

Pre-conditions: 1, servo disable. 2, Positive limit and negative limit invalid **Steps:**

- 1. Set the trial running speed Pr6.04, and the setting of Pr6.04 should not be too large
- 2. Enter auxiliary inertia ratio identification function on the drive panel, AF_GL
- 3. Press ENT once to enter operation, display "G---"
- 4、 Press ◀ once, display "StUon"
- 5. Press ▲ once, motor start running to identification
- 6. After finishing, display G XXX, which represents the measured inertia ratio value



7. Set the monitor value minus 100 into Pr0.04.

8.4.3 Motion Studio inertia ratio identification

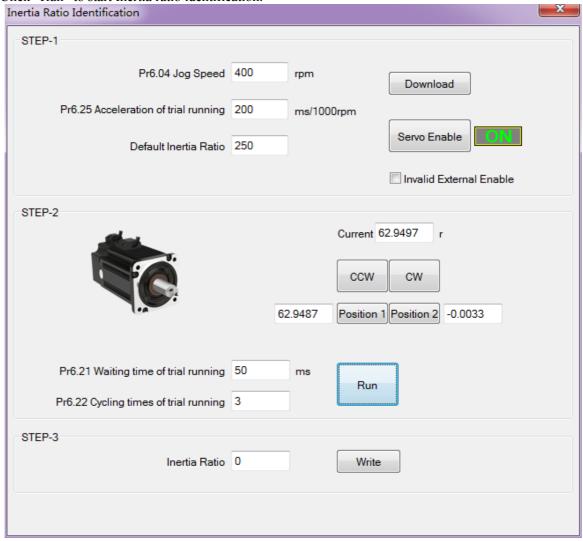
This inertia ratio identification function also added in Motion Studio configuration software.

Pre-conditions: 1. Servo disable. 2. Positive limit and negative limit invalid **Steps:**

Set the Jog speed Pr6.04, and the setting should not be too large(600~1000rpm is recommend)
 Set the Acc Pr6.25(50~100 ms/1000rpm is recommend)
 Set the Default Inertia Ratio.

Download these settings, then Servo Enable.

2. Click "CCW" to make motor run to CCW direction, click "Position 1" to save the position limit 1 Click "CW" to make motor run to CW direction, click "Position 2" to save the position limit 2 Click "Run" to start Inertia ratio identification.



3. After finishing, Click "Write" to save the Inertia ratio identification result.

8.5 Vibration Suppression

Specific resonance frequency can be obtained from PC configuration software according to waveform monitoring, and filter frequency can be set to effectively suppress the oscillation ripple of a certain frequency in the current instruction.

The width of the notch is the ratio of the frequency of the notch center at a depth of 0 to the frequency



range width of the attenuation rate of -3db.

The depth of the trap is: when the set value is 0, the input of the center frequency is completely disconnected; when the set value is 100, it represents the ratio of input and output that are completely passed

How to use:

- 1. Set Pr2.00=1
- 2. Decrease Pr0.03 to get higher stiffness, higher position loop gain and velocity loop gain. Decrease Pr0.03 gradually, while abnormal sound or oscillation occurred, decreases the current value by 2.
- 3. Execute movement by controller or Motion Studio, drive will record notch frequency automatically.
- 4. Upload the drive parameters, the record notch frequency saved in Pr2.07. Read the value of Pr2.07, and set this value into Pr2.01. Then reset Pr2.07 to 2000.

5. Saving parameters setting.

	Name	Adaptive fil	ter mode	e setup	Mode	Р	S	
D 0 00	Range	0~4	Unit	_	Default	0		
Pr2. 00	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0201F	1	
	Repower	-						

Set up the resonance frequency to be estimated by the adaptive filter and the special the operation after estimation.

Setup value		Details
0	Adaptive filter: invalid	Parameters related to the 3rd and 4th notch filter hold the current value.
1	Adaptive filter,1 filter is valid, one time	One adaptive filter is valid, parameters related to the 3rd notch filter will be updated based on adaptive performance. After updated, Pr2.00 returns to 0, stop self-adaptation.
2	Adaptive filter, 1 filter is valid, It will be valid all the time	One adaptive filter is valid, parameters related to the 3rd notch filter will be updated all the time based on adaptive performance.
3-4	Reserved	-

	Name	1st notch fr	equency		Mode	Р	S	T
D 0 01	Range	50~2000	Unit	Hz	Default	2000		
Pr2. 01	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0203	Н	
	Repower	-						

Set the center frequency of the 1st notch filter

Notice: the notch filter function will be invalid by setting up this parameter to "2000".

	Name	1st notch w	idth sele	ction	Mode	Р	S	T
Pr2. 02	Range	0~20	Unit	_	Default	2		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0205H		
	Repower	-						



Set the width of notch at the center frequency of the 1st notch filter.

Notice: Higher the setup, larger the notch width you can obtain. Use with default setup in normal operation.

	Name	1st notch de	epth sele	ection	Mode	P	S	Т
D 0 00	Range	0~99	Unit	_	Default	0		
Pr2. 03	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0207H		
	Repower	-						

Set the depth of notch at the center frequency of the 1st notch filter.

Notice: Higher the setup, shallower the notch depth and smaller the phase delay you can obtain.

	Name	2nd notch f	requency	У	Mode	Р	S	Т
D 0 04	Range	50~2000	Unit	Hz	Default	2000		
Pr2. 04	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0209H		
	Repower	-						

Set the center frequency of the 2nd notch filter

Notice: the notch filter function will be invalid by setting up this parameter to "2000".

	Name	2nd notch v	2nd notch width selection		Mode	Р	S	_
D 0 05	Range	0~20	Unit	_	Default	2		
Pr2. 05	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	020BH		
	Repower	=						

Set the width of notch at the center frequency of the 2nd notch filter.

Notice: Higher the setup, larger the notch width you can obtain. Use with default setup in normal operation.

	Name	2nd notch c	lepth sel	Mode	P	S	Т	
D 0 00	Range	0~99	Unit	_	Default	0		
Pr2. 06	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	020DH		
	Repower	-						

Set the depth of notch at the center frequency of the 2nd notch filter.

Notice: Higher the setup, shallower the notch depth and smaller the phase delay you can obtain.

8.6 Third gain switching

In addition to the conventional switch between the first and second gain, add the third gain switch function to shorten the positioning and setting time.

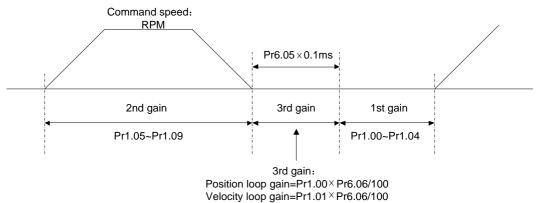
	Name	Position 3 rd ga	in valid tir	Mode	P	
Pr6.05	Range	0~1000	Unit	0.1ms	Default	0
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	060BH



	Repower	-				
Set up the time at which 3 rd gain becomes valid. When not using this parameter, set PR6.05=0, PR6.06=100						
	This is valid	for only position co	ontrol/full-c	losed contro	ol.	

	Name	Position 3 rd ga	ication	Mode	P			
D C 0C	0 =000		100%	Default	0			
Pr6. 06	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	060DH		
	Repower	-						
	Set up the 3 rd	gain by multiplyir	ng factor of	the 1 st gain				
	3rd gain= 1st	ain= 1st gain * Pr6.06/100.						

This function is only effective for position control. When Pr6.06 is set to non-0 value, the third gain function will be turned on. Pr6.05 is set to specify the value of the third gain. When switching from the second gain to the first gain, there will be a transition from the third gain. The switching time is set as Pr1.19. Take Pr1.15=7(with or without position instruction as the first and second gain of conditional switching) as an example to illustrate the figure below:



8.7 Friction torque compensation

	Name	Torque comma	and additi	onal	Mode	P	S	Т
		value	alue					
Pr6. 07	Range	-100~100	100 100		Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit			Address	060F	Н	
	Repower	-						
	Name	Positive torque	Positive torque compensation				S	Т
		value						
Pr6. 08	Range	-100~100	Unit	%	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0611	Н	
	Repower	-						
Pr6. 09	Name	Negative torque compensation		Mode	P	S	T	
110.09		value						

	Range	-100~100	Unit	%	Default	0
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0613H
	Repower	-				

These three parameters may apply feed forward torque superposition directly to torque command.

8.8 Regenerative resister setting

When the torque of the motor is opposite to the direction of rotation (such as deceleration, z-axis falling down, etc.), energy will feedback to the drive. At this time, the energy feedback received by the capacitor in the drive, which makes the voltage of the capacitor rise. When it rises to a certain voltage value, the excess energy needs to be consumed by the regenerative resistance.

	Name	External reg	External regenerative			Р	S	Т
D 0 10		resistance						
Pr0. 16	Range	10~50	Unit	Ω	Default	100		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0021	Н	
	Repower	-						

Set Pr.0.16 and Pr.0.17 to confirm the threshold value of the discharge loop to give alarm for over current.

	Name	External reg	external regenerative resistor				S	Т
D 0 17		power value						
Pr0. 17	Range	0~10000	Unit	W	Default	20		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0023	Н	
	Repower	-						

Set Pr.0.16 and Pr.0.17 to confirm the threshold value of the discharge loop to give alarm for over current.

8.9 Velocity Control

The drive is widely used for accuracy speed control in velocity control mode. You can control the speed according to the speed command set in servo drive.

Notice: You must do inspection before position control test run.

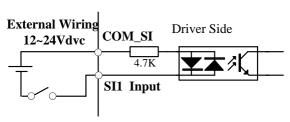
8.9.1 Velocity mode control by internal speed command

Table 8.3 Parameter Setup of Velocity Controlled by analog input

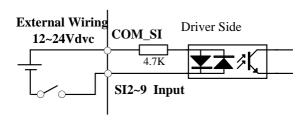
No	Parameter	Name	input	Setup value	Unit
1	Pr0.01	Control mode setup	/	1	/
2	Pr3.12	Acceleration time setup	/	User-specified	millisecond
3	Pr3.13	Deceleration time setup	/	User-specified	millisecond
4	Pr3.14	Sigmoid acceleration/deceleration time setup	/	User-specified	millisecond
7	Pr3.01	Speed Command direction selection	/	User-specified	/

Wiring Diagram





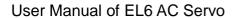
Digital Input for Servo Enable



Digital Input for Velocity Control_ INTSPD1/ INTSPD2/ INTSPD3/ VC-SIGN

You can control the speed by using the internal speed command set to the parameter. By using the internal speed command selection 1, 2, 3(INTSPD 1, 2, 3), you can select best appropriate one

	Name	Speed setup switching	Speed setup, Internal /External switching				S	
Pr3. 00	Range	0~3	Unit	_	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0301	1	
	Repower	-						





This drive is equipped with internal speed setup function so that you can control the speed with contact inputs only.

Setup value Speed setup method				
1	Internal speed command 1st to 4th speed(PR3.04-PR3.07)			
2	Internal speed command 1st to 3rd speed (PR3.04-PR3.06),			
2	Analog speed command(SPR)			
3	Internal speed command 1st to 8th speed (PR3.04-PR3.11)			

<relationship between Pr3.00 Internal/External switching speed setup and the internal command speed selection 1-3 and speed command to be selected>

Setup value	1 st selection of internal command speed (INTSPD1)	2 nd selection of internal command speed (INTSPD2)	3 rd selection of internal command speed (INTSPD3)	selection of Speed command	
1	OFF	OFF		1st speed	
	ON	OFF	NO effect	2nd speed	
	OFF	ON	NO effect	3rd speed	
	ON	ON		4th speed	
2	OFF	OFF		1st speed	
	ON	OFF	NO -ff4	2nd speed	
	OFF	ON	NO effect	3rd speed	
	ON	ON		Analog speed command	
3	The same as [Pr3.00=1]		OFF	1st to 4th speed	
	OFF	OFF	ON	5th speed	
	ON	OFF	ON	6th speed	
	OFF	ON	ON	7th speed	
	ON	ON	ON	8th speed	

Pr3. 04	Name	1st speed of speed setup			Mode	S
	Range	-10000~10000	Unit	r/min	Default	0
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0309H
	Repower	-				
Pr3. 05	Name	2nd speed of speed setup			Mode	S
	Range	-10000~10000	Unit	r/min	Default	0
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	030BH
	Repower	-				
Pr3. 06	Name	3rd speed of speed setup			Mode	S
	Range	-10000~10000	Unit	r/min	Default	
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	030DH
	Repower	-				
Pr3. 07	Name	4th speed of speed setup			Mode	S
	Range	-10000~10000	Unit	r/min	Default	
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	030FH
	Repower	-				



	Name	5th speed of s	peed se	tup	Mode	S		
D 0 00	Range	-10000~10000	Unit	r/min	Default			
Pr3. 08	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0311H		
	Repower	-						
	Name	6th speed of s	peed se	tup	Mode	S		
D 0 00	Range	-10000~10000	Unit	r/min	Default			
Pr3. 09	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0313H		
	Repower	-						
	Name	7th speed of s	peed se	tup	Mode	S		
D 0 10	Range	-10000~10000	Unit	r/min	Default			
Pr3. 10	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0315H		
	Repower	-						
	Name	8th speed of s	peed se	tup	Mode	S		
D 0 11	Range	-10000~10000	Unit	r/min	Default	0		
Pr3. 11	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0317H		
	Repower	-						
	Set up internal command speeds, 1st to 8th							

8.9.2 Speed command acceleration and deceleration

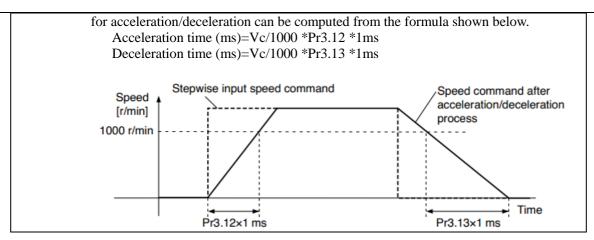
On the basis of speed command input, acceleration and deceleration are added as internal speed commands to control the speed. This function can be used when entering the ladder-like speed command and internal speed setting. In addition, the acceleration and deceleration function can also be used when the

	Name	nge of acceleration			Mode	S
Pr3. 12	Ivaille	time setup acc	celeratio	n	Wiode	3
	Range	0~10000	Unit	Ms/ (1000r/min)	Default	100
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0319H
	Repower	-				
	Name	time setup deceleration			Mode	S
Pr3. 13	Range	0~10000	Unit	Ms/ (1000r/min)	Default	100
PT3. 13	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	031BH
	Repower	-				
Set up acceleration/deceleration processing time in response to the speed command						

Set the time required for the speed command(stepwise input) to reach 1000r/min to

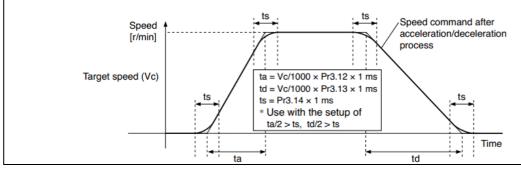
Acceleration time setup. Also set the time required for the speed command to reach from 1000r/min to 0 r/min, to Pr3.13 Deceleration time setup. Assuming that the target value of the speed command is Vc(r/min), the time required





I		Name	Sigmoid acceleration			Mode	S
			/deceleration t				
	Pr3. 14	Range	0~1000	Unit	ms	Default	0
		Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	031DH
		Repower	0				

Set S-curve time for acceleration/deceleration process when the speed command is applied. According to Pr3.12 Acceleration time setup and Pr3.13 Deceleration time setup, set up sigmoid time with time width centering the inflection point of acceleration/deceleration.



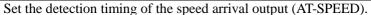
8.9.3 Attained Speed signal AT-SPEED output

When the motor speed reaches the speed set by the parameter PA_436 (setting of arrival speed), the output speed reaches the output (AT-SPEED) signal.

This function can be configured by IO output function parameters, as described in IO Pr4.10 parameters. When the speed meets the set conditions, the set corresponding output IO port can output ON.

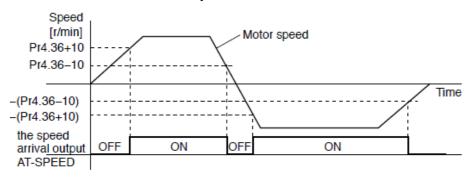
	Name	At-speed(Speed arrival)			Mode	S
D 4 00	Range	10~2000	Unit	r/min	Default	1000
Pr4. 36	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0449H
	Repower	-				





When the motor speed exceeds this setup value, the speed arrive output (AT-SPEED) is output.

Detection is associated with 10r/min hysteresis.



8.9.4 Speed coincidence output (V-COIN)

When the speed command (before acceleration and deceleration processing) is consistent with the motor speed, the output speed is consistent (V-COIN). If the difference between the speed command and the motor speed before acceleration and deceleration processing in the drive is within the parameter PA_435 (setting the same speed range), it is judged to be consistent.

This function can be configured by IO output function parameters, as described in IO Pr4.10 parameters. When the speed difference meets the setting conditions, the corresponding output IO port set can output ON.

Among them, the in place signal of PV mode is synchronized with the v-coin signal

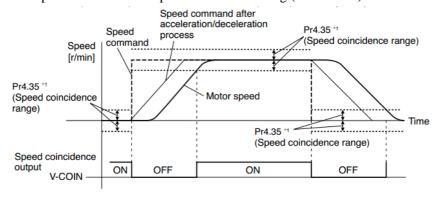
	Name	Speed coincidence range			Mode		S	
D 4 05	Range	10~2000	Unit	r/min	Default	50 0447H		
Pr4. 35	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address			
	Repower	-						

Set the speed coincidence (V-COIN) output detection timing.

Output the speed coincidence (V-COIN) when the difference between the speed command and the motor speed is equal to or smaller than the speed specified by this parameter.

Because the speed coincidence detection is associated with 10 r/min hysteresis, actual detection range is as shown below.

Speed coincidence output OFF -> ON timing (Pr4.35 -10) r/min Speed coincidence output ON -> OFF timing (Pr4.35 +10) r/min



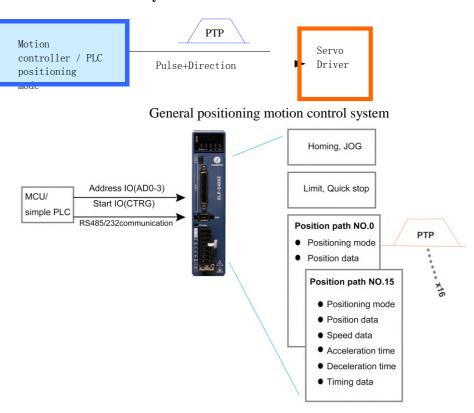


Chapter 9 Pr-Mode

9.1 Overview

PR is uniaxial motion control function which is controlled by procedure software. Mainly uniaxial motion command control, save the motion control function of the controller.

Notice: This function is only available for EL6-RS***Z version.



Pr-Mode motion control system



9.1.1 Main function

Main function as below:

PR function	Specification						
	Set the homing position by homing process.						
	1. Homing method selectable. Limit switch homing, home switch homing, and manual homing all selectable,						
	2. Homing direction settable						
Homing	3. Home deviation position settable.						
	Can be positioned to the specified position after homing.						
	4. Homing acceleration and deceleration settable						
	Remark: Cannot input external pulse during homing process!						
JOG	Trigger positive/negative movement by digital input, for debugging.						



	1. Positive move, Negative move				
	2. JOG speed and acceleration selectable				
	Protect machine by position limit.				
	1. Positive and negative limit switch.				
Position limit	2. Software position limit setting.				
	3. Position limit deceleration settable.				
	Remark: Software position limit effective after homing process finished.				
E-stop	Digital input E-stop signal, stop positioning movement.				
	Select 16 motion path by digital input(ADD0~ADD3 allocation to digital input)				
	Execute select motion path by digital input (CTRG allocation to digital input)				
	1. Motion path can be set as position mode, speed mode and homing mode.				
Execute	2. Digital input rising edge / double edge				
movement by	3. Support continuous positioning				
digital input	4、Up to 16 motion path				
	5. Position, speed, acceleration/deceleration are settable.				
	6. Pause time settable				
	Remark: Double edge trigger only effective for CTRG!				
Execute					
movement by	Execute movement by RS485 communication.				
RS485					

Remark: (1) For PR mode, position command adopt unit: 10000P/r.

(2) PR position control mode, Pr0.01=6.

9.1.2 Installation wiring

485 communication terminal connection diagram:

Port		Pin	Signal
		1,9	RDO+(RS485+)
	1	2,10	RDO-(RS485-)
		3 , 11	/
CNA		4 , 12	/
CN4 CN5		5 , 13	/
CNS	9	6 , 14	TXD(RS232)
		7 , 15	RXD(RS232)
	16	8 , 16	GND(RS232
			PE



IO terminal wiring and parameter configuration: Newly added IO of PR on the base of standard IO Relevant parameters:

Parameters	Name	Specification
Pr4.00-Pr4.08	SI input selection	Specific of the 9 input terminals' function distribution, refer to functional allocation table.
Pr4.10-Pr4.15	SO output selection	Specific of the 6 output terminals' function distribution, refer to functional allocation table.

IO terminal functional allocation table:

	Input				Output			
a		setup value				setup value		
Signal name	Symbol	Normally open	Normally closed	Signal name	Symbol	Normally open	Normally closed	
Trigger command	CTRG	20h	A0h	Accomplish commands	CMD_OK	20h	A0h	
Homing signal	НОМЕ	21h	Alh	Accomplish path	MC_OK	21h	A1h	
Forced to stop	STP	22h	A2h	Homing	HOME_OK	22h	A2h	
PositiveJOG	JOG+	23h	A3h	Torque limit	TQL	06h	86h	
NegativeJOG	JOG-	24h	A4h					
Forward limit	PL	25h	A5h					
Reverse limit	NL	26h	A6h					
Home signal	ORG	27h	A7h					
Path address 0	ADD0	28h	A8h					
Path address 1	ADD1	29h	A9h					
Path address 2	ADD2	2ah	Aah					
Path address 3	ADD3	2bh	Abh					
Torque switch	TC-SEL	09h	89h					

Remark: CMD_OK means PR instruction is sent, maybe motor is not yet in place.

MC_OK means PR instruction is sent and motor is in place.

CTRG. HOME is edge trigging, but effective level need to last more than 1ms.



9.2 Pr-Mode Parameters

Pr-Mode parameters contain 8th and 9th parameters, 8th parameter is e-stop and control parameter, 9th parameters is store path table.

9.2.1 8th parameters specification

Parameters	Name	Definition	RS485
			address
		Pr-Mode control function	
		Bit0: 0: CTRG rising edge trigger	
		1: CTRG double edge trigger	
		Bit1: 0: software limit invalid	
Pr8.00	Pr control setting	1: software limitvalid	0X6000
		Bit2: 0: not execute homing after power on	
		1: execute homing after power on	
		Bit3: 0: Absolute encoder functioninvalid	
		1: Absolute encoder function valid	
Pr8.01	Pr motion path number	Up to 16 paths	0X6001
		Write 0x1P, P path movement	
		Write 0x20, Homing	
		Write 0x21, set current position as homing position	0X6002
Pr8.02	Control register	Write 0x40, e-stop	
		Read 0x00P, positioning finished, can receive new data	
		Read 0x10P, In operation	
		Read 0x20P, In positioning	
Pr8.06	Positive software limit H		0X6006
Pr8.07	Positive software limit L		0X6007
Pr8.08	Negative software limit H		0X6008
Pr8.09	Negative software limit L		0X6009
		Homing method	
		Bit0: homing direction	
		=0: Negative direction	
		=1: Positive direction.	
		Bit1: Whether go to the set position after homing	
		=0: no	
Pr8.10	Homing method	=1: yes.	0X600A
		Bit2-7: Homing mode	
		0: homing with limit switch detect	
		1: homing with homing switch detect	
		2: homing with single turn Z signal detect	
		3: homing with torque detect	
		8: set current position as homing position	
		Bit8:	



		0: homing process without Z signal detect	
		1: homing process with Z signal detect	
Pr8.11	Homing position H		0X600B
Pr8.12	Homing position L		0X600C
Pr8.13	Homing stop positionH		0X600D
Pr8.14	Homing stop position L		0X600E
Pr8.15	Homing high speed		0X600F
Pr8.16	Homing low speed		0X6010
Pr8.17	Homing acceleration		0X6011
Pr8. 18	Homing deceleration		0X6012
Pr8. 19	Holding time of homing with torque detect		0X6013
Pr8.20	Torque value of homing with torque detect		0X6014
Pr8.21	Overpass distance setting while homing		0X6015
Pr8.22	Deceleration of E-stop while position limit active		0X6016
Pr8. 23	Deceleration of E-stop		0X6017
Pr8.26	IO combined trigger mode	0: invalid, CTRG signal trigger 1: valid after homing process finished 2: valid without homing process	0X601A
Pr8. 27	IO combined filtering		0X601B
Pr8. 28	Output value of S code		0X601C
Pr8. 29	PR alarm	=0x100: Homing overpass limit switch =0x101: Homing process not complete and stop urgently =0x20x: Path X overpass the limit switch	0X601D
Pr8.39	JOG speed		0X6027
Pr8.40	Acceleration of JOG		0X6028
Pr8.41	Deceleration of JOG		0X6029
Pr8.42	Command position H		0X602A
Pr8. 43	Command position L		0X602B
Pr8.44	Motor position H		0X602C
Pr8. 45	Motor position L		0X602D

9.2.2 9th parameters specification

Parameters	Name	Definition	RS485 address
		The motion mode of Path0 motion	
D. O. OO	Path0 Mode	Bit0-3: TYPE:	0.0000
Pr9. 00		0 No Action	0X6200
		1 position mode	



	1			
			2 velocity mode	
			3 homing mode	
			4 stop	
		Bit4:	INS,	
			0 do not interrupt	
			1 interrupt (All interrupt now)	
		Bit5:	OVLP,	
			0 do not overlap	
			1 overlap	
		Bit6-7:		
			0 absolute position	
			1 relative to command	
			2 relative to motor	
		Bit8-13	3 :	
			0-15 Jump to the corresponding path	
		Bit14:	JUMP:	
			0 do not jump	
			1 jump	
Pr9.01	Path0 position H			0X6201
Pr9.02	Path0 position L			0X6202
Pr9.03	Path0 speed	rpm		0X6203
Pr9.04	Path0 acceleration	ms/1000	rpm	0X6204
Pr9.05	Path0 deceleration	ms/1000	rpm	0X6205
Pr9.06	Path0 Pause time	The paus	se of path, delay time parameter etc,	0X6206
Pr9.07	Special Parameters	Path 0 is	mapped to Pr8.02 parameters	0X6207

9.3 Pr-Mode motion control

9.3.1 *Homing*

Homing method include homing with single turn Z signal detect, homing with limit switch detect, homing with homing switch detect, homing with torque detect, set current position as homing position.

Related parameters:

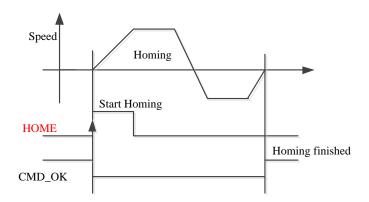
Parameters	Name	Definition	RS485 address
		Pr-Mode control function Bit0: 0: CTRG rising edge trigger 1: CTRG double edge trigger Bit1: 0: software limit invalid	
Pr8. 00	Pr control setting	1: software limitvalid Bit2: 0: not execute homing after power on 1: execute homing after power on Bit3: 0: Absolute encoder functioninvalid	0X6000



User Manual of EL6 AC Servo

		1: Absolute encoder function valid	
Pr8.01	Pr motion path number	Up to 16 paths	0X6001
		Write 0x1P, P path movement Write 0x20, Homing Write 0x21, set current position as homing position	
Pr8.02	Control register	Write 0x40, e-stop Read 0x00P, positioning finished, can receive new data Read 0x10P, In operation Read 0x20P, In positioning	0X6002
Pr8.06	Positive software limit H		0X6006
Pr8.07	Positive software limit L		0X6007
Pr8.08	Negative software limit H		0X6008
Pr8.09	Negative software limit L		0X6009
Pr8. 10	Homing method	Homing method Bit0: homing direction =0: Negative direction =1: Positive direction. Bit1: Whether go to the set position after homing =0: no =1: yes. Bit2-7: Homing mode 0: homing with limit switch detect 1: homing with homing switch detect 2: homing with single turn Z signal detect 3: homing with torque detect 8: set current position as homing position Bit8: 0: homing process without Z signal detect 1: homing process with Z signal detect	0X600A
Pr8.11	Homing position H		0X600B
Pr8. 12	Homing position L		0X600C
Pr8.13	Homing stop positionH		0X600D
Pr8.14	Homing stop position L		0X600E
Pr8.15	Homing high speed		0X600F
Pr8.16	Homing low speed		0X6010
Pr8. 17	Homing acceleration		0X6011
Pr8.18	Homing deceleration		0X6012
Pr8. 19	Holding time of homing with torque detect		0X6013
Pr8.20	Torque value of homing with torque detect		0X6014
Pr8. 21	Overpass distance setting while homing		0X6015

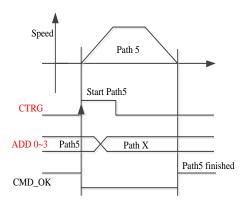




CMD_OK and MC_OK Both of them can be used to represent action is complete, after the signal effective, there will have a delay within 1 ms.

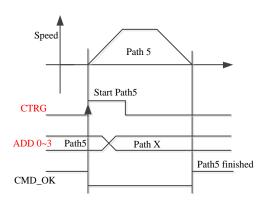
9.3.2 Position limit and E-stop

Position limit and E-stop



9.3.3 JOG

JOG





9.3.4 Path Motion

There are three modes of positioning path: Position mode, Velocity mode and homing mode.

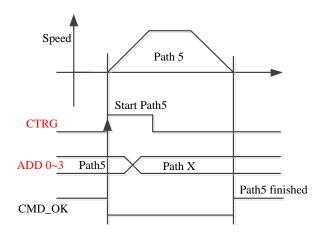
Related parameters:

Related J	parameters:		
Parameters	Name	Definition	RS485
			address
		The motion mode of Path0 motion	
		Bit0-3: TYPE:	
		0 No Action	
		1 position mode	
		2 velocity mode	
		3 homing mode	
		4 stop	
		Bit4: INS,	
		0 do not interrupt	
		1 interrupt (All interrupt now)	
Pr9.00	Path0 Mode	Bit5: OVLP,	0X6200
113.00		0 do not overlap	0.0200
		1 overlap	
		Bit6-7:	
		0 absolute position	
		1 relative to command	
		2 relative to motor	
		Bit8-13:	
		0-15 Jump to the corresponding path	
		Bit14: JUMP:	
		0 do not jump	
		1 jump	
Pr9.01	Path0 position H		0X6201
Pr9.02	Path0 position L		0X6202
Pr9.03	Path0 speed	rpm	0X6203
Pr9.04	Path0 acceleration	ms/1000rpm	0X6204
Pr9.05	Path0 deceleration	ms/1000rpm	0X6205
Pr9.06	Path0 Pause time	The pause of path, delay time parameter etc,	0X6206
Pr9.07	Special Parameters	Path 0 is mapped to Pr8.02 parameters	0X6207

9.3.4.1 Single path motion

CTRG rising edge /double edge trigger the motion(Pr8.00), take CTRG rising edge signal to trigger path5 as example:

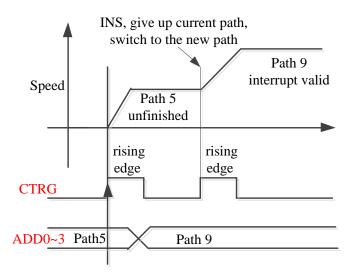




9.3.4.2 Multi path interrupt motion

Interrupt function means a higher path's priority. Interrupt the current valid path, give up the current path and run the new path directly. Similar to the interrupt priority of functions.

Pr9.00 bit 4 = 0, interrupt

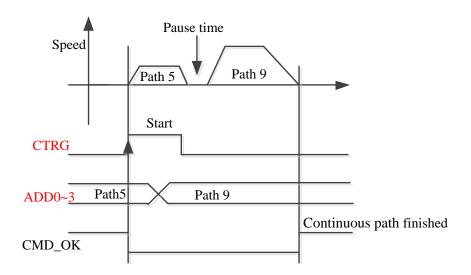


9.3.4.3 Continuous path motion without overlap

After the first path motion finished and pause time delay, start another path motion automatically without trigger signal.

Pr9.00 bit5 = 0, continuous path motion without overlap

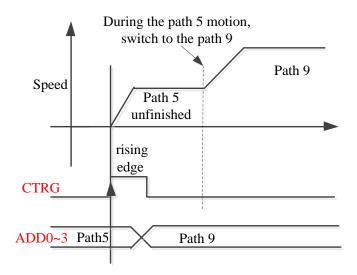




9.3.4.4 Continuous path motion with overlap

During the first path motion in process, start another path motion automatically without trigger signal.

Pr9.00 bit 5 = 1, continuous path motion with overlap



9.4 Execute movement of Pr-Mode

9.4.1 Execute movement by Configuration software

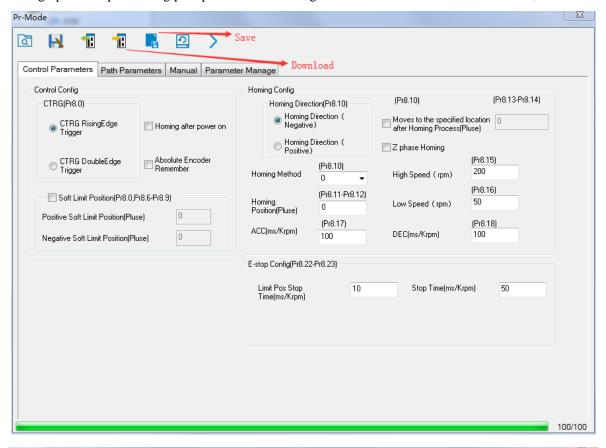
Configuration software is used for drive parameter setting and save, debugging steps are:

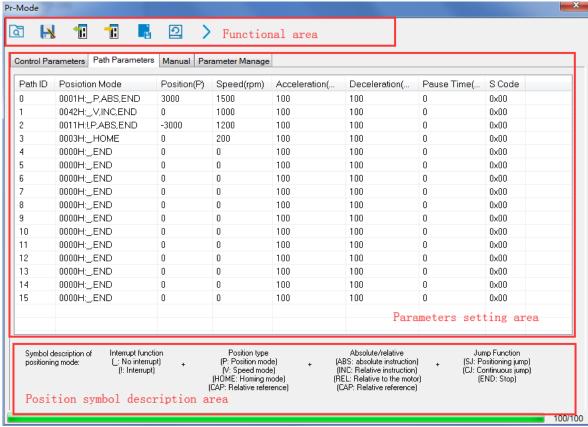
- 1. Check the wirings.
- 2. Set the work mode to be $PR \mod (Pr0.01=6)$, Internal SERVO-enabled (Pr4.00=83), set the distribution of IO register Pr4.00-Pr4.13) Confirm the running direction and so on.
- 3. Setting up the PR basic control parameters through upper computer's "Pr-Mode" interface. Include:



trigger setting, software limit, JOG function, homing function, e-stop function and so on.

4. Setting up the PR positioning path parameters in configuration software "Pr-Mode" interface, include:







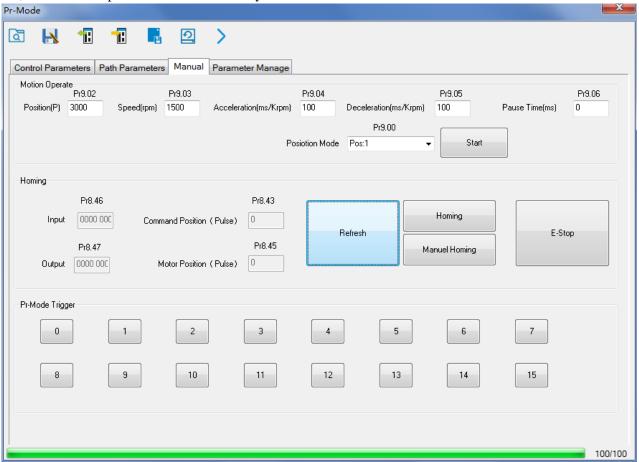
For the convenience of the positioning model expressing, use mnemonic symbol to express, such as:

- _P, ABS, SJ1 means that path is position addressing, position value is absolute position, jump to No.1 path with delay, and cannot interrupt running.
- ! V, ABS, SJ1 means that path is speed running, jump to No.1 path with delay, and can interrupt running.
- _HOME means that path is homing movement.
- _END means that path is E-stop.

5. Test run

After confirming that the parameters are set correctly, the test begins. The interface is shown below

Click the number marked red in the figure and click start to run according to the speed in the path parameter configuration diagram. Click the corresponding number and click to run at the configured speed. If not, check that the parameters are set correctly



9.4.2 Execute movement by digital signal

Pr-Mode motion can be triggered by IO signal.



Parameters	Name	Specification
Pr4.00-Pr4.08	SI input selection	Specific of the digital input terminals' function distribution, refer to functional allocation table.
Pr4.10-Pr4.15	SO output selection	Specific of the digtal output terminals' function distribution, refer to functional allocation table.

IO terminal functional allocation table:

TO terminar rune	Input					Output			
		set va	lue			set value			
Signal name	Symbol	Normally open	Normally close	signal name	Symbol	Normally open	Normally close		
Trigger command	CTRG	20h	A0h	Accomplish commands	CMD_OK	20h	A0h		
Homing signal	НОМЕ	21h	A1h	Accomplish path	MC_OK	21h	A1h		
Forced to stop	STP	22h	A2h	Accomplish homing	HOME_OK	22h	A2h		
PositiveJOG	JOG+	23h	A3h	Torque limit	TQL	06h	86h		
NegativeJOG	JOG-	24h	A4h						
Forward limit	PL	25h	A5h						
Reverse limit	NL	26h	A6h						
Home signal	ORG	27h	A7h						
Path address 0	ADD0	28h	A8h						
Path address 1	ADD1	29h	A9h						
Path address 2	ADD2	2ah	Aah						
Path address 3	ADD3	2bh	Abh						
Torque switch	TC-SEL	09h	89h						

Execute movement by digital signal

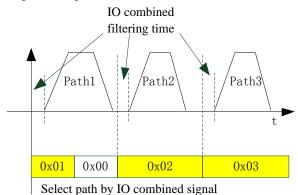
The trigger mode of path motion is divided into edge trigger and IO combination trigger. Determined by control parameter Pr8.26; The edge trigger selects the motion path by the combination of paths, and then triggers the edge event of IO CTRG signal to start a motion. The IO combination trigger means that the



combination of IO path select signal is directly used to trigger the motion without IO CTRG signal, the path 0 is invalid. When the IO combination signal turns into a non-zero path, the path will run once triggered after IO filtering. The timing diagram is shown below:

Parameters	Name	Range	Default Value	Definition
Pr8.26	IO combined trigger mode	0~65535	0	0: invalid, CTRG signal trigger 1: valid after homing process finished 2: valid without homing process
Pr8.27	IO combined filtering	0~65535	10	IO combined filtering time

Notes: The path 0 is invalid, so the path 0 cannot be triggered by the IO combined signal, so the IO combined signal will trigger the motion from path 1 to path 15.



IO combined signal trigger sequence

Notes 1: The path 0 is invalid, so the path 0 cannot be triggered by the IO combined signal. If users want to trigger incremental position, the IO combined signal should be as follow:

Path X IO combined signal —> Path 0 IO combined signal —> Path Y IO combined signal, trigger incremental position multiple times by these 3 steps.

Notes 2: If the IO combined trigger mode=2 (Pr8.26=2), when the drive is powered on, the motion will be triggered while the IO combined signal select path $\neq 0$.

9.4.3 Execute movement by RS485 Communication

Communication control mode can realize same function as IO operation, users can modify parameters and trigger action to run, can control more than one drive by field bus, save the wiring and obtain good flexibility. Communications control includes two modes: Fixed trigger mode and immediately trigger mode.

9.4.3.1 Parameters setting

Parameters	Name	Specification	
Pr0.01	Control Mode Setup	Set Pr0.01=6 for Pr-Mode	
Pr4.00	SI1 Input selection	Set 83 for internal Servo-Enable Set 03 for external Servo-Enable (Digital input for Servo-Enable)	



			Setup	Data bit	Parity-check	Stop bit
			Value			
			0	8	Even Parity	2
Pr5.29	Pr5.29 Mode setup of RS485 communication		1	8	Odd Parity	2
	Communication		2	8	Even Parity	1
			3	8	Odd Parity	1
			4	8	None	1
			5	8	None	2
Pr5.30	Baud rate setup of RS485 communication		Setup value 0 1 2 3	2400bps 4800bps 9600bps 19200bps	value 4 5 6	38400bps 57600bps 115200bps
Pr5.31	RS485 slave axis ID	Mo	odbus sub-station	n address numb	per(Slave ID)	
Pr8.02	PR trigger	(16bit, 485 address0x6002) Write 0x1P, P path movement Write 0x20, Homing Write 0x21, set current position as homing position Write 0x40, e-stop Read 0x00P, positioning finished, can receive new data Read 0x10P, In operation Read 0x20P, In positioning				

${\bf 9.4.3.2\ Pr\text{-}Mode\ parameters\ address}$

8th parameters: $0x6000+(Parameters\ NO\ -\ 800\)$

The address of Pr8.06: 0x6000+(806-800)=0x6006

9th parameters: 0x6200+(Parameters NO - 900)

The address of Pr9.06: 0x6200+(906-900)=0x6206

Pr-Mode parameters address

RS485 address	Parameter	Name	Specification
0x6000	Pr8.00	Pr control setting	HEX
0x6002	Pr8.02	Control register	HEX
0x6006	Pr8.06	Positive software limit H	Pulse
0x6007	Pr8.07	Positive software limit L	Pulse
0x6008	Pr8.08	Negative software limit H	Pulse



0x6009	Pr8.09	Negative software limit L	Pulse			
0x600a	Pr8.10	Homing method	HEX			
0x600c	Pr8.12	Homing position H	Pulse			
0x600d	Pr8.13	Homing stop positionH	Pulse			
0x600e	Pr8.14	Homing stop position L	Pulse			
0x600f	Pr8.15	Homing high speed	r/min			
0x6010	Pr8.16	Homing low speed	r/min			
0x6011	Pr8.17	Homing acceleration	ms/Krpm			
0x6012	Pr8.18	Homing deceleration	ms/Krpm			
0x6016	Pr8.22	Deceleration of E-stop while	r/min			
0x6017	Pr8.23	Deceleration of E-stop	r/min			
0x602a	Pr8.42	Command positionH	Read only			
0x602b	Pr8.43	Command positionL	Read only			
0x602c	Pr8.44	Motor position H	Read only			
0x602d	Pr8.45	Motor position L	Read only			
0x602e	Pr8.46	Input IO status	Read only			
0x602f	Pr8.47	Output IO status	Read only			
	Pr9.00~Pr9.07	Path 0 parameters				
0x6200	Pr9.00	Path0 Mode	HEX			
0x6201	Pr9.01	Path0 position H	Pulse			
0x6202	Pr9.02	Path0 position L	Pulse			
0x6203	Pr9.03	Path0 speed	r/min			
0x6204	Pr9.04	Path0 acceleration	ms/Krpm			
0x6205	Pr9.05	Path0 deceleration	ms/Krpm			
0x6206	Pr9.06	Path0 Pause time	ms			
0x6207	Pr9.07	Special Parameters				
0x6208~0x620f	Pr9.08~Pr9.15	Path 1 parameters				
	The	same with Pr9.00~Pr9.07				
0x6210~0x6217	Pr9.16~Pr9.23	Path 2 parameters				
	The	same with Pr9.00~Pr9.07	•			
0x6218~0x621f	Pr9.24~Pr9.31	Path 3 parameters				
	The	same with Pr9.00~Pr9.07				
0x6220~0x6227	Pr9.32~Pr9.39	Path 4 parameters				
The same with Pr9.00~Pr9.07						
0x6228~0x622f	Pr9.40~Pr9.47	Path 5 parameters				
	The	same with Pr9.00~Pr9.07				
0x6230~0x6237						
	The	same with Pr9.00~Pr9.07				
0x6238~0x623f	Pr9.56~Pr9.63	Path 7 parameters				
	The	same with Pr9.00~Pr9.07				



0x6240~0x6247	Pr9.64~Pr9.71	Path 8 parameters				
	The same with Pr9.00~Pr9.07					
0x6248~0x624f	Pr9.72~Pr9.79	Path 9 parameters				
	The	same with Pr9.00~Pr9.07				
0x6250~0x6257	Pr9.80~Pr9.87	Path 10 parameters				
	The	same with Pr9.00~Pr9.07				
0x6258~0x625f	Pr9.88~Pr9.95	Path 11 parameters				
	The	same with Pr9.00~Pr9.07				
0x6260~0x6267	Pr9.96~Pr9.103	Path 12 parameters				
	The	same with Pr9.00~Pr9.07				
0x6268~0x626f	P9.104~Pr9.111	Path 13 parameters				
	The	same with Pr9.00~Pr9.07				
0x6270~0x6277	Pr9.112-Pr119	Path 14 parameters				
	The same with Pr9.00~Pr9.07					
0x6278~0x627f	Pr9.120-Pr127	Path 15 parameters				
The same with Pr9.00~Pr9.07						

9.4.4 Fixed trigger method

Fixed trigger mode: Setup motion parameters. Then, replace CTRG and HOME signal with Pr8.02 (trigger register) to trigger the path. This mode apply to fixed motion and simple operation system.

As below procedure:

- 1. Firstly, setup homing and path 0~ path 15 which need to run, can transmit parameter configuration temporarily after power on, also can configured to save with upper computer.
 - 2. Enable drive.
 - 3. Implement choice and start of actions by write corresponding instructions into 0x6002 (Pr8.02) .

Write 0x01P, P path motion (write 0x011 to run path 1, write 0x013 to run path 3)

Write 0x020, homing

Write 0x021, set current position as homing position.

Write 0x040, E-stop.

Read 0x000p, means positioning accomplished, can receive new data

Read 0x01P, 0x020, 0x040 means still does not response to instructions.

Read 0x10P, means path is running.

Read 0x200, means instruction accomplished and wait for positioning.

Set path 0 parameters as the table showing, path 1~path15 parameters are the same as path 0

Parameters	Name	Definition	RS485 address
	Path0 Mode	The motion mode of Path0 motion	
		Bit0-3: TYPE:	
Pr9.00		0 No Action	0X6200
		1 position mode	
		2 velocity mode	



			3 homing mode	
			4 stop	
		Bit4:	Bit4: INS,	
			0 do not interrupt	
			1 interrupt (All interrupt now)	
		Bit5:	OVLP,	
			0 do not overlap	
			1 overlap	
		Bit6-7:		
			0 absolute position	
			1 relative to command	
			2 relative to motor	
		Bit8-13	3 :	
			0-15 Jump to the corresponding path	
		Bit14:	JUMP:	
			0 do not jump	
			1 jump	
Pr9.01	Path0 position H			0X6201
Pr9.02	Path0 position L			0X6202
Pr9.03	Path0 speed	rpm		0X6203
Pr9.04	Path0 acceleration	ms/1000	rpm	0X6204
Pr9.05	Path0 deceleration	ms/1000	rpm	0X6205
Pr9.06	Path0 Pause time	The paus	se of path, delay time parameter etc,	0X6206
Pr9.07	Special Parameters	Path 0 is	mapped to Pr8.02 parameters	0X6207

Set path $1 \sim \text{path} 15$ as same as path 0.

Implement choice and start of actions by write corresponding instructions into 0x6002 (Pr8.02), to select which path to run.

9.4.5 Immediately trigger method

Compared with fixed trigger is limited by 16 path, immediately trigger method is more flexible. It is written to the current path at each time, at the same time trigger the operation of this path. Trigger position, speed, homing by a data frame.

This method adopt path0 to implement, path0 has 8 data in total, the last data Pr9.07 mapped to Pr8.02, write 0x10 to Pr8.02 can trigger path0 motion immediately.

As below procedure:

- 1. Firstly, configure homing and path which need to run, set these parameters by communication or set these parameters and save with upper computer. (Homing must be configured)
- 2. Enable drive.
- 3. Trigger fixed path by Pr8.02
- 4. Or write in immediate data into Pr9.00-9.07, set Pr9.07=0x10, implement immediately running path 0. For example:

Order Sending orders (Master->Slave)	Return command (Slave->Master)
--------------------------------------	--------------------------------



1	ID	Sub-station No.	0~31	ID	Sub-station No.	0~31
2	FC	Function code	0x10	FC	Function code	0x10
3	ADDR	Address	0x62	ADDR	Address	0x62
4	ADDK	Address	0x00	ADDK	Address	0x00
5	NUM1	Data quantity Word	0x00	NUM	Actually written data	0x00
6	NUMI	Data qualitity Word	0x08	NUM	quantity	0x08
7	NUM2	Data quantity Byte	0x10	CRC	check code	L
,	NUMZ	Data qualitity Byte	0.210	CKC	check code	Н
8-9	Pr9.00	Mode	XXXX			
10-11	Pr9.01	High position	XXXX			
12-13	Pr9.02	Low position	XXXX			
14-15	Pr9.03	Speed	XXXX			
16-17	Pr9.04	Acceleration	XXXX			
18-19	Pr9.05	Deceleration	XXXX			
20-21	Pr9.06	Delay time	XXXX			
22-23	Pr9.07	Trigger control	0x0010			
24	CRC	Check code	L			
25	CKC	Check code	Н			

Please refer to parameter specification for specific data setting.

9.5 Operation examples

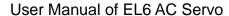
9.5.1 Execute movement by digital signal

Pr-Mode motion can be triggered by IO signal.

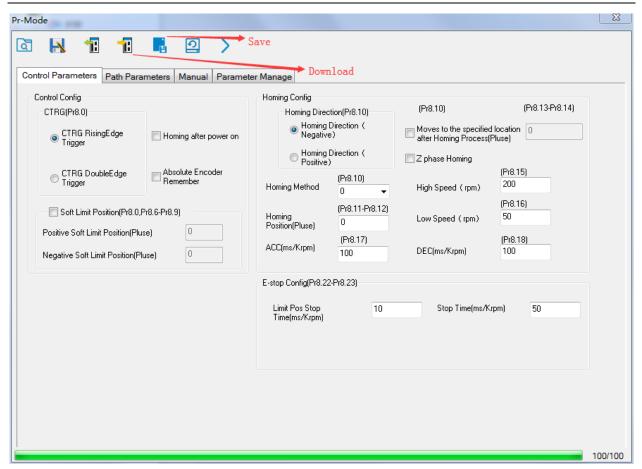
1. Parameters setting as follows:

Parameters	Name	Specification
Pr0.01	Control Mode Setup	Set Pr0.01=6 for Pr-Mode
Pr4.00	SI1 Input selection	Set Pr4.00=83 for internal Servo-Enable Set Pr4.00=03 for external Servo-Enable (Digital input for Servo-Enable)
Pr4.00-Pr4.08	SI input selection	Specific of the 9 input terminals' function distribution, refer to functional allocation table.
Pr4.10-Pr4.15	SO output selection	Specific of the 6 output terminals' function distribution, refer to functional allocation table.

 $^{2\}sqrt{S}$ Setup control parameters, such as: Trigger mode, Homing process, E-stop speed etc. The setting window as follow:







Notes: After the control parameter setting is completed, click the Download button of the toolbar to make the parameters valid. Click Save button to save the parameter to drive permanently.

3. Setup path parameters, such as: Position mode, speed, ACC/DEC, etc.

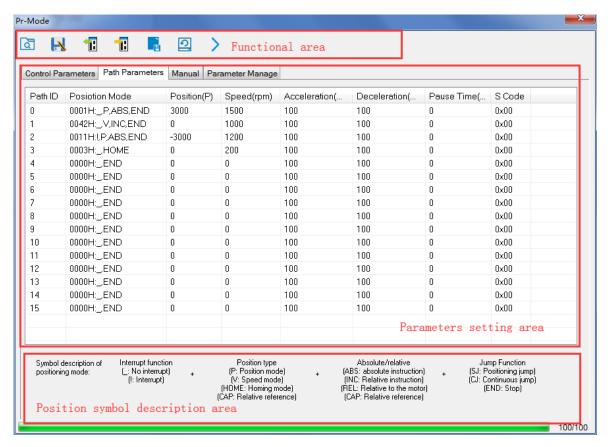
Functional area: Read file, Upload, Download, save, etc.

Parameters setting area: Position mode, speed, ACC/DEC, etc.

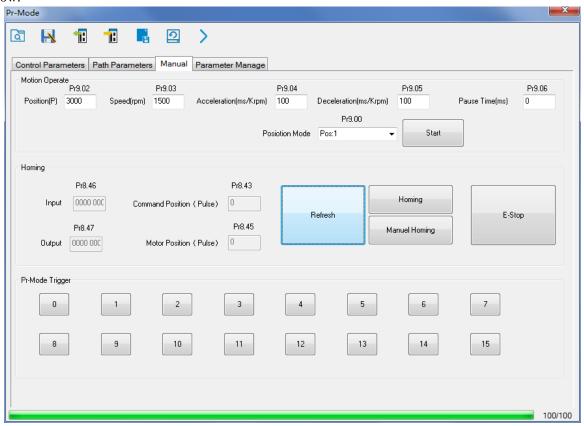
Position symbol description area: Explains the meaning of the path position symbol.

Notes: After the path parameter setting is completed, click the Download button of the toolbar to make the parameters valid. Click Save button to save the parameter to drive permanently.





4. Debug homing process, path trigger motion, input and output, etc. Its debugging interface is shown as follow:



Notes 1: Before using IO CTRG edge signal trigger path motion, select path number by IO combined signal,



and then use IO CTRG edge signal to trigger the corresponding path motion

Notes 2: If IO combined trigger mode valid, the IO combined filtering time must be set to ensure that all the IO combined signal changes finished within the filtering time range.

9.5.2 Execute movement by RS485 Communication

9.5.2.1 Write single data 0x06

NO	Send					Receive	
1	ID	Slave ID	0x01		ID	Slave ID	0x01
2	FC	Function code	0x06		FC	Function code	0x06
3	4 DDD	Address	Н	ADDR	4 DDD	ADDD Address	Н
4	$\frac{3}{4}$ ADDR	Address	L		Address	L	
5	DATA	Data quantity	Н		DATA	Actually written	Н
6	DATA	(Word)	L		DATA	data quantity	L
7	CDC	C1 1 1	L		CDC	Chaolz anda	L
8	CRC	Check code	Н		CRC	Check code	Н

Notes: The number of receive frame is the same as the send frame.

(1) Path 0 (Absolute position mode, 200000pulse, 600rpm, 50ms/1000rpm)

NO	RS485 communication data frame	Details
0	01 06 20 09 <mark>00 01</mark> 93 C8	Servo enable
1	01 06 62 00 <mark>00 01</mark> 57 B2	Absolute position mode
2	01 06 62 01 <mark>00 03</mark> 87 B3	200000pulse, 16 bit H
3	01 06 62 02 <mark>0D 40</mark> 32 D2	200000pulse, 16 bit L
4	01 06 62 03 <mark>02 58</mark> 66 E8	600rpm
5	01 06 62 04 00 32 56 66	ACC: 50ms/1000rpm
6	01 06 62 05 <mark>00 32</mark> 07 A6	DEC: 50ms/1000rpm
7	01 06 60 02 <mark>00 10</mark> 37 C6	Trigger Path0 motion
8	01 06 60 02 <mark>00 40</mark> 37 FA	E-stop
9	01 06 20 09 00 00 52 08	Servo disable

(2) Path 0 (Relative position mode, 10000pulse, 600rpm, 50ms/1000rpm)

NO	RS485 communication data frame	Details
0	01 06 20 09 <mark>00 01</mark> 93 C8	Servo enable
1	01 06 62 00 00 41 56 42	Relative position mode
2	01 06 62 01 <mark>00 00</mark> C7 B2	10000pulse, 16 bit H
3	01 06 62 02 <mark>27 10</mark> 2D 8E	10000pulse, 16 bit L
4	01 06 62 03 <mark>02 58</mark> 66 E8	600rpm
5	01 06 62 04 00 32 56 66	ACC: 50ms/1000rpm
6	01 06 62 05 <mark>00 32</mark> 07 A6	DEC: 50ms/1000rpm
7	01 06 60 02 <mark>00 10</mark> 37 C6	Trigger Path0 motion
8	01 06 60 02 <mark>00 40</mark> 37 FA	E-stop
9	01 06 20 09 00 00 52 08	Servo disable



(3) Path 0 (Velocity mode, 600rpm, 50ms/1000rpm)

NO	RS485 communication data frame	Details
0	01 06 20 09 <mark>00 01</mark> 93 C8	Servo enable
1	01 06 62 00 <mark>00 02</mark> 17 B3	Velocity mode
2	01 06 62 03 <mark>02 58</mark> 66 E8	600rpm
3	01 06 62 04 <mark>00 32</mark> 56 66	ACC: 50ms/1000rpm
4	01 06 62 05 <mark>00 32</mark> 07 A6	DEC: 50ms/1000rpm
5	01 06 60 02 <mark>00 10</mark> 37 C6	Trigger Path0 motion
6	01 06 60 02 <mark>00 40</mark> 37 FA	E-stop
7	01 06 20 09 00 00 52 08	Servo disable

(4) Path 1 (Absolute position mode, -200000pulse, 600rpm, 50ms/1000rpm)

NO	RS485 communication data frame	Details
0	01 06 20 09 <mark>00 01</mark> 93 C8	Servo enable
1	01 06 62 08 <mark>00 01</mark> D6 70	Absolute position mode
2	01 06 62 09 FF FC 07 C1	-200000pulse, 16 bit H
3	01 06 62 0A F2 C0 F3 40	-200000pulse, 16 bit L
4	01 06 62 0B <mark>02 58</mark> E7 2A	600rpm
5	01 06 62 0C <mark>00 32</mark> D7 A4	ACC: 50ms/1000rpm
6	01 06 62 0D <mark>00 32</mark> 86 64	DEC: 50ms/1000rpm
7	01 06 60 02 <mark>00 11</mark> F6 06	Trigger Path1 motion
8	01 06 60 02 <mark>00 40</mark> 37 FA	E-stop
9	01 06 20 09 00 00 52 08	Servo disable

(5) Path 1 (Velocity mode, 300rpm, 50ms/1000rpm)

NO	RS485 communication data frame	Details
0	01 06 20 09 <mark>00 01</mark> 93 C8	Servo enable
1	01 06 62 08 00 02 96 71	Velocity mode
2	01 06 62 0B <mark>01 2C</mark> E7 FD	300rpm
3	01 06 62 0C <mark>00 32</mark> D7 A4	ACC: 50ms/1000rpm
4	01 06 62 0D <mark>00 32</mark> 86 64	DEC: 50ms/1000rpm
5	01 06 60 02 <mark>00 11</mark> F6 06	Trigger Path1 motion
6	01 06 60 02 <mark>00 40</mark> 37 FA	E-stop
7	01 06 20 09 00 00 52 08	Servo disable

(6) Homing

NO	RS485 communication data frame	Details
0	01 06 20 09 <mark>00 01</mark> 93 C8	Servo enable
1	01 06 60 0A <mark>00 00</mark> B7 C8	Homing Method
2	01 06 60 0F <mark>00 64</mark> A6 22	High speed for homing
3	01 06 60 10 <mark>00 1E</mark> 16 07	Low speed for homing
4	01 06 60 02 <mark>00 20</mark> 37 D2	Trigger Homing process
5	01 06 60 02 <mark>00 40</mark> 37 FA	E-stop



rvo disable

9.5.2.2 Write multiple data 0x10

Fixed trigger is limited by 16 segment position, but immediately trigger method is flexible. It is written to the current path at each time, at the same time trigger the operation of this path. Realize position, speed, homing and such actions by a data frame.

This method adopt PR0 to implement, PR0 has 8 data in total, the last data Pr9.07 of it will mapped to Pr8.02, write in 0x10 can trigger Path0 operation immediately, realize data trigger running immediately.

Operating steps:

- 1. Firstly, configure homing and path which need to run, can power on and send parameter configuration temporarily also can configure and save with upper computer. (Homing must be configured)
- 2. Servo Enable.

	NO RS485 communication data frame		Details
0 01 06 20 09 <mark>00 01</mark> 93 C8		01 06 20 09 <mark>00 01</mark> 93 C8	Servo enable
Ī	1	01 06 20 09 00 00 52 08	Servo disable

- 3. Operate fixed path by Pr8.02
- 4. write in immediate data by Pr9.00-9.07, and Pr9.07=0x10, implement immediately running path 0. Demonstrate with immediately trigger method

An example of 485 communication data frame operation is shown below:

Order	Sendi	ng orders (Master-	>Slave)	F	Return command (Slave	e->Master)
1	ID	Sub-station No.	0~31	ID	Sub-station No.	0~31
2	FC	Function code	0x10	FC	Function code	0x10
3	ADDR	Address	0x62	ADDR	Address	0x62
4	ADDK	Address	0x00	ADDK		0x00
5	NUM1	Data quantity Word	0x00	NUM	Actually written data	0x00
6	NUMI	Data quantity Word	0x08	NOM	quantity	0x08
7	NUM2	Data quantity Byte	0x10	CRC	check code	L
,	NUNIZ	Data quantity Byte	OATO	CKC	check code	Н
8-9	P9.00	Mode	XXXX			
10-11	P9.01	High position	XXXX			
12-13	P9.02	Low position	XXXX			
14-15	P9.03	Speed	XXXX			
16-17	P9.04	Acceleration	XXXX			
18-19	P9.05	Deceleration	XXXX			
20-21	P9.06	Delay time	XXXX			
22-23	P9.07	Trigger control	0x0010			
24	CRC	Check code	L			
25		CHECK COUR	Н			

Absolute position mode: 01 10 62 00 00 08 10 00 01 00 01 86 A0 01 F4 00 64 00 64 00 00 00 10 AA BF

- 01 slave ID 01
- function code, write multi data
- 62 00 first address mapped to Pr9.00



- 00 08 8 consecutive operating addresses from 62 00 to 62 07, mapped to Pr9.00~Pr9.07
- Hexadecimal data of the number of data, 8 register, each address data is divided into high and low bits, 8*2=16
- data written down to the first addresses of 6200 mapped to Pr9.00.Motion Mode, absolute position mode
- 00 01 86 A0 data written down to the second and third addresses of 6201 mapped to Pr9.01; 6202 mapped to Pr9.02.

Hexadecimal data of position=100000plus. All positions in PR mode are in units of 10000P/r, 00 01 86 A0 represents 10 turns of motor rotation.

- 01 F4 data written down to the 4th addresses of 6203 mapped to Pr9.03 Hexadecimal data of Speed=500r/min
- 00 64 data written down to the 5th addresses of 6204 mapped to Pr9.04 Hexadecimal data of acceleration time=100ms
- 00 64 data written down to the 6th addresses of 6205 mapped to Pr9.05 Hexadecimal data of deceleration time=100ms
- 00 00 data written down to the 7th addresses of 6206 mapped to Pr9.06 Hexadecimal data of the delay time=0ms
- data written down to the 8th addresses of 6207 mapped to Pr9.07, to trigger the action, immediately trigger method (1P, Immediately trigger path P)
- AA BF the verification code, do not have to directly input, click the corresponding send area verification button automatically generated

The final analysis is as follows: speed is 500r/min, acceleration and deceleration time is 100ms, and the position of absolute positioning is 10 rotations.

01 10 62 00 00 08 10 00 01 <mark>00 00 00 00</mark> 01 F4 00 64 00 64 00 00 00 10 A0 4A

The final analysis was performed at a speed of 500r/min, acceleration and deceleration time of 100ms, and the position of absolute positioning 0 rotations.

Relative position mode: 01 10 62 00 00 08 10 00 41 00 01 86 A0 01 F4 00 64 00 64 00 00 00 10 EA 8F

- 01 slave ID 01
- function code, write multi data
- 62 00 first address mapped to Pr9.00
- 00 08 8 consecutive operating addresses from 62 00 to 62 07, mapped to Pr9.00~Pr9.07
- Hexadecimal data of the number of data, 8 register, each address data is divided into high and low bits, 8*2=16
- 00 41 data written down to the first addresses of 6200 mapped to Pr9.00.

Motion Mode, relative position mode

- 00 01 86 A0 data written down to the second and third addresses of 6201 mapped to Pr9.01; 6202 mapped to Pr9.02.
 - Hexadecimal data of position=100000plus. All positions in PR mode are in units of 10000P/r, 00 01 86 A0 represents 10 turns of motor rotation.
- 01 F4 data written down to the 4th addresses of 6203 mapped to Pr9.03 Hexadecimal data of Speed=500r/min
- 00 64 data written down to the 5th addresses of 6204 mapped to Pr9.04



Hexadecimal data of acceleration time=100ms

00 64 data written down to the 6th addresses of 6205 mapped to Pr9.05

Hexadecimal data of deceleration time=100ms

00 00 data written down to the 7th addresses of 6206 mapped to Pr9.06

Hexadecimal data of the delay time=0ms

00 10 data written down to the 8th addresses of 6207 mapped to Pr9.07, to trigger the action, immediately

trigger method (1P, Immediately trigger path P)

EA 8F the verification code, do not have to directly input, click the corresponding send area verification button automatically generated

The final analysis is as follows: speed is 500r/min, acceleration and deceleration time is 100ms, and the position of relative positioning is 10 rotations.

Homing mode: 01 06 60 02 00 21 F6 12 (Back to origin high-speed, low-speed, and back to zero mode can be set in the eighth set of parameters, using default values this time)

Caution: In Pr mode, the origin induction switch is connected to the drive, which is different from the impulse control. Limited by conditions, only the current position can be demonstrated to the customer: Write 0x021, The current location manually set to zero.

The frame format function is:

01 slave ID 01

06 function code, write single data

NO		Send				Receive				
1	ID	Slave ID	0~31		ID	Slave ID	0~31			
2	FC	Function code	0x06		FC	Function code	0x06			
3	ADDR	Address	Н		ADDR	A DDD	ADDB	A DDB	Address	Н
4	ADDR	Address	L			Address	L			
5	DATA	Data quantity	Н		DATA	Actually written	Н			
6	DATA	DATA (Word) L DATA		data quantity	L					
7	CRC	1 1 1	L		CDC	ahaalt aada	L			
8		CRC check code H		CRC	check code	Н				

60 02 register address, mapped to Pr8.02

00 21 the data write into the register, Write 0x021, The current location manually set to zero.

Write 0x01P, P section positioning

Write 0x020, homing

Write 0x021, set current position as homing point

Write 0x040, e-stop

F6 12 the verification code, do not have to directly input, click the corresponding send area verification button automatically generated

After the current position is set to zero manually, you can click absolute positioning again to send it manually, indicating that the current position is set to zero manually

JOG is IO input, there is no communication control method, you can push users to write relative positioning data in real time, and trigger inching motion immediately instead.



Velocity mode: 0110 62 00 00 08 10 00 02 00 00 00 00 03 E8 00 64 00 64 00 00 00 10 DA 41

- 01 slave ID 01
- function code, write multi data
- 62 00 first address mapped to Pr9.00
- 00 08 8 consecutive operating addresses from 62 00 to 62 07, mapped to Pr9.00~Pr9.07
- Hexadecimal data of the number of data, 8 register, each address data is divided into high and low bits, 8*2=16
- 00 02 data written down to the first addresses of 6200 mapped to Pr9.00, speed mode
- 00 00 00 00 data written down to the second and third addresses of 6201 mapped to Pr9.01; 6202 mapped to Pr9.02.Hexadecimal data of position=0plus. All positions in PR mode are in units of 10000P/r, , 00 00 00 00 represents 0 turns of motor rotation in Speed mode
- 03 E8 data written down to the fourth addresses of 6203 mapped to Pr9.03 Hexadecimal data of Speed=1000r/min
- 00 64 data written down to the five addresses of 6204 mapped to Pr9.04
 - Hexadecimal data of acceleration time=100ms
- 00 64 data written down to the six addresses of 6205 mapped to Pr9.05 Hexadecimal data of deceleration time=100ms
- 00 00 data written down to the seven addresses of 6206 mapped to Pr9.06 Hexadecimal data of the delay time=0ms
- data written down to the eight addresses of 6207 mapped to Pr9.07, to trigger the action, Immediately trigger method (1P, Immediately trigger path-P, The sample Pr9.00~9.07 is the positioning related data of path-0)
- DA 41 the verification code, do not have to directly input, click the corresponding send area verification button automatically generated

The final analysis is as follows: speed=1000r/min, acceleration and deceleration time is 100ms, velocitymode

E-stop: 01 06 60 02 00 40 37 FA

Servo enable: 01 06 20 09 00 01 93 C8 **Servo disable:** 01 06 20 09 00 00 52 08



Chapter 10 Order Guidance

10.1 Capacity Selection

To determine the capacity of servo system, we must consider the inertia of load, torque of load, the positioning accuracy, the requirement of the highest speed; consider the selection according to the following steps:

1) Calculate Inertia of Load and Torque

You can refer to relative information to calculate inertia of load, torque of load, acceleration/deceleration torque as the next step basis.

2) Identify Mechanical Gear Ratio

According to the maximum speed and the highest speed of the motor ,you can calculate the maximum of mechanical reduction ratio, by using it and minimum of motor turning unit ,to calculate if they can meet the requirements of the smallest position unit or not. If the positional precision is high, you can increase the mechanical reduction ratio or select motor with higher capacity.

3) Calculate Inertia and Torque.

Convert mechanical reduction ratio of the load inertia and load torque to the motor shaft, while the result shall be not 5 times more than motor inertia. If the requirements can't be matched, you can increase the mechanical reduction ratio (the actual maximum speed reducing) or select larger capacity motor.

10.2 Electronic Gear Ratio

In position control mode, the actual speed = command pulse velocity $\times G$ ×mechanical reduction ratio. In position control mode, the actual load minimum displacement = minimum command pulse travel $\times G$ ×mechanical reduction ratio.

Note If the electronic gear ratio of G is not 1, gear ratio division may have the remainder, then there will be position deviation existed, the maximum deviation is the minimum of rotation (minimum resolution).



Appendix

A, Modbus Communication

There are two kinds of Modbus communication methods of drives: RS485 and RS232. RS232 belongs to point-to-point communication, which is used for PC protocol and cannot realize multi-network. RS485 belongs to a single master and multi-slave communication mode and can realize multi-network control.

A.1 Wiring

- (1) The shorter the connection between each node is the better. The recommend connection should no more than 3m:
- (2) Connect one terminal resistor to each end of the node. The recommended resistance value is 120 ohms;
- (3) Shielded twisted pair is recommended for RS485 communication wirings;
- (4) Connect GND is essential for communication;
- (5) When using the shield wire, the two ends of the shield should connect PE, not GND, otherwise the port will be damaged;
- (6) In order to reduce interference, RS485 communication cables should installed separately from other cables:

A.2 Parameters and interface for communication

A.2.1 Parameters setting

	Name	Mode	P	S	T			
Pr5. 29*		communicat	tion					
110. 25 ×	Range	$0^{\sim}255$	Unit		Default	5		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0531	ЗН	
	Repower	_						
		Setup	Data bit	Parity-chee	ck Stop bi	t		
		Value 0	8	Even Parity	2			
		1	8	Odd Parity	2			
		2	8	Even Parity	1			
		3	8	Odd Parity	1			
		4	8	None	1			
		5	2					
Pr5. 30 *	Name	Baud rate se	Mode	P	S	T		



	communicatio	n			
Range	0~6	0~6 Unit —			2
Data Type	16bit	16bit Access R/W			053DH
Repower	_				

Set up the communication baud rate of RS485.

Setup	Baud rate	Setup	Baud rate
value		value	
0	2400bps	4	38400bps
1	4800bps	5	57600bps
2	9600bps	6	115200bps
3	19200bps		

	Name	RS485 slave ax	is address	Mode	P	S	Т		
Pr5.31*	Range	0~127	Unit	_	Default	1			
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	053FH			
	Repower	-							

During communication with the host (e.g. PC) to control multiple shafts, the shaft being accessed by the host should be identified.

Note: when using RS232/RS485, the maximum valid value is 31.

A.2.2 RS232/RS485 Communication Port

Port		Pin	Signal
		1,9	RDO+(RS485+)
	1	2,10	RDO-(RS485-)
		3 , 11	/
CNA		4 , 12	/
CN4 CN5		5 , 13	/
CNS	9	6 , 14	TXD(RS232)
		7 , 15	RXD(RS232)
	16	8 , 16	GND(RS232
			PE

A.3 Modbus Protocol

The drive supports 16bit data read and write of Modbus-RTU protocol, and its function codes include 0x03, 0x06 and 0x10. 0x03 read data function code, 0x06 write single data function code and 0x10 write multiple data function code.



Notes: 1word=2byte=16bit

A.3.1 Function code of read data 0x03

The function code of read data is 0x03. It can read $1\sim100$ 16bit data. Now take slave ID 1, read 2 data as an example: (H is 8bit high for 16bit, L is 8bit low for 16bit)

NO	Send frame					Receive frame	
1	ID	Slave ID	0x01		ID	Slave ID	0x01
2	FC	Function code	0x03		FC	Function code	0x03
3	ADDR	Address	Н		NUM	Data quantity	0x00(H)
4	ADDK	Address	L		NUM	(Byte)	0x04(L)
5	NUM	Data quantity	0x00(H)		DATA 1	DATA1 Data1	Н
6	NUM	(Word)	0x02(L)		DAIAI		L
7	CDC	Cl. 1 1	L		DATEA	Data2	Н
8	CRC	Check code	Н		DATA2	Data2	L
9					CDC	Chaolt anda	L
10					CRC	CRC Check code	

Notes: The number of receive data is twice the number of send data quantity.

The communication data is shown as below:

[Send frame] 01 03 00 04 00 02 85 CA

[Receive frame] 01 03 04 00 00 00 02 7B F2

Send frame: The sent frame represents that the master reads the data from slave ID 1, the starting address is 0x0004, the length is 2 Word (16bit). The CRC check code is 0xCA85.

Receive frame: The receive frame represents that the receive data is 4 byte (8bit) and the data is 00 00 00 02. The CRC check code is 0xF27B.

A.3.2 Function code of write single data 0x06

The function code of write single data is 0x06. Now take slave ID 1, write 1 data as an example: (H is 8bit high for 16bit, L is 8bit low for 16bit)

NO		Send frame			Receive frame	
1	ID	Slave ID	0x01	ID	Slave ID	0x01
2	FC	Function code	0x06	FC	Function code	0x06
3	ADDR	Addraga	Н	ADDR	R Address	Н
4	ADDK	Address	L	ADDK		L
5	DATA	Data quantity	Н	БАТА	DATA Actually written data quantity	Н
6	DAIA	(Word)	L	DATA		L
7	CDC	Cl. 1 1	L	CDC	RC Check code	L
8	CRC	Check code	Н	CRC		Н

Notes: The number of receive frame is the same as the send frame.

The communication data is shown as below:



[Send frame] 01 06 00 04 00 02 49 CA [Receive frame] 01 06 00 04 00 02 49 CA

Send frame: The send frame represents that the master write the data into slave ID 1, the starting address is 0x0004, the length is 2 Word (16bit). The data is 0x0002. The CRC check code is 0xCA49.

Receive frame: The receive frame represents that write data into slave ID 1 finished successfully.

A.3.3 Function code of write multiple data 0x10

The function code of write multiple data is 0x10. In this case, 16 bits of multiple data are written. Now take slave ID 1, write 2 data as an example: (H is 8bit high for 16bit, L is 8bit low for 16bit)

NO	Send frame				Receive frame		
1	ID	Slave ID	0x01		ID	Slave ID	0x01
2	FC	Function code	0x10		FC	Function code	0x10
3	ADDR	Address	Н		ADDR	Address	Н
4			L				L
5	NUM1	Data quantity (Word)	0x00 (H)		NUM	Actually written	0x00 (H)
6			0x02 (L)			data quantity	0x02 (L)
7	NUM2	Data quantity	0x04		CRC	Check code	L
		(Byte)	(2* NUM1)	,			Н
8	DATA1	DATA1	Н				
9			L				
10	DATA2	DATA2	Н				
11			L				
12	CRC	Check code	L				
13			Н				

The communication data is shown as below:

[Send frame] 01 10 00 04 00 02 04 01 00 00 00 F3 A0

[Receive frame] 01 10 00 04 00 02 00 09

Send frame: The send frame represents that the master write the data into slave ID 1, the starting address is 0x0004, the length is 2 Word (16bit). The data is 0x01000 and 0x0000. The CRC check code is 0xA0F3.

Receive frame: The receive frame represents that write data into slave ID 1 finished successfully.

A.3.4 Error response

When there is a mistake in the format of the send frame data, the slave feeds back the wrong reply frame data to the master station. The format is as follows:

NO	Error response frame data (Slave>Master)						
1	ID	Slave ID	0~31				
2	FC	Function code	(0x03/0x06/0x10)+0x80				
3	Error code	Error code	0x01/0x02/0x03/0x08				
4	CRC	Check code	L				
5	CKC	Check code	Н				



The error code and its meaning are as follows:

Error code	Meaning
0x01	Function code error
0x02	Access address error
0x03	Data error, such as write data exceeding the limit
0x08	CRC check error

The communication data is shown as below:

[Send frame] 01 11 00 04 00 02 04 01 00 00 00 F3 A0

[Receive frame] 01 91 08 4C 56

Receive: CRC check error in the send data frame sent by the master station

[Send frame] 01 11 00 04 00 02 04 01 00 00 00 A2 65

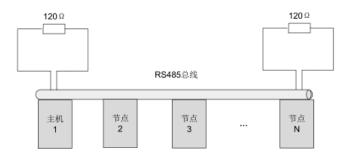
[Receive frame] 01 91 01 8C 50

Receive: Function code error in the send data frame sent by the master station

A.4 RS485 common problems and solutions

A.4.1 Common problems

1. Terminal resistance



The correct connection of terminal resistance is shown in the above figure, a 120 ohm terminal resistance need to connect in the head end and the end of the communication bus.

2. Wiring error



Firstly, confirm that the signal line of RS485 is connected correctly. Secondly, confirm whether the communication reference ground is connected correctly. If the node has no communication reference ground, it will be suspended, as shown in figure above. The shielding is connected the same way.

3. Signal interference



When there is an external interference signal in communication, magnetic rings can be placed at 1 and 2 in above figure to suppress the incoming external interference signal into the bus.

When there is an internal interference signal in communication, magnetic rings can be placed at 1 and 2 in above figure to suppress the incoming internal interference signal into the bus. Loop the UVW line around the magnetic ring three times. Be careful not to connect PE to the magnetic ring.

A.4.2 Problem solving procedure

- 1. Whether the communication parameters are set correctly (Slave ID no repetition, baud rate is set the same, data format is consistent).
- 2. Whether the terminal resistance connection is correct?
- 3. Whether the wiring is standard for anti-interference?
- 4. PE connection between ground and ground wire.
- 5. Whether the communication lines are installed separately from other wirings